

ThS Nguyễn Nam Nguyễn

30 Bộ đề trắc nghiệm luyện thi vào lớp 10 năm 2018

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 Nhà xuất bản
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Thành phố Hồ Chí Minh

Đề 1



I. Select the word whose underlined part is pronounced differently from the others.

- | | | | |
|----------------------|-------------------|------------------|------------------|
| 1. A. <u>passed</u> | B. <u>watched</u> | C. <u>stayed</u> | D. <u>kicked</u> |
| 2. A. <u>cloud</u> | B. <u>about</u> | C. <u>around</u> | D. <u>could</u> |
| 3. A. <u>market</u> | B. <u>depart</u> | C. <u>hard</u> | D. <u>dare</u> |
| 4. A. <u>husband</u> | B. <u>daddy</u> | C. <u>bamboo</u> | D. <u>crack</u> |
| 5. A. <u>problem</u> | B. <u>above</u> | C. <u>shock</u> | D. <u>hobby</u> |

II. Select the best option (A, B, C, or D) to complete each sentence.

6. Her villa _____ in 2000.
A. is built B. was building C. was built D. has been built
7. The doctor _____ him not to stay up too late at night.
A. advised B. suggested C. insisted D. forced
8. Tomorrow I'll go to Tan Son Nhat Airport to meet John, _____ comes from England.
A. who B. whom C. whose D. that
9. Her new house looks very large and beautiful. It is _____ house.
A. a five-room B. a five-rooms C. five room D. five rooms
10. If we get up early, we _____ late.
A. weren't B. wouldn't be C. aren't D. won't be
11. It's very hot today. Mai wishes she _____ on the beach now.
A. am B. was C. were D. had been
12. When Nam lived in HCM city, he _____ to the cinema once a week.
A. uses to go B. has gone C. used to go D. was going
13. Our teacher asked us _____ too much time going online.
A. should not spend B. did not spend
C. not to spend D. do not spend

14. I cannot remember the name of the restaurant _____ I had a meal with Oanh 5 years ago.
A. which B. whose C. whom D. where
15. They said if they were birds, they _____ pigeons.
A. may be B. should be C. will be D. would be
16. Nobody heard the news, _____?
A. does he B. do they C. didn't they D. did they
17. It is nearly 4 months _____ we visited our grandparents.
A. while B. for C. since D. when
18. _____ population is said to be another unpleasant result we have to solve.
A. Increased B. Increasing C. The increase D. To increase
19. If you _____ enough time, you should study this lesson more carefully.
A. will have B. have C. had D. would have
20. Can you tell me what you would do, if you _____ a UFO?
A. see B. saw C. would see D. had seen

III. Select the underlined word or phrase (A, B, C or D) that has an error to make it correct.

21. The fence was whitewashing by Mr. Cao last month.
A B C D
22. That's the man who he told me the funny story.
A B C D
23. Ms. Huong is going to buy a new Samsung phone, doesn't she?
A B C D
24. We met a lot of interesting friends while we were studying at Singapore.
A B C D
25. If they were here, they didn't leave you alone.
A B C D

IV. Read the following passage, and then select the correct answer.

Banks are places where people can keep their money. Most people use banks to (26) _____ money in their savings accounts and to pay money from their checking accounts. Today, when a person earns money from their job, their (27) _____ is often electronically deposited into their savings or checking account. Then, he or she can pay their bills by writing checks from their checking accounts or pay online where their bills are electronically (28) _____ to their bank accounts.

Banks also give loans to people. People may use the bank's money to buy

new houses, cars, or to (29) _____ businesses among other reasons. The bank makes money from lending by charging interest. In other words, people have to pay back more than they borrowed. This amount depends on how (30) _____ the bank thinks the borrower is and how fast the loan is paid back among other things.

26. A. invest B. save C. rent D. spend
27. A. paycheck B. bill C. money D. payment
28. A. connect B. connected C. connection D. connector
29. A. grow B. store C. start D. make
30. A. risky B. scary C. often D. much

V. Complete the second sentence so that it has a similar meaning to the first one.

31. People say that Mr. Huy bought this car last year.
- It is _____.
- Mr. Huy is _____.
32. "How much do you think it will cost?" she said to me.
- She asked me _____.
33. Mrs. Loan's team has lost the game. She looks very sad.
- Mrs. Loan whose _____.
34. Do you know the man who sat next to me at Nga's birthday party last night?
- You know _____?
35. It took Minh one hour to do his English assignment last night.
- Minh spent _____.

VI. Complete each of the following sentences, using the words given.

36. rain, heavily, I, late, school.

37. I, used to, make, do, cleaning, my parents.

38. He, said, he, working, shop, not worry, it.

39. I, not speak, him, six months.

40. interesting, play, football, rain.

Đề 2



I. Select the word whose underlined part is pronounced differently from the others.

1. A. claimed B. stayed C. occurred D. completed
2. A. health B. teacher C. ready D. heavy
3. A. tidal B. alright C. mineral D. describe
4. A. though B. throw C. through D. thought
5. A. dull B. fun C. trust D. pull

II. Select the best option (A, B, C, or D) to complete each sentence.

6. I can't understand the Japanese visitors. I wish I _____ Japanese.
A. knew B. will know C. know D. have known
7. The market _____ about 100 years ago.
A. is built B. was built C. will be built D. has been built
8. People in Israel celebrated their festival _____ is called Passover last year.
A. whose B. who C. which D. where
9. _____ he was really tired, he couldn't sleep.
A. Even though B. So C. Therefore D. Because of
10. Linh is very tired. _____, she has to finish her homework before going to bed.
A. Although B. So C. Therefore D. However
11. The school suggests _____ some money for poor and disadvantaged children.
A. raise B. to raise C. raised D. raising
12. My brother asked me if I _____ a laptop the following day.
A. buy B. will buy C. bought D. would buy
13. I _____ telephone him if I knew his number.
A. would B. have to C. will D. shall

14. Honda motorbikes _____ in Viet Nam for years.
A. have been produced B. will be produced
C. were produced D. can be produced

15. I have learnt English _____ 2010.

A. for B. since C. in D. during

16. We _____ already _____ One-Pillar Pagoda.

A. were...seeing B. have...seen C. are...seeing D. will...see

17. They say that all the houses in the area _____ immediately.

A. had to be rebuilt B. had to rebuild
C. have to be rebuilt D. have to rebuild

18. If you _____ soon, you might miss the bus.

A. isn't coming B. doesn't come C. won't come D. didn't come

19. Mr. Son said that he _____ in Ben Tre city.

A. lived B. is living C. has lived D. will live

20. Your mother works in a bank. _____ she?

A. isn't B. didn't C. wasn't D. doesn't

III. Select the underlined word or phrase (A, B, C or D) that has an error to make it correct.

21. My friend enjoys read about wild animals and natural mysteries.
A B C D
22. Mr. Nguyen who sing English songs very well is my English teacher.
A B C D
23. My father asked me not to stay up too lately before an important exam day.
A B C D
24. Miss Hoa can play the guitar better more than her friends can.
A B C D
25. People can save nature resources by using solar energy.
A B C D

IV. Read the following passage, and then select the correct answer.

Today, supermarkets are found in almost every large city in the world. But the first supermarket (26) _____ opened only fifty years ago. It was opened in New York by a man named Michael Cullen.

A supermarket is different (27) _____ other types of stores in several ways. In supermarkets, goods are placed on open shelves. The customers choose what they want and take them to the checkout counter. This means that fewer shop (28) _____ are needed than in other stores. The way products are displayed is another difference between supermarkets and many other types

of stores: (29) _____ example, in supermarkets, there is usually a display of small inexpensive items just in front of the checkout counter: candies, chocolates, magazines, cheap foods and so on.

Most customers (30) _____ go to a supermarket buy goods from a shopping list. They know exactly what they need to buy. They do the shopping according to a plan.

26. A. is B. has been C. was D. were
 27. A. in B. from C. of D. with
 28. A. assistants B. managers C. customers D. sellers
 29. A. in B. for C. of D. by
 30. A. who B. what C. which D. whom

V. Complete the second sentence so that it has a similar meaning to the first one.

31. They sold that old house last year.
 - That old house _____
 32. In spite of the bad weather, we had a wonderful trip.
 - Although _____
 33. They will build a new stadium over there.
 - A new stadium _____
 34. Unless you take these pills, you won't be better.
 - If _____
 35. Despite working hard, she can't support her large family.
 - Although _____

VI. Complete each of the following sentences, using the words given.

36. If. it. not rain. next weekend. I. go. beach. my friends.
 - _____
 37. If. I. meet. alien. outer space. I. invite. home. talk.
 - _____
 38. you. ever. travel. air. before. ?
 - _____?
 39. The students. study. hall. their exam. now.
 - _____
 40. It. such. cold day. we. decide. not. go out.
 - _____

Đề 3



I. Select the word whose underlined part is pronounced differently from the others.

1. A. information B. informative C. forward D. conform
 2. A. count B. through C. mouth D. house
 3. A. teenager B. message C. luggage D. advantage
 4. A. control B. folk C. remote D. song
 5. A. message B. website C. violent D. internet

II. Select the best option (A, B, C, or D) to complete each sentence.

6. They _____ Ha Noi capital last spring.
 A. visit B. will visit C. have visited D. visited
 7. She asked me if I _____ to school by electric bike every day.
 A. am going B. go C. was going D. went
 8. _____ Sunday morning, there is a meeting of Parents' Association in our school.
 A. In B. For C. On D. At
 9. The message was posted on Facebook by Messi, _____?
 A. didn't it B. wasn't it C. was it D. did it
 10. Ngoc was sick yesterday, _____ she was absent from class.
 A. since B. so C. because D. but
 11. You really saw a spaceship, _____?
 A. aren't you B. don't you C. didn't you D. weren't you
 12. If I _____ rich, I would travel around the world.
 A. am B. could be C. was D. were
 13. Long _____ the plane if he _____ in a hurry.
 A. will miss/is not B. misses/is not C. misses/is D. will miss/does not
 14. The dictionary _____ is on the table belongs to my sister.
 A. which B. where C. whose D. who
 15. Mr. Phat didn't go to the party last night because _____.
 A. he is sick B. he will be sick C. he was sick D. he would be sick

16. _____ it was sunny, she went out without an umbrella.
A. Although B. Since C. If D. Because
17. Ms. Thao said that she _____ in Ben Tre in Vietnam.
A. is living B. has lived C. lived D. were living
18. The girl asked me _____
A. what my phone number B. what my phone number were
C. what my phone number was D. what was my phone number
19. Don't forget to buy me a hamburger when you go to the supermarket,
_____.
A. do you B. will you C. shall you D. don't you
20. The examiner didn't tell us _____ we passed or not.
A. whether B. how C. if D. why

III. Select the underlined word or phrase (A, B, C or D) that has an error to make it correct.

21. Yesterday I saw the men, the women and the cattle which went to the field.
A B C D
22. Have you seen the two dictionarys I put on the table over here?
A B C D
23. There is no gas left. If there is, we could cook a meal.
A B C D
24. She did her English test careful in the final exam last week.
A B C D
25. Would you mind turn on the lights, please? It's too dark for me to read.
A B C D

IV. Read the following passage, and then select the correct answer.

Today, computer companies sell many different programs for computers. First, there are programs for doing math problems. (26) _____, there are programs for scientific studies. Third, some programs are like fancy typewriters. They are often used by writers and business people. Other (27) _____ are made for courses in schools and universities. And finally, there are programs for fun. They include word games and puzzles for children and adults.

There are many wonderful new computer programs, but there are other reasons to like (28) _____. Some people like the way computers hum and sing when they are working. It is a happy sound, like the sounds of toy and (29) _____.

Computers also have lights and pretty pictures. And computers even seem to have personalities. That may sound strange, but computers seem

to have feelings. Sometimes they seem happy, sometimes they seem angry. It is easy (30) _____ they are like people.

26. A. Two B. Second C. Twice D. Double
27. A. programs B. people C. students D. typewriters
28. A. software B. reasons C. games D. computers
29. A. children B. childcare C. childhood D. childlike
30. A. to think B. thinking C. for thinking D. that thought

V. Complete the second sentence so that it has a similar meaning to the first one.

31. Can you use this laptop?
- You can _____.
32. He can't remember the answers to these questions.
- He wishes _____.
33. "I must go to Da Lat tomorrow afternoon." said Nhung.
- Nhung said _____.
34. Minh spends 2 hours a day studying in a group with his friends.
- It takes _____.
35. They take their umbrellas because it is raining heavily.
- It is _____.

VI. Complete each of the following sentences, using the words given.

36. You . mind . if I . borrow . motorbike . ?
_____?
37. Thanh . always . go . home . late . so . parents . be . angry .
_____.
38. It . be . necessary . students . practice English . every day .
_____.
39. Compost . can . make . household . garden waste . ?
_____?
40. His 40th . birthday party . going to . hold . luxury restaurant . May 28th .
_____.

Đề 4



I. Select the word whose underlined part is pronounced differently from the others.

1. A. wanted B. needed C. decided D. watched
2. A. dislike B. design C. music D. polite
3. A. know B. show C. grow D. how
4. A. this B. their C. them D. thank
5. A. thunder B. return C. summer D. product

II. Select the best option (A, B, C, or D) to complete each sentence.

6. Have you ever met the young man _____ Mai's sister?
A. who married B. who is married
C. whom married D. who was married
7. We used to live in a house that _____ in 1972.
A. is built B. was built C. built D. was building
8. If the weather _____ worse, we can't go out for a picnic.
A. gets B. will get C. got D. would get
9. Many students are learning English hard _____ they want to get good jobs after school.
A. but B. because C. so D. therefore
10. He'd love to take part in the evening class. _____, he has to help his mother with housework in the evening.
A. Therefore B. However C. But D. Although
11. My younger brother is very fond _____ reading picture books.
A. at B. about C. of D. with
12. Phong was _____ sad about his Math test that he didn't smile all day.
A. such B. enough C. too D. so
13. I suggest _____ a short break for a while and then we can continue.
A. take B. to take C. taking D. took
14. Why _____ go to Ha Long Bay for a change this summer?
A. we don't B. don't we C. we should D. we should not

15. My close friend is very _____ of snakes and spiders.
A. terror B. terrify C. terrified D. terrifying
16. Miss Yen wishes she _____ have a new motorbike.
A. may B. will C. can D. could
17. The color pencils, many of _____ are red, were given to me by my sister.
A. that B. which C. whom D. them
18. The interviewer asked him why I _____ to travel to the UK.
A. like B. will like C. liked D. would like
19. Your mother doesn't work in that store. _____ she?
A. is B. isn't C. does D. doesn't
20. My brother _____ for Sacombank since 2000.
A. worked B. was working C. has worked D. is working

III. Select the underlined word or phrase (A, B, C or D) that has an error to make it correct.

21. I haven't got some money to buy that expensive car.
A B C D
22. If I am you, I would pay a visit to her soon.
A B C D
23. Tam Dao is one of the mountainously areas of Vinh Phuc province.
A B C D
24. He thanked her for looking up his children while he was out.
A B C D
25. Our teacher said that he would attend the class meeting following day.
A B C D

IV. Read the following passage, and then select the correct answer.

Data from the Pioneer spacecraft of NASA apparently prove the theory that the high surface temperature of Venus is due to an atmospheric greenhouse effect caused (26) _____ by a blanket of carbon dioxide. Such a greenhouse effect is created when energy in the form of sunlight easily passes through a planet's atmosphere, (27) _____ its surface, and is converted to heat radiation that is then held in by the atmosphere from top to bottom. Venus has a relatively thin atmosphere like the Earth's, but Venus' atmosphere consists of more than ninety percent (28) _____, compared to less than four percent in that of the Earth. Because of its higher percentage of carbon dioxide, Venus' atmosphere traps much more heat radiation than the Earth's. does (29) _____, the Venus

studies are believed to be important to the understanding of possible adverse effects on the Earth's agriculture that could result from the long-term use of fossil fuels. (30) _____ adds carbon dioxide to the atmosphere.

26. A. partly B. mainly C. officially D. usually
27. A. warms B. heats C. burns D. dries
28. A. oxygen B. carbon dioxide C. carbon monoxide D. hydrogen
29. A. Additionally B. Thus C. However D. Besides
30. A. which B. that C. then D. and

V. Choose one sentence that has the same meaning as the root one.

31. "Do you know Hoa's address?" she asked me.
A. She asked me for Hoa's address.
B. She asked me if someone knew Hoa's address.
C. She asked me if I know Hoa's address.
D. She asked me if I knew Hoa's address.

32. They are building a new bank in my city.
A. A new bank is building in my city.
B. A new bank is being built in my city.
C. A new bank is going to build in my city.
D. A new bank is built in my city.

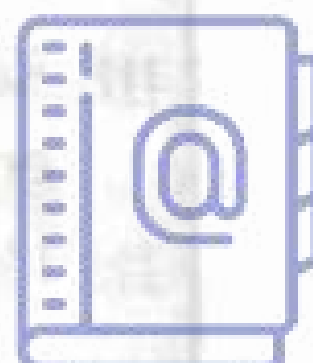
33. I used to go to the cinema on weekends.
A. I usually went to the cinema on weekends.
B. I got used to going the cinema on weekends.
C. I didn't go to the cinema on weekends.
D. I usually go to the cinema on weekends.

34. Huy feels unhealthy because he doesn't take any exercise.
A. If Huy doesn't take any exercise, he will feel unhealthy.
B. If Huy took more exercise, he would feel healthier.
C. If Huy take more exercise, he will feel healthier.
D. If Huy were healthier, he would take more exercise.

35. Unless they protect the environment, their life will be badly affected.
A. If they protect the environment, their life will be badly affected.
B. If they don't protect the environment, their life will be badly affected.
C. If they don't protect the environment, their life won't be badly affected.
D. If their life is badly affected, they will protect the environment.

VI. Complete the second sentence so that it has a similar meaning to the first one.

36. If she doesn't work harder, she'll lose her job.
- Unless _____.
37. We have never been here before.
- It is the first _____.
38. They have read this novel, haven't they?
- Have they _____?
39. It was raining hard, so we had to cancel the barbecue.
- We had to _____.
40. It's very wonderful to spend the weekend on the beach.
- Spending _____.



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Đề 5



I. Select the word whose underlined part is pronounced differently from the others.

- | | | | |
|----------------------|-------------------|-------------------|------------------|
| 1. A. <u>think</u> | B. <u>theree</u> | C. <u>through</u> | D. <u>thank</u> |
| 2. A. <u>cleaned</u> | B. <u>played</u> | C. <u>used</u> | D. <u>wished</u> |
| 3. A. <u>stood</u> | B. <u>blood</u> | C. <u>cook</u> | D. <u>foot</u> |
| 4. A. <u>nation</u> | B. <u>natural</u> | C. <u>matter</u> | D. <u>daddy</u> |
| 5. A. <u>books</u> | B. <u>fans</u> | C. <u>hats</u> | D. <u>stamps</u> |

II. Select the best option (A, B, C, or D) to complete each sentence.

6. Peter: "Where do you come from?" ~ Marry "_____."
A. I come from London B. In London
C. Yes, I've just come here D. I'm living in London
7. She _____ in the park when he came.
A. sat B. has sat C. has been sitting D. was sitting
8. Mr. Cao will be leaving _____ Tien Giang on Saturday.
A. in B. at C. from D. for
9. "Pass me that salt, please!" ~ "_____".
A. Here you are B. No, it isn't C. Yes, please D. It doesn't matter

10. Where is Khoa? ~ He's out. He said he _____ back soon.
A. is B. was C. came D. would be
11. Ms. Trang has applied for a _____ in a new school.
A. career B. work C. job D. task
12. _____ you let me take a photo of your family?
A. Will B. Shall C. May D. Must
13. All of us were _____ that she came first. She hasn't been working hard so far.
A. surprising B. to surprise C. surprised D. to be surprised
14. We telephoned the airport station to make _____ of the time of the flight.
A. sure B. true C. real D. right
15. My sister loves _____ to music very much because it's her hobby.
A. to be listened B. listening C. to listen D. listened
16. They _____ their grandparents once a month.
A. have visited B. visit C. are visiting D. were visiting
17. The polite man explained to foreigners _____ to get to the airport.
A. how B. how can we C. how can D. how we can
18. Some people were hurt in the accident but only one _____ to hospital.
A. was taken B. was taking C. has taken D. has been taking
19. My friend _____ in Paris at the moment.
A. studies B. is studying C. has studied D. will study
20. Her family got some money by selling one of their _____ old pictures.
A. useful B. usual C. valuable D. helpful

III. Select the underlined word or phrase (A, B, C or D) that has an error to make it correct.

21. Hurry up! The boy's cut himself. It bleeds quite badly.
A B C D
22. The printed paper will get out from the output path on a minute.
A B C D
23. My computer doesn't work. I think that it is broke.
A B C D
24. Everybody I know like to drink coffee and coke.
A B C D
25. Their teacher is telling them what to use the new equipment.
A B C D

IV. Read the following passage, and then select the correct answer.

My uncle is a soldier. He is my father's younger brother. He is about thirty years old. I do not see my uncle very (26) _____. He comes to my house once or twice a year. But I like to see him. He is tall and handsome. My uncle is a (27) _____ man. His wife, my aunt, is a teacher. When my uncle comes to my house, my aunt also comes with him. They have a baby son. When my uncle visits us, he (28) _____ many presents for me. He also gives me some money. If he stays for a few days with us, he takes me (29) _____ his car. He tells me a lot of jokes and stories. He tells me stories about the jungle and the animals in it. I like to listen to his stories. I wish I could see my uncle more often. He is (30) _____ a nice person.

26. A. often B. usually C. seldom D. rarely
27. A. single B. alone C. married D. lonely
28. A. takes B. brings C. gives D. owns
29. A. out B. in C. out in D. into
30. A. very B. also C. so D. such

V. Read the following passage, and then select the correct answer.

Devastating floods along the coast have left many people homeless. People are asked to help by **donating** food, clothes, furniture, and other supplies to the Assistance Fund. Donations of bottled water are especially needed, since the floods have disrupted the local water supply. In addition, volunteers are needed to travel to the flooded area to help distribute the donations.

31. What does this notice concern?
A. Help for flood victims B. Safety precaution
C. Dangerous roads D. Warning about weather
32. What kind of supplies is NOT mentioned?
A. Furniture B. Clothing C. Food. D. Medicine
33. In addition to supplies, what/who is needed?
A. Volunteers B. New bridges C. Places to stay D. Teachers
34. "Devastating floods" in line 1 refer to those that _____.
A. happen suddenly B. are very short
C. last for a long time D. cause a lot of damage
35. The word "donating" in line 2 is closest in meaning to _____.
A. selling B. buying C. giving D. taking

VI. Complete the second sentence so that it has a similar meaning to the first one.

36. Mai couldn't sleep. She was tired.

- Although _____

37. The planet is Venus. The planet is closest to the Earth.
- **The planet which** _____.
38. They have just sent a fire-engine to the construction site where fire is on.
- **A fire-engine** _____.
39. "Are there any flights from Nha Trang to HCM city?" they said to me.
- **They asked me** _____.
40. "Don't interrupt her while she is speaking," Nam said to me.
- **Nam told me** _____.

Đề 6



I. Select the word whose underlined part is pronounced differently from the others.

- | | | | |
|----------------------|-------------------|---------------------|---------------------|
| 1. A. sh <u>u</u> t | B. p <u>u</u> t | C. c <u>u</u> t | D. m <u>u</u> ch |
| 2. A. <u>th</u> e | B. <u>th</u> ere | C. <u>th</u> ink | D. <u>th</u> at |
| 3. A. book <u>s</u> | B. club <u>s</u> | C. hat <u>s</u> | D. camp <u>s</u> |
| 4. A. p <u>a</u> per | B. h <u>a</u> ppy | C. b <u>a</u> ndage | D. h <u>a</u> ndbag |
| 5. A. flo <u>o</u> d | B. mo <u>o</u> n | C. fo <u>o</u> d | D. schoo <u>l</u> |

II. Select the best option (A, B, C, or D) to complete each sentence.

6. The kid felt _____ when his mother was coming back home.
A. excitement B. excitedly C. excited D. exciting
7. The little girl laughed _____ when she was watching "Tom and Jerry" on TV.
A. happy B. happily C. happiness D. unhappy
8. If I _____ free, I'll come to see you and your family.
A. am B. was C. will be D. have been
9. What would you do if you _____ in their shoes?
A. are B. have been C. were D. will be
10. He felt tired. _____, he had to finish his assignment.
A. However B. Therefore C. So D. Although
11. Our group leader suggested _____ a picnic at the weekend.
A. to have B. having C. had D. have
12. The patient _____ better if he took this medicine.
A. will feel B. feel C. felt D. would feel

13. Vinh and his family had a _____ to their home village.
A. three-days trip B. day-three trip C. three-day trip D. three days trips
14. A country which exports a lot of rubber is called a(n) _____ country.
A. rubber-export B. exporting-rubber
C. export-rubber D. rubber-exporting
15. Her aunt _____ to the USA a few days ago.
A. has gone B. went C. was going D. goes
16. When our grandmother was young, she _____ get up early to do the gardening.
A. was used to B. uses to C. got used to D. used to
17. _____ we came to see our form teacher yesterday, he was preparing his new lesson plan.
A. Before B. When C. While D. After
18. The girl _____ eyes are big and black is my close friend.
A. whose B. who C. whom D. which
19. The monitor asked his classmates _____ making noise in class.
A. stop B. stopping C. to stop D. stopped
20. I don't have a smartphone. I wish I _____ a new one.
A. have B. have had C. had D. will have

III. Select the underlined word or phrase (A, B, C or D) that has an error to make it correct.

21. At the moment he's spending his weekend to go camping with his friends.
A B C D
22. Her father asked her to pay much attention to Physics next year.
A B C D
23. When I came to Loan's house, she lied in bed listening to music.
A B C D
24. I think they prefer city life more than country life.
A B C D
25. Can you tell me what you have done at 9 o'clock yesterday morning?
A B C D

IV. Read the following passage, and then select the correct answer.

Jeans are very popular with (26) _____ people all over the world. Some people say that jeans are the "uniform" of youth. But they haven't always been popular. The story of jeans (27) _____ almost two hundred years ago. People in Genoa, Italy made pants. The cloth made in Genoa was (28) _____ "jeanos". The pants were called "jeans". In 1850, a salesman in California began

selling pants made of canvas. His name was Levi Strauss. Because they were so strong, "Levi's pants" became (29) _____ with gold miners, farmers and cowboys. Six years later Levis began making his pants with blue cotton cloth called "denim". Soon after, factory (30) _____ in the US and Europe began wearing jeans. Young people usually didn't wear them.

26. A. rich B. old C. young D. poor
 27. A. start B. starts C. was starting D. started
 28. A. call B. calls C. calling D. called
 29. A. famous B. popular C. good D. wonderful
 30. A. workers B. drivers C. cowboys D. farmers

V. Read the following passage, and then select the correct answer.

Smoking causes lung cancer, which is the number one cancer among men. Ninety percent of the people who get lung cancer die. Smoking is also the leading cause of mouth cancer, tongue cancer, and throat cancer. Many smokers have heart disease and pneumonia. Smoking causes one million early deaths in the world every year.

Smokers not only harm themselves but also harm others. Smokers breathe smoke out into the air. They breathe it out on their children and their wives or husbands. Children whose parents smoke have more breathing and lung problems than other children. Women who are married to smokers are more likely to have lung cancer than those married to non-smokers.

We are all aware that smoking is bad. So why do people smoke?

31. The number one cancer among men is _____.
 A. tongue cancer B. throat cancer
 C. lung cancer D. mouth cancer
 32. The main cause of mouth cancer, tongue cancer and throat cancer is _____.
 A. drinking B. overeating C. breathing D. smoking
 33. Every year, smoking causes about one million _____.
 A. cancer patients B. killing diseases
 C. early deaths D. injured men
 34. The word "it" in the passage refers to _____.
 A. cancer B. smoke C. air D. breath
 35. Who are more likely to have lung cancer and lung problems?
 A. People who live in the city. B. People who live with smokers.
 C. People who live with non-smokers. D. People who live in the country.

VI. Complete the second sentence so that it has a similar meaning to the first one.

36. It's 13 years since I last saw Mr. Cao.

- I haven't _____

37. "Don't make so much noise, Phong," said the teacher.

- The teacher told Phong _____

38. Keeping the environment clean is very important.

- It's _____

39. "You should turn off the lights before going out". Mr. Son said.

- Ms. Son suggested _____

40. Why don't you plant some trees in the front yard to get more fresh air?

- How about _____?

Đề 7



I. Select the word whose underlined part is pronounced differently from the others.

- | | | | |
|---------------|-------------|------------|-------------|
| 1. A. kids | B. shops | C. banks | D. roots |
| 2. A. measure | B. clearing | C. realize | D. Korea |
| 3. A. good | B. gas | C. give | D. large |
| 4. A. tight | B. kind | C. mine | D. thing |
| 5. A. looked | B. formed | C. gained | D. prepared |

II. Select the best option (A, B, C, or D) to complete each sentence.

6. In 2007, the _____ growth rate of Vietnam reached about 8.0%.
 A. economics B. economic C. economy D. economically
 7. Miss Nhung is going to finish her work, _____?
 A. is she B. isn't she C. will she D. doesn't she
 8. I would like _____ France in the future.
 A. visit B. to visit C. visiting D. visited
 9. Don't forget _____ the door and windows when you go out.
 A. locking B. for locking C. to lock D. lock
 10. We can't go out _____ the forthcoming heavy rain.
 A. because B. owing C. in spite of D. because of
 11. The couple _____ divorce was on TV has got remarried.
 A. who B. whose C. which D. people's

12. John F. Kennedy wouldn't have died in 1963 if he _____ to Dallas.
A. didn't go B. wouldn't go C. hadn't gone D. not go
13. One of the students in our class _____ sick today.
A. were B. was C. have been D. are
14. Trang and Hoa took these photographs _____.
A. themselves B. herself C. himself D. ourselves
15. It's good for you to learn all these expressions _____ heart.
A. on B. with C. by D. in
16. His sister was homesick, and she _____ all her family and friends.
A. lacked B. missed C. desired D. hoped
17. _____ there was a heavy rain, they went out without a raincoat.
A. In spite of B. Although C. However D. In spite
18. I never wear yellow because it doesn't _____ to me.
A. suit B. match C. fit D. like
19. Miss Huong is not very good _____ cooking.
A. on B. in C. for D. at
20. The articles _____ the magazine published last month are very popular.
A. of B. on C. which D. and

III. Select the underlined word or phrase (A, B, C or D) that has an error to make it correct.

21. Are you interested between learning Literature?
A B C D
22. My brother doesn't mind to go to the park alone in the morning.
A B C D
23. If it rain, we will stay at home and watch TV.
A B C D
24. Da Lat, that is known to be a dream city in Vietnam, attracts many tourists every year.
A B C D
25. When the university suggested to raise the tuition again, the student senate protested vigorously.
A B C D

IV. Read the following passage, and then select the correct answer.

Planet earth is part of a system of planets and their moons, as well as numerous asteroids and comets which (26) _____ around a huge star we call the Sun. The Sun itself (27) _____ of gas. Nuclear reactions inside its core (28) _____ the heat and light that make life on the Earth (29) _____. The Earth is the third of four small terrestrial (Earth like) planets that orbit close to the (30) _____. Further out in our Solar System are four huge gas planets, while distant Pluto, (31) _____ planet, is made (32) _____ rock and ice. Our Earth is one of the ten planets that orbit the Sun- a huge, burning-hot star in the center of our Solar System. The Solar System and all the stars in the (33) _____ are part of our galaxy-the Milky Way, which (34) _____ as many as 200 billion stars. Beyond our galaxy (35) _____ million more galaxies. They all add together to make up the Universe.

- | | | | |
|--------------------|----------------|----------------------|-----------------|
| 26. A. run | B. orbit | C. turn | D. walk |
| 27. A. consists | B. remains | C. includes | D. maintains |
| 28. A. produce | B. product | C. production | D. productive |
| 29. A. able | B. possibility | C. possible | D. ability |
| 30. A. Earth | B. Mars | C. Mercury | D. Sun |
| 31. A. the smaller | B. smallest | C. the most smallest | D. the smallest |
| 32. A. from | B. of | C. for | D. in |
| 33. A. space | B. Universe | C. Moon | D. sky |
| 34. A. consists | B. makes from | C. stays | D. contains |
| 35. A. is | B. are | C. to be | D. get |

V. Complete the second sentence so that it has a similar meaning to the first one.

36. The boy is very friendly. He lived next door to us.
- The boy _____.
37. "What is your name?" Mr. Huy asked me.
- Mr. Huy asked me _____.
38. Nowadays learning English is very necessary.
- It is _____.
39. Although her leg was broken, she managed to get out of the car.
- In spite of her _____.
- In spite of the _____.
40. If someone doesn't put the coal in, the fire will go out.
- Unless _____.

Đề 8



I. Select the word whose underlined part is pronounced differently from the others.

1. A. thank B. they C. those D. than
2. A. walks B. cups C. students D. clubs
3. A. talked B. wished C. lived D. stopped
4. A. team B. leather C. cream D. dreamy
5. A. bicycle B. slice C. diet D. recipe

II. Select the best option (A, B, C, or D) to complete each sentence.

6. Linh wishes she _____ a day off now.
A. has B. had C. would have D. can have
7. We saw that film _____ 7.00 p.m. _____ Saturday.
A. on-from B. in-at C. at-at D. at-on
8. You like watching comedies. _____, Xinh?
A. do you B. aren't you C. don't you D. doesn't he
9. You shouldn't eat and drink too _____. It's not good for your health.
A. quick B. quickly C. fastly D. slow
10. Trinh got wet _____ she had no umbrella when going out in the rain.
A. so B. because C. and D. therefore
11. The man _____ is standing near the window is my brother.
A. who B. which C. where D. whom
12. They _____ their cousin since he left the city.
A. met B. meet C. meeting D. haven't met
13. My bike has flat tires. Do you mind _____ me home?
A. taking B. take C. took D. to take
14. That villa _____ in 1980.
A. built B. builds C. was built D. is built
15. He asked me _____ at Chemistry.
A. if I was good B. if was I good
C. if I good D. if I am good

16. If people _____ their passport, they will be in trouble.
A. lost B. lose C. would lose D. losing
17. What's the name of the woman _____ gave you a gift?
A. he B. which C. who D. whose
18. The librarian asked students _____ so much noise in the reading room.
A. not to make B. no make C. not making D. don't make
19. My family has lived in this house _____ fifteen years.
A. ago B. for C. since D. already
20. I really enjoyed the live show. It was great, _____?
A. isn't it B. is it C. wasn't it D. weren't it

III. Select the underlined word or phrase (A, B, C or D) that has an error to make it correct.

21. They look forward to have the resolution to the problem they have mentioned.
A B C D
22. They have moved nothing in her room while they sent her to the hospital.
A B C D
23. Aren't you afraid that you'll be punished if you didn't come to school on time?
A B C D
24. Mr. Ba had to drive to the hospital to pick up his friend, who's car wouldn't start.
A B C D
25. It was not easy for them getting tickets for the concert.
A B C D

IV. Read the following passage, and then select the correct answer.

The invention of the phonograph happened quite by accident. Thomas Edison moved to Menlo Park, New Jersey in 1876, where he established an industrial research laboratory. There, Edison was working on a carbon telephone transmitter to improve the existing Bell telephone system.

In that laboratory a year later, Edison invented the phonograph while he was trying to improve a telegraph repeater. He attached a telephone diaphragm to the needle in the telegraph repeater; in this way, he was able to reproduce a recording that could be played back. After he made some improvements to the machine, he tested it. He recited "Mary Had a Little Lamb" into the machine and played his voice back to a very surprised audience.

26. What is the best title for the passage?
A. Thomas Edison's many inventions
B. Improvements in telephone and telegraph

- C. The History of Menlo Park
D. An accidental invention
27. In what year did the invention of phonograph occur?
A. 1876 B. 1877 C. 1878 D. the article does not say
28. What was Edison working on when he created the phonograph?
A. A telegraph repeater B. A telegraph diaphragm
C. A telephone repeater D. A telephone diaphragm
29. According to the passage, how was the phonograph made?
A. With a telephone needle and a recorder
B. From a recording of a telegraph
C. With only a telegraph repeater
D. From a combination of telephone & telegraph part
30. According to the passage, how did Edison test his new invention?
A. He made improvements to the machine.
B. He used a carbon transmitter.
C. He read a children's rhyme.
D. He produced the audience voice.

V. Read the following passage, and then select the correct answer.

Singapore is an island city of about three million people. It's a beautiful city with lots of parks and open spaces. It's also a very (31) _____ city.

Most of the people (32) _____ in high-rise flats in different parts of the island. The business district is very modern with (33) _____ of high new office buildings. Singapore also has some nice older sections. In Chinatown, there (34) _____ rows of old shop houses. The government buildings in Singapore are very beautiful and date from the colonial days.

Singapore is famous (35) _____ its shops and restaurants. There are many good shopping centers. Most of the goods are duty free. Singapore's restaurants sell Chinese, Indian, Malay and European food, and the prices are quite reasonable.

31. A. large B. dirty C. small D. clean
32. A. live B. lives C. are living D. lived
33. A. lot B. lots C. many D. much
34. A. is B. will be C. were D. are
35. A. in B. on C. at D. for

VI. Select the correct answer (A, B, C or D) to each of the following questions.

36. _____ with my uncle again next summer.

- A. I look forward to staying B. She look forward to staying
C. I look forward to stay D. She looks forward to stay
37. "What are you doing now?", the teacher asked Tam. ~ The teacher asked Tam _____.
A. what he was doing now B. what was he doing then
C. what he was doing then D. what was I doing then.
38. Dung spent _____ the countryside with her classmates last weekend.
A. 2 hours travel to B. 2 hour to travel
C. 2 hours travel D. 2 hours traveling to
39. I like going swimming in summer. ~ _____.
A. So am I B. I do, too C. I do so D. I like, either
40. Do you mind _____?
A. if I borrow your dictionary B. borrowing your dictionary
C. to borrow your dictionary D. if I borrowed your dictionary

Đề 9



I. Select the word whose underlined part is pronounced differently from the others.

- | | | | |
|------------------------|-------------------|--------------------|--------------------|
| 1. A. <u>chemistry</u> | B. <u>kitchen</u> | C. <u>watching</u> | D. <u>teacher</u> |
| 2. A. <u>moment</u> | B. <u>slogan</u> | C. <u>comb</u> | D. <u>opposite</u> |
| 3. A. <u>produce</u> | B. <u>confuse</u> | C. <u>lunar</u> | D. <u>reduce</u> |
| 4. A. <u>bomb</u> | B. <u>debt</u> | C. <u>tube</u> | D. <u>doubt</u> |
| 5. A. <u>teenage</u> | B. <u>luggage</u> | C. <u>image</u> | D. <u>damage</u> |

II. Select the best option (A, B, C, or D) to complete each sentence.

6. I feel very _____ today.
A. happiness B. happy C. happily D. are happy
7. I think the government should do something to help _____.
A. the poors B. the poor ones C. poor D. the poor
8. When I looked round the door, the child _____ quietly.
A. is sleeping B. was sleeping C. slept D. were sleeping
9. Do you feel like _____ to the theatre or would you rather

TV at home?

- A. going-watching B. going-watch
C. go-watch D. go-watched

10. The policeman warned passengers _____ there.
A. not to go B. to not go C. not to going D. not go
11. This kind of food is the worst I _____ tasted.
A. had never B. have ever C. did D. had
12. It's said that London _____ an underground train system since the nineteenth century.
A. has B. had C. have had D. has had
13. I haven't received any letters from him since I _____ here.
A. came B. come C. coming D. comes
14. It's time you went. If you don't leave now, you _____ the last train.
A. miss B. will miss C. would miss D. missed
15. It is impossible for us _____ in all this noise.
A. work B. to work C. working D. worked
16. They asked Ngan a lot of questions, most of _____ she couldn't answer well.
A. whom B. whose C. which D. that
17. The teacher explained _____ his students how they should operate the machine.
A. to B. with C. for D. about
18. Several people didn't like the club _____ the poor quality of its service.
A. so B. however C. because of D. because
19. We're angry because you didn't tell us the truth. We don't like _____.
A. being deceived B. to be deceive C. be deceived D. being deceiving
20. Long has already finished all his work, so he doesn't have _____ tonight. I think he will read for a while.
A. study B. to study C. studying D. studied

III. Select the underlined word or phrase (A, B, C or D) that has an error to make it correct.

21. In order to being a good sales clerk, that girl mustn't be rude to the customers.
A B C D

22. According to the sign on the restaurant door, all dinners are requiring to wear shirts and shoes.
A B C D

23. I'm always made wash my hands before every meal by my mother.
A B C D

24. Although his leg was broken however, he managed to get out of the car.
A B C D

25. The information I got from the assistant was such confusing that I didn't know what to do.
A B C D

IV. Read the following passage, and then select the correct answer.

The traffic light signal was invented by a railway signaling engineer. It was installed (26) _____ The House of Parliament in 1868. It (27) _____ like any railway signal of the time, and was operated by gas. (28) _____ it exploded and killed a policeman, and the accident (29) _____ further development until cars became common. (30) _____ traffic lights are an American invention. Red-green (31) _____ were installed in Cleveland in 1914. Three-color signals, (32) _____ by hand from a tower in the (33) _____ of the street, were installed in New York in 1918. The (34) _____ lights of this type to (35) _____ in Britain were in London, on the junction between St James's street and Piccadilly in 1925.

26. A. outside B. out C. out of D. outdoors
27. A. resembled B. looked C. showed D. seemed
28. A. However B. Therefore C. Although D. Despite
29. A. forbade B. avoided C. discouraged D. disappointed
30. A. New B. Recent C. Modern D. Late
31. A. methods B. systems C. means D. ways
32. A. worked B. operated C. turned D. held
33. A. heart B. focus C. halfway D. middle
34. A. original B. primary C. first D. early
35. A. show B. appear C. happen D. become

V. Select the correct answer (A, B, C or D) to each of the following questions.

36. It is time _____.
A. the children to go to bed B. for the children to go to bed
C. for the children to going to bed D. for the children go to bed

37. It took _____.
 A. him one hour to go to work by bicycle
 B. he one hour to go to work by bicycle
 C. him one hour going to work by bicycle
 D. his one hour to go work by bicycle
38. It is three months _____.
 A. since it has rained
 B. since last it rained
 C. since it last rained
 D. since it was last rained
39. Schooling couldn't set up a new Olympic Games record _____.
 A. although he tried hard
 B. even though he tried hard
 C. in spite of the fact that he tried hard
 D. All are correct.
40. We really wish _____ but we didn't.
 A. we had invited her to the party
 B. had we invited her to the party
 C. we invited her to the party
 D. we have invited her to the party

Đề 10



I. Select the word whose underlined part is pronounced differently from the others.

- | | | | |
|----------------------|------------------|-------------------|-------------------|
| 1. A. <u>lose</u> | B. <u>move</u> | C. <u>stove</u> | D. <u>prove</u> |
| 2. A. <u>opens</u> | B. <u>graphs</u> | C. <u>forms</u> | D. <u>pays</u> |
| 3. A. <u>praised</u> | B. <u>picked</u> | C. <u>laughed</u> | D. <u>watched</u> |
| 4. A. <u>enough</u> | B. <u>plough</u> | C. <u>weigh</u> | D. <u>though</u> |
| 5. A. <u>turn</u> | B. <u>burn</u> | C. <u>curtain</u> | D. <u>bury</u> |

II. Select the best option (A, B, C, or D) to complete each sentence.

6. The young boys are not _____ to take part in the army.
 A. so old B. old enough C. enough old D. as old
7. The baseball match was postponed _____ the bad weather.
 A. despite B. in spite C. because D. because of
8. Huy doesn't like roller-skating. _____ does his brother.
 A. Too B. Neither C. So D. Either
9. If the man had a map now, he _____ a short-cut across the desert.
 A. could have taken B. take
 C. could take D. can take

10. If I were you, I would advise _____ a new restaurant over there.
 A. try B. trying C. to try D. tries
11. Mr. Nguyen is very busy. _____, he is always willing to give a hand with the housework.
 A. Despite B. Although C. However D. Therefore
12. Some learners make a list of new words in their _____.
 A. languages B. explanation
 C. mother tongue D. translation
13. I see this detailed map is _____ the atlas.
 A. more useful B. more useful than
 C. more useful as D. usefuler than
14. The smaller your room is, the _____ furniture it needs.
 A. less B. fewer C. smaller D. more
15. Miss Oanh hates _____ at while she is out in the street.
 A. stared B. be stared C. is stared D. being stared
16. If I _____ you, I'd take some rest before the important exam tomorrow.
 A. was B. are C. were D. would be
17. It was _____ hot day that most of them decided to leave work early.
 A. such B. so C. so a D. such a
18. Let's hang out for a drink, _____ we?
 A. will B. shall C. do D. must
19. Trang wishes she _____ to her mother. Now it is too late.
 A. had listened B. would listen C. listened D. has listened
20. Ngoc: "_____?" ~ Tom: "He's tall and thin with blue eyes."
 A. How is Mr. Nguyen doing
 B. What does Mr. Nguyen like
 C. What does Mr. Nguyen look like
 D. Who does Mr. Nguyen look like

III. Select the underlined word or phrase (A, B, C or D) that has an error to make it correct.

21. It was important that you should be on time at the meeting tonight.
 A B C D
22. It's obvious that Nam is tallest student in his class.
 A B C D

23. People who exercise frequently have greater physical endurance than those who doesn't.
- A B C D

24. It was such a terrible fire that the whole apartment building were destroyed.
- A B C D

25. The government suggested ban the sale of alcohol at football matches.
- A B C D

IV. Read the following passage, and then select the correct answer.

It can be shown in facts and figures that cycling is the cheapest, most convenient, and most environmentally desirable form of transport (26) towns, but such cold calculations do not mean much on a frosty winter morning. The real appeal of cycling is that it is so (27) . It has none of the difficulties and tensions of other ways of travelling so you are more cheerful after a ride, even through the rush hour.

The first thing a non-cyclist says to you is: "But isn't it (28) dangerous?" It would be foolish to deny the danger of sharing the road with motor vehicles and it must be admitted that there are an alarming (29) of accidents involving cyclists. However, although police records (30) that the car driver is often to blame, the answer lies with the cyclist. It is possible to ride in such a way as to reduce risks to a minimum.

26. A. in B. at C. to D. on
 27. A. boring B. careful C. enjoyable D. excited
 28. A. expectedly B. strangely C. terribly D. comfortably
 29. A. size B. number C. deal D. digit
 30. A. point B. indicate C. display D. exhibit

V. Read the following passage, and then select the correct answer.

Ted Robinson has been worried all the week. Last Tuesday he received a letter from the local police. In the letter he was asked to call at the station. Ted wondered why he was wanted by the police, but he went to the station yesterday, and now he is not worried any more. At the station he was told by a smiling police-man that his bicycle had been found. Five years ago, the policeman told him, the bicycle was picked up in a small village four hundred miles away. It's now being sent to his home by train. Ted was most surprised when he heard the news. He was amused too, because he never expected the bicycle to be found. It was stolen twenty years ago when Ted was a boy of fifteen.

31. Ted was worried because _____.
- A. he received a letter
 B. he went to the police station yesterday

- C. the police would catch him
 D. he didn't know why the police wanted him

32. The police who talked to Ted was _____.
- A. pleasant B. worried C. surprised D. small
33. Why was Ted very surprised when he heard the news?
- A. Because his bicycle was stolen 20 years ago.
 B. Because his bicycle was found when he was a boy of fifteen.
 C. Because he thought he would never find the bicycle.
 D. Because the bicycle was sent to him by train.
34. When was Ted's bicycle found?
- A. Last Tuesday B. Five years ago
 C. Twenty years ago D. Yesterday
35. Which of the following statements is NOT true?
- A. The police asked Ted to go to their station.
 B. The policeman told Ted the good news 5 days ago.
 C. Ted is no longer anxious now.
 D. Ted is 35 years old now.

VI. Select the correct answer (A, B, C or D) to each of the following questions.

36. _____, Khoa arrived late.
- A. In spite of having taken a taxi
 B. Despite of having taken a taxi
 C. Although of having taken a taxi
 D. Though having taken a taxi
37. The woman asked Mrs. Nhung _____.
- A. how was old her son B. how old son was
 C. how old her son is D. how old her son was
38. Do you agree that the more a car costs, _____?
- A. faster it goes B. the faster it goes
 C. so faster it goes D. the fastest it goes
39. Which sentence below has the same meaning as "The students never understand you, do they?"
- A. Do the students never understand you?
 B. Are the students never understand you?
 C. Don't the students never understand you?
 D. Do they the students never understand you?

40. _____, he'll lose his job.
- A. If the lazy man works harder
B. If the lazy man doesn't work harder
C. Unless the lazy man doesn't work harder
D. Unless the lazy man works harder

Đề 11

I. Circle the letter (A, B, C or D) to indicate the word whose underlined part differs from the other three in pronunciation in each of the following questions.

1. A. so B. know C. cow D. no
2. A. started B. invited C. married D. liked

II. Circle the letter (A, B, C or D) to indicate the word that differs from the other three in the position of primary stress in the following questions.

3. A. ensure B. capture C. pleasure D. picture
4. A. communicate B. convenient C. specialty D. experience

III. Circle the letter A, B, C or D to indicate the underlined part that needs correcting in each of the following questions.

5. I haven't heard from Sang since 5 years.
A B C D
6. My younger sister enjoys read about wild animals and natural mysteries.
A B C D
7. He is the man which lives near my house.
A B C D
8. He is the student at Nguyen Hue secondary school.
A B C D
9. Many people believed that New York is the most great city in America.
A B C D
10. We've got a twenty-minutes break in the morning.
A B C D

IV. Circle the letter (A, B, C or D) to indicate the correct answer to each of the following questions.

11. My class doesn't have English lessons _____ Monday.
A. in B. on C. at D. into
12. Let's _____ to the supermarket now!
A. to go B. going C. go D. went
13. Instead of buying a new pair of shoes, she had her old ones _____.
A. repair B. to repair C. repairing D. repaired
14. It's quite possible _____ a train across Canada.
A. take B. to take C. taking D. to be taken
15. Now that we've finished painting the fence, there is nothing left _____.
A. to do B. for doing C. to be doing D. for being done
16. Before we leave, let's have Mr. Danh _____ a map for us so we won't get lost.
A. draw B. to draw C. drawing D. drawn
17. I think your father should let you _____ your own mind.
A. make up B. to make up C. making up D. made up
18. I want to read this novel again _____ it is very interesting.
A. so B. but C. however D. because
19. It's essential that our house _____ before Tet.
A. should decorate B. is decorated
C. be decorated D. were decorated
20. At first the children enjoy the game but quiet soon _____ novelty.
A. died out B. wore off C. went off D. died off

V. Put each word in capital letters into the correct form so that it can fit the gap in each sentence below.

21. My sister is a _____ at a primary school in Hue. (TEACH)
22. The "áo dài" is the _____ dress of Vietnam women. (TRADITION)
23. You must read the instructions _____ before using it. (CAREFUL)
24. We are really impressed by the _____ of the people there. (FRIEND)
25. Sang's sense of humor _____ him from other students. (DISTINCT)

VI. Read the following passage and circle the letter (A, B, C or D) to indicate the correct word that best fits the numbered blanks.

My village is (26) _____ Hoa Binh Province. It is a very beautiful and peaceful place where people (27) _____ flowers and vegetables only.

It is very famous for its pretty roses and picturesque scenery. The air is quite fresh; (28) _____, the smell of roses makes people feel cool. In spring, my village looks like a carpet with plenty of (29) _____. Tourists come to visit it so often. Nowadays, with electricity and labor-saving devices, it doesn't take the villagers (30) _____ time to water the roses. And even at night, people can walk along the path and enjoy the fresh smell of the flowers.

26. A. on B. from C. in D. at
 27. A. grow B. buy C. grew D. bought
 28. A. however B. then C. and D. but
 29. A. colors B. marks C. spots D. styles
 30. A. many B. a few C. a lot D. much

VII. Read the following passage and circle the letter (A, B, C or D) to indicate the correct answer to each of the questions.

The large movement of earth under the water causes a very large and powerful tsunami. The tsunami was called the Asian Tsunami in most of the world. It was called the Boxing Day Tsunami in England, Australia, South Africa and Canada because it happened on the holiday they call Boxing Day. The tsunami caused a lot of damage to countries such as Philippines, Thailand, Indonesia and Sri Lanka.

Waves as high as 30m killed many people and damaged or destroyed a lot of buildings and other properties. Over 225,000 people died or were not found after the Tsunami. The wave traveled as far away as South Africa (8000km) where as many as 8 people died because of high water caused by the wave. Because of how much damage was caused and the number of people the earthquake affected, over \$ 7 billion was donated to help the survivors and rebuild the areas damaged.

31. Why was the tsunami called the Boxing Day Tsunami in England?

- A. Because it happened when people were boxing.
 B. Because it happened when people were collecting boxes.
 C. Because it happened on Boxing Day.
 D. Because it destroyed a lot of boxes.

32. How high were the waves?

- A. Thirteen meters B. Eighteen meters
 C. Thirty meters D. Two hundred and twenty-five meters

33. What were some people in South Africa killed by?

- A. Earthquake B. High water C. High wind D. Property

34. What does the word 'survivors' in line 11 mean?

- A. houses that aren't destroyed B. offices that are being built.
 C. people that are dead D. people that are left alive

35. Which of the following is NOT true?

- A. Only in Asia the tsunami was called Asian Tsunami.
 B. The tsunami caused a lot of damage to Indonesia.
 C. Many people died because of the high waves
 D. A lot of money was raised to help people.

VIII. Rewrite each of the sentences below in such a way that it means exactly the same as the one given before it.

36. Phong is taller than Tam.

Tam is _____.

37. What about going to Sapa next weekend?

Why don't _____?

38. "I like this apartment very much" Mrs. Lan said.

Mrs. Lan said _____.

39. Spending the weekend on the beach is very exciting.

It's _____.

40. You can't find such exquisite hand-made handbags in many shops here.

In few _____.

Đề 12



I. Choose the word whose underlined part is pronounced differently.

- | | | | |
|----------------------|---------------------|-------------------|-------------------|
| 1. A. <u>food</u> | B. <u>school</u> | C. <u>tool</u> | D. <u>good</u> |
| 2. A. <u>border</u> | B. <u>torch</u> | C. <u>morning</u> | D. <u>forget</u> |
| 3. A. <u>housed</u> | B. <u>preserved</u> | C. <u>crooked</u> | D. <u>raised</u> |
| 4. A. <u>species</u> | B. <u>pollute</u> | C. <u>accept</u> | D. <u>receipt</u> |
| 5. A. <u>mouths</u> | B. <u>paths</u> | C. <u>months</u> | D. <u>wreaths</u> |

II. Choose the word whose stress pattern is different from the other three of the group.

- | | | | |
|----------------|--------------|------------|------------|
| 6. A. tomorrow | B. important | C. mystery | D. however |
| 7. A. language | B. advice | C. summer | D. region |
| 8. A. fashion | B. pattern | C. symbol | D. design |

9. A. understand B. engineer C. Vietnamese D. adventure
10. A. laboratory B. electricity C. education D. mathematics

III. Choose the correct answer to complete each of the following sentences.

11. The men and animals _____ were coming through the streets made a big cloud of dust.
A. who B. which C. that D. whom
12. Her letter _____ have come yesterday, but it didn't.
A. must B. should C. ought D. can
13. Phone him before eight; _____ he'll be too busy to talk to you.
A. unless B. whether C. otherwise D. if
14. This building is said _____ two hundred years ago.
A. to build B. to have been built
C. to have built D. to be built
15. - Son: "Thanks for your help, Cao."
- Cao: "_____"
A. With all my heart B. Never remind me
C. It's my pleasure D. As you wish
16. The weather is very nice. Let's go out for a walk. _____?
A. shall we B. will we C. do we D. have we
17. My brother often uses his goods as _____ as he can.
A. economic B. economically C. economical D. economics
18. Let's wait for Hoa here; I'm sure she will _____.
A. turn off B. turn up C. turn down D. turn over
19. Thousands of people _____ near the Fukushima nuclear power plant have been ordered to evacuate.
A. living B. are living C. who living D. A and C are correct
20. It costs about fifty dollars to have a tooth _____.
A. filling B. to fill C. filled D. being filled

IV. Identify one mistake in each sentence.

21. Even though she looks young, she is elder than my twenty-year-old sister.
A B C D
22. She paid the cleaner 100 VND for cleaning ten windows, most of them hadn't been cleaned for at least a year.
A B C D

23. Because of tired, we could not go to school yesterday.
A B C D

24. We object to people to make private calls on the office phone.
A B C D

25. The amount of women earning Master's Degree has risen sharply in recent years.
A B C D

V. Supply the correct form of the words in bracket.

26. He has the _____ to become a professional player. (ABLE)
27. My mother wants me to have this photograph _____. (LARGE)
28. Ants and bees are described as _____ insects. (INDUSTRY)
29. Some designers have _____ the Ao dai by printing lines of poetry on it. (MODERN)
30. Please accept our _____ congratulation. (HEART)

VI. Read the following passage and choose the best answer to each question.

WITCH DOCTORING

Many early ideas about the causes and cures of illness seem ridiculous to us today. Yet in some respects the medicine man of uncivilized tribes used the method for curing sick persons which are known to have had real value.

In early time when people became ill, they turned for help to the medicine man of the tribe. It was generally believed that sickness was caused by evil spirits, and it was the medicine man's task to drive these bad spirits out of the sick man. To do this, he would try to frighten **them** away by making loud noise and wearing frightening masks. Usually he would chant magic words, sing special songs, and performed special dances. Nearly always he used a particular kind of plant which was supposed to be a remedy for a particular sickness.

Some of these cures used by the medicine men did help. The plants which these early doctors used were frequently drugs now understood to be medicinal or pain-relieving. The respect and confidence which the people had in their medicine man gave sick persons hope and helped them feel better.

31. Which not directly stated, it can be reasoned from the article that _____.
A. witch doctors have always failed.
B. witch doctors have never failed.
C. witch doctors might have cured some people.

D. witch doctors were really ridiculous people.

32. The article as a whole is about _____.
A. medicinal plants B. uncivilized doctoring
C. magic chants. D. sick tribe people

33. Which of the following sentences is TRUE?
A. Medicine men always worked in silence.
B. Medicine men sang to invite back the Spirit of Health.
C. Medicine men wore masks to frighten the sick persons.
D. The life of tribal people in early time was very hard.

34. Which of the following sentences is NOT TRUE?
A. Savage tribes believe that illness was caused by evil spirits.
B. Medicine men often used special plants in making their cures.
C. Everything that medicine men did is now known to be dangerous.
D. Medicine men sometimes performed dances.
35. The word "them" in the second paragraph refers to _____.
A. evil spirits B. sick persons
C. other medicine men D. magic words

VII. Finish each of the following sentences in such a way that it means exactly the same as the sentence printed before.

36. I regret not buying any tickets for the concert.
I wish _____.
37. I would like you to put the chairs away.
Do you mind _____?
38. I'm on the fifth page of the letter I'm writing.
So far I _____.
39. I haven't decided to continue my study in a foreign country.
I haven't made _____.
40. He was a fool to say that.
It was _____.

Đề 13



I. Choose the word which has the underlined part pronounced differently from the rest:

- | | | | |
|-------------------|--------------|----------------|-----------------|
| 1. A. pesticide | B. polite | C. solid | D. dynamite |
| 2. A. stayed | B. laughed | C. disappeared | D. warned |
| 3. A. considerate | B. celebrate | C. nominate | D. congratulate |
| 4. A. workers | B. holidays | C. bananas | D. helmets |
| 5. A. supposed | B. increased | C. crossed | D. promised |

II. Choose the correct answer:

6. Most of earthquakes in the world _____ in the Ring of Fire.
A. happen B. hit C. erupt D. occur
7. The men and animals _____ you saw on TV were from India.
A. that B. which C. where D. whom
8. Mr. Hai is _____ that people have spoiled this area.
A. disappoint B. disappointed
C. to disappoint D. disappointing
9. She is looking forward to _____ her first pay packet.
A. receive B. have receive C. receiving D. be receiving
10. If Duy _____ enough money, he _____ a new car.
A. have/will buy B. has.will buy
C. had/will buys D. has/buys
11. The baby is crawling _____ his father's legs.
A. and B. among C. between D. before
12. _____ she comes in haft an hour, I shall go alone.
A. Unless B. If C. Although D. Despite
13. Congratulations _____ your first prize in the Sports Contest.
A. in B. at C. for D. on
14. _____ is now a serious problem in many countries, isn't it?
A. Plant trees B. Deforestation C. Burden D. Festival

15. I suggest that we _____ money for the poor people in our community.
A. save B. to save C. saving D. should save
16. "What are you looking _____?" – "My color pencil. I've lost it"
A. at B. on C. for D. in
17. Do you know that Auld Lang Syne is a song _____ is sung on New Year's Eve?
A. whom B. that C. which D. B&C correct
18. Mr. Duy is very tired. _____, he has to finish his assignment before going to bed.
A. Therefore B. So C. However D. Although
19. Toyota cars _____ in Japan. – They're very beautiful.
A. will produce B. are produced C. produced D. to produce
20. Nha Trang will have temperature _____ 23 degree Celsius and 27 degree Celsius.
A. between B. which C. therefore D. with

III. Identify and choose one underlined word or phrase that is incorrect.

21. I think we should take a shower instead of a bath saying energy.
A B C D
22. He met many friends which encouraged him in his work.
A B C D
23. Although my sister was tired, she helped me with my homeworks.
A B C D
24. The man, who is sitting next Linh, is her brother-in-law.
A B C D
25. Whatever happened, I didn't want to lose friendship of Khoa.
A B C D

IV. Read the passage and choose the correct answer:

"... In the United States, people celebrate Mother's Day and Father's Day. Mother's Day is celebrated on the second Sunday in May. Father's Day is celebrated throughout the United States on the third Sunday in June. On this occasion, mother and father usually receive greeting cards and gifts from family members. The best gift of all for an American Mom is a day of leisure. The majority of American mothers have outside jobs as well as housework, so their working days are often hard. The working mother enjoys the traditional Mother's Day custom of breakfast cooked by her family and served to her on a tray in bed. Later in that day, it's also traditional for the extended family group

to get together for dinner, either in a restaurant or in one of their homes ..."

26. When do American people celebrate Mother's Day?
A. the second Sunday in May. B. the third Sunday in June.
C. on March, 8th. D. the second Sunday in June.
27. Do Vietnam people celebrate Father's Day?
A. Yes, they do. B. No, they don't.
C. Yes, it is D. No, it isn't.
28. A day of leisure is the best gift of all for an American Mom?
A. It's the best gift. B. Lucky money.
C. Yes, it is. D. Well-done.
29. What do mother and father receive on this occasion?
A. gifts B. greeting cards
C. money D. A&B are correct
30. Where do the family member have their dinner party on this occasion?
A. family group B. restaurant or their homes
C. hotel D. stadium

V. Read then choose the best answer to complete the passage:

In many countries nowadays, electricity, gas and water are necessities. Companies which produce household goods realize that consumers want products that will not only work effectively, (31) _____ save money.

In North America, household lighting accounts for 10% to 15% of the electricity bill.

However, this amount can be (32) _____ by replacing an ordinary 100-watt light bulb with an energy-saving bulb. Consumers can save US\$ 7 to US\$ 21 per bulb.

In Europe, there is a labeling scheme for refrigerators, freezers and washing machines, the labels tell the consumers (33) _____ energy efficiency each model has. (34) _____ with other appliances in the same category. The final result is that these innovations will save money as well as conserve the Earth's (35) _____.

31. A. but also B. so C. although D. because
32. A. result B. repaired C. replaced D. reduced
33. A. how many B. how much C. how long D. how far
34. A. congratulations B. kept C. compared D. thought
35. A. energy B. natural C. resources D. exchange

VI. Use the word given in brackets to combine each pair of sentences into one:

36. Tet is a festival. Tet occurs in late January or early February. (WHICH)
→ _____.
37. Mrs. Xuan is an engineer. She lives in Ho Chi Minh City. (WHO)
→ _____.
38. He can't buy a new car. Because he doesn't have enough money. (IF)
→ _____.
39. In spite of his broken leg, Mr. Khanh managed to get out of the car.
(ALTHOUGH)
→ _____.
40. My sister doesn't work in that company any more. (NO LONGER)
→ _____.

Đề 14

I. Choose the word whose underlined part is pronounced differently from that of the others.

- | | | | |
|--------------------------|--------------------------|------------------------|----------------------|
| 1. A. sunbat <u>h</u> e | B. th <u>u</u> nderstorm | C. ear <u>th</u> quake | D. mat <u>h</u> |
| 2. A. s <u>ou</u> nd | B. s <u>ou</u> thern | C. drou <u>gh</u> t | D. moun <u>ta</u> in |
| 3. A. prop <u>er</u> ty | B. poll <u>u</u> tion | C. popu <u>l</u> ation | D. prob <u>ab</u> ly |
| 4. A. pract <u>ic</u> ed | B. wash <u>e</u> d | C. advert <u>is</u> ed | D. miss <u>e</u> d |
| 5. A. garb <u>a</u> ge | B. sewag <u>e</u> | C. courag <u>e</u> | D. backstag <u>e</u> |

II. Choose the word whose stress pattern is different from that of the others.

- | | | | |
|--------------------|----------------|-----------------|------------------|
| 6. A. comprise | B. mausoleum | C. religion | D. compulsory |
| 7. A. intelligent | B. population | C. opportunity | D. economics |
| 8. A. federation | B. economic | C. environment | D. documentary |
| 9. A. unimportant | B. incomplete | C. disadvantage | D. encouragement |
| 10. A. interesting | B. astonishing | C. amazing | D. surprising |

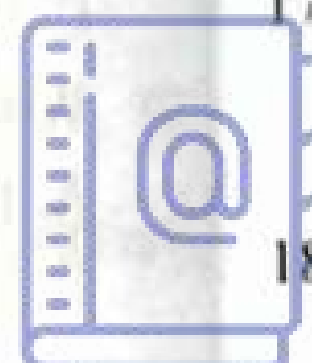
III. Choose the best answer from the four options marked (A, B, C or D) to complete each sentence below.

11. That is her favorite short _____ blouse.
A. sleeved B. sleeve C. sleeving D. sleeves

12. The child went _____ a bad cold just before the exam.
A. down with B. in for C. over D. through
13. If she _____ sick, she would have gone out with her family to the party.
A. hasn't been B. weren't C. wasn't D. hadn't been
14. The man, _____ daughter is at top of class 9A, is a famer.
A. whom B. who C. whose D. that
15. My sister is a nurse and she was on _____ in the hospital last night.
A. work B. alarm C. duty D. service
16. Minh is in class 9D, _____ Trinh, who is a year older, is only in grade 8.
A. and B. whereas C. either D. nevertheless
17. The lazy kid regretted _____ hard. It was too late.
A. not having learnt B. not learning
C. learning D. not to have learnt
18. Long does not play table tennis. Huy does not play table tennis.
A. Both Long and Huy doesn't play table tennis.
B. Neither Long nor Huy plays table tennis.
C. Not either Long or Huy plays table tennis.
D. Not only Long but also Huy does play table tennis.
19. The coach said, "It's time for you to go home, girls!"
A. The coach told the girls that it was time for you to go home.
B. The coach tells the girls that it was time for them to go home.
C. The coach told the girls that it is time for them to go home.
D. The coach told the girls that it was time for them to go home.
20. It took him a long time to get used _____.
A. to have glasses wear B. to wear glasses
C. wearing glasses D. to wearing glasses
21. The doctor suggested that his patients _____.
A. stopped smoking B. stops smoking
C. stop smoking D. to stop smoking
22. Danh wrote _____ report on the Vietnam war last year.
A. ten-page B. a ten-page C. ten pages D. ten-pages
23. Trung never comes to class on time and _____.
A. neither does Quang B. so does Quang
C. Quang does too D. neither doesn't Quang.

36. Tet is a festival. Tet occurs in late January or early February. (WHICH)
→ _____.
37. Mrs. Xuan is an engineer. She lives in Ho Chi Minh City. (WHO)
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38. He can't buy a new car. Because he doesn't have enough money. (IF)
→ _____.
39. In spite of his broken leg, Mr. Khanh managed to get out of the car.
(ALTHOUGH)
→ _____.
40. My sister doesn't work in that company any more. (NO LONGER)
→ _____.

Đề 14



I. Choose the word whose underlined part is pronounced differently from that of the others.

- | | | | |
|-------------------------|-------------------------|------------------------|----------------------|
| 1. A. sun <u>bathe</u> | B. <u>th</u> understorm | C. ear <u>th</u> quake | D. ma <u>th</u> |
| 2. A. <u>s</u> ound | B. <u>s</u> outhern | C. <u>d</u> rought | D. <u>m</u> ountain |
| 3. A. <u>p</u> roperty | B. <u>p</u> ollution | C. <u>p</u> opulation | D. <u>p</u> robably |
| 4. A. <u>pr</u> acticed | B. <u>w</u> ashed | C. <u>a</u> dvertised | D. <u>m</u> issed |
| 5. A. <u>g</u> arbage | B. <u>s</u> ewage | C. <u>c</u> ourage | D. <u>b</u> ackstage |

II. Choose the word whose stress pattern is different from that of the others.

- | | | | |
|--------------------|----------------|-----------------|------------------|
| 6. A. comprise | B. mausoleum | C. religion | D. compulsory |
| 7. A. intelligent | B. population | C. opportunity | D. economics |
| 8. A. federation | B. economic | C. environment | D. documentary |
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III. Choose the best answer from the four options marked (A, B, C or D) to complete each sentence below.

11. That is her favorite short _____ blouse.
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12. The child went _____ a bad cold just before the exam.
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13. If she _____ sick, she would have gone out with her family to the party.
A. hasn't been B. weren't C. wasn't D. hadn't been
14. The man, _____ daughter is at top of class 9A, is a famer.
A. whom B. who C. whose D. that
15. My sister is a nurse and she was on _____ in the hospital last night.
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16. Minh is in class 9D, _____ Trinh, who is a year older, is only in grade 8.
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A. not having learnt B. not learning
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B. Neither Long nor Huy plays table tennis.
C. Not either Long or Huy plays table tennis.
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A. The coach told the girls that it was time for you to go home.
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C. wearing glasses D. to wearing glasses
21. The doctor suggested that his patients _____.
A. stopped smoking B. stops smoking
C. stop smoking D. to stop smoking
22. Danh wrote _____ report on the Vietnam war last year.
A. ten-page B. a ten-page C. ten pages D. ten-pages
23. Trung never comes to class on time and _____.
A. neither does Quang B. so does Quang
C. Quang does too D. neither doesn't Quang.

24. Anh's young brother prefers coffee _____ milk.
A. more than B. better C. to D. than
25. Not until 2008 _____ across the river.
A. the first bridge was built B. the first building of a bridge was
C. built the first bridge D. was the first bridge built

IV. Choose the underlined words or phrases (A, B, C or D) that are incorrect in standard English.

26. Look! There is a cat sitting in the middle to the road.
A B C D
27. Ms. Huong had a gardener to plant some trees yesterday.
A B C D
28. The well from which the villagers used to get water is now near empty.
A B C D
29. The new brochures describing all our services were delivered to us late yesterday and were shipped out early tomorrow morning.
A B C D
30. I think it had be better if we use banana leaves instead of paper to wrap food.
A B C D

V. Read the following passage and mark the letter (A, B, C, or D) to indicate the correct word or phrase for each of the blanks.

Schools in the United States have not always had a large number of libraries. As (31) _____ as 1958 about half of the public schools in the United States had no libraries at all. The number of public school libraries increased dramatically (32) _____ the federal government passed the Elementary and Secondary Education Act of 1965, (33) _____ provided funds for school districts to improve their education programs and facilities, including their libraries. (34) _____, many educators claim that since the legislation was passed federal spending has not increased sufficiently to meet the rising (35) _____ of new library technologies such as computer databases and Internet access.

31. A. freshly B. frequently C. recently D. newly
32. A. though B. with C. during D. when
33. A. that B. which C. who D. this
34. A. Nevertheless B. Consequently C. Therefore D. Otherwise
35. A. fine B. fee C. cost D. sum

VI. Write the sentence so that it has a similar meaning to the original one.

36. This is the best essay I have ever written.
→ Never _____.
37. My English friend finds using chopsticks difficult.
→ My English friend isn't _____.
38. That car's so expensive, I don't think I can buy it.
→ It's such _____.
39. This is the best computer I have ever used.
→ I have _____.
40. I tried as hard as I could, but I just couldn't get the money.
→ No matter _____.

Đề 15



I. Choose the word whose underlined part is pronounced differently from the rest by circling the corresponding letter A, B, C, or D.

- | | | | |
|--------------------|-------------------|-------------------|------------------|
| 1. A. <u>ought</u> | B. <u>thought</u> | C. <u>brought</u> | D. <u>though</u> |
| 2. A. <u>thick</u> | B. <u>think</u> | C. <u>thus</u> | D. <u>thin</u> |
| 3. A. <u>foot</u> | B. <u>school</u> | C. <u>book</u> | D. <u>good</u> |
| 4. A. <u>knew</u> | B. <u>grew</u> | C. <u>threw</u> | D. <u>flew</u> |
| 5. A. <u>lose</u> | B. <u>close</u> | C. <u>chose</u> | D. <u>rose</u> |

II. Choose the word or phrase that best completes the sentence. Identify your answer by circling the corresponding letter (A, B, C, or D).

6. What's your birthday, Nam? - It's _____.
A. on the twenty-one of July B. on July the twenty-one
C. on the twenty-first of July D. in July the twenty-first
7. The sun _____ in the west. Look! It _____.
A. set/is setting B. sets/is setting
C. setting/set D. set/set

8. All the boys are good at cooking, but _____ is as good as the girls.
A. either B. neither C. none D. every
9. The weather _____ fine so far this week.
A. is B. was C. has been D. had been
10. I have so many routines that sometimes I feel _____ I am an automatic robot.
A. as if B. even if C. even though D. like
11. The walls of the house are covered _____ a coat of paint.
A. with B. in C. by D. under
12. That was a _____ ceremony, wasn't it?
A. prepared-well B. prepare-well
C. well-prepared D. well-prepare
13. That novel was written by a well-known writer. It is worth _____.
A. to read B. reading C. read D. have read
14. Is this the address to _____ you want to have the package sent?
A. where B. which C. that D. whom
15. The father sat by his _____ child's bedside all night as he was sick.
A. sleep B. asleep C. oversleep D. sleeping
16. He has adopted three orphans _____ his own six children, all together, he has nine children to provide for.
A. except B. beside C. besides D. in place of
17. You should take regular exercise _____ sitting in front of television all day.
A. in spite of B. instead of C. without D. even
18. I don't want to go out tonight _____ Kim phones.
A. so that B. even though C. when D. in case
19. I object to _____ like this.
A. be treating B. treating
C. being treated D. have been treated
20. Since _____ to a warmer and less humid climate, I've had trouble with my asthma.
A. I move B. I moving
C. upon moving D. moving
21. Shy people often find it difficult to _____ group discussions.
A. take place in B. take part in
C. get on with D. get in touch with
22. Their football team lost _____ three goals to nil.

- A. with B. by C. to D. in
23. Don't forget to _____ the alarm clock for six o'clock tomorrow morning.
A. set B. put C. ring D. wind
24. Not only did he lose the keys, but he also forgot the tickets.
A. He forgot the pair of tickets to the concert.
B. He didn't know he had to have tickets.
C. He got the tickets after he found his keys.
D. He lost his keys and forgot the tickets as well.
25. "Do not write on the walls", said the teacher to the boy.
A. The teacher told the boys do not write on the walls.
B. The teacher told the boys not to write on the walls.
C. The teacher said to the boys not write on the walls.
D. The teacher said to the boys do not write on the walls.
- III. There is a mistake in the four underlined parts of each sentence. Identify your answer by circling the corresponding letter (A, B, C, or D).**
26. Khoa's professor had him to write his thesis many times before allowing him to present it to the committee.
A B
C D
27. I think Hamh is accustomed to work eight hours a day.
A B C D
28. The more frequent you exercise, the greater physical endurance you will have.
A B C D
29. Only when you have had a chance to know various occupations you will decide on your career.
A B C D
30. I tried to do everything to contact Minh two weeks ago but so far I don't receive his reply.
A B C D

IV. Read this passage carefully and then choose the best answers to the questions below by circling the corresponding letter (A, B, C, or D).

A recent investigation by scientists at the US Geological Survey shows that strange animal behavior might help predict future earthquake.

Investigators found such occurrences in a ten-kilometer radius of the centre of a fairly recent quake. Some birds screeched and flew about wildly. Dogs yelped and ran uncontrollably.

Scientists believe that animals can perceive these environmental changes as early as several days before the disaster.

In 1976 after observing animal behavior, the Chinese were able to predict a terrible quake. Although hundreds of thousands of people were killed, the government was able to **evacuate** millions of people and thus keep the death toll at a lower rate.

31. What prediction may be made by observing animal behavior?

- A. the number of people who will die.
- B. environmental changes.
- C. a coming earthquake.
- D. the ten-kilometer radius of an earthquake.

32. Why can animals perceive these changes when humans cannot?

- A. Animals are more intelligent than humans.
- B. Humans don't know where to look.
- C. By running around, they can feel the vibrations.
- D. Animals have certain instincts that humans don't possess.

33. If scientists can accurately predict earthquakes, there will be _____.

- A. a lower death rate.
- B. fewer animals going crazy.
- C. fewer people evacuated.
- D. fewer environmental changes.

34. Which of the following statements is not true?

- A. Some animals may be able to sense an approaching earthquake.
- B. All birds and dogs in the ten-kilometer radius of an earthquake center become wild before the quake.
- C. The Chinese have successfully predict an earthquake and saved many lives.
- D. By observing animal behavior scientists perhaps can predict earthquake.

35. In the passage, the word "evacuate" most means _____.

- A. save
- B. exile
- C. destroy
- D. remove

V. Finish the second sentence in such a way that it means the same as the sentence printed before it.

36. The furniture was too old for us to keep.

→ It was _____.

37. Nobody has cleaned the streets this week.

→ The streets _____.

38. While mending the road, they accidentally blocked our water pipes.

→ They accidentally cut _____.

39. He brought the umbrella along but it didn't rain.

→ He needn't _____.

40. While I strongly disapprove of your behavior, I will help you this time.

→ Despite _____.

Đề 16



I. Select the word whose underlined part is pronounced differently from the others.

- | | | | |
|------------------|----------------|----------------|---------------|
| 1. A. eventually | B. invention | C. preparation | D. shyness |
| 2. A. reputation | B. communicate | C. documentary | D. hundred |
| 3. A. migrant | B. signature | C. habit | D. limitation |
| 4. A. dormitory | B. occupy | C. minority | D. territory |
| 5. A. advised | B. amazed | C. practiced | D. changed |

II. Choose the word whose stress pattern is different from that of the others.

- | | | | |
|-----------------|--------------|-----------------|--------------|
| 6. A. industry | B. poisonous | C. atmosphere | D. awareness |
| 7. A. generous | B. extensive | C. sincerely | D. eternal |
| 8. A. mausoleum | B. pesticide | C. intermediate | D. decompose |
| 9. A. income | B. elevate | C. contact | D. import |
| 10. A. discount | B. compile | C. locate | D. website |

III. Choose the word or phrase (A, B, C, or D) which best completes each sentence.

11. _____ you do better work than this, you won't pass the exam.

12. I was just _____ to go out when you telephoned.
A. around B. about C. thinking D. planned
13. It's difficult to pay one's bills when prices keep _____.
A. growing B. gaining C. rising D. raising
14. She _____ her neighbor's child for the broken window.
A. blamed B. accused C. complained D. denied
15. "Did you like the novel that I gave you last week?"
- "_____ the novels that I've read, I enjoyed this one the most."
A. All of B. Of all C. For all D. From all
16. That old lady is _____ deaf to hear what you say.
A. so B. enough C. not D. too
17. I failed to buy that nice dress, for I had forgotten to bring my _____.
A. gloves B. purse C. bonnet D. trousers
18. The radio is _____ loud. I can't hear the noise.
A. too many B. too much C. much too D. lot much
19. The visitor spoke _____ the subject of wildlife in northern Britain.
A. in B. from C. with D. on
20. Not they but Tam _____ the reward.
A. receives B. receive C. receiving D. to receive
21. They have _____ of helpers even when they are in need.
A. a great quantity B. a large amount
C. a large number D. great number
22. One person _____ seven in the world speaks perfect English.
A. out of B. within C. for among D. from
23. "Pollution worries me" - "Me too. It's something _____ lots of problems"
A. that has brought B. which has brought
C. is bringing D. that bringing
24. I wasn't a bit surprised to hear that Khoa had changed her job.
A. I was a bit surprised to hear that Khoa had changed her job.
B. That Khoa had changed her job surprised me a bit.
C. Surprised, Khoa had changed her job.
D. It came as no surprise to me to hear that Khoa had changed her job.
25. We quarreled _____ the choice of a house.
A. on B. over C. for D. to

IV. Complete the sentences by filling in each blank with the correct form of the word in *italic*.

26. Sang was dismissed by his _____ that he must leave in a month's time. (EMPLOY)
27. The judge told him it was _____ to drink and drive, and banned him for a year. (RESPONSIBLE)
28. English is a _____ easy language for us to learn. (COMPARE)
29. Some young people today have a very strange _____. (APPEAR)
30. Many designers took _____ from Vietnam's ethnic minorities. (INSPIRE)

V. Read the following passage and mark the letter (A, B, C or D) to indicate the correct answer to each of the questions.

Television is one of man's important means of communication. It brings events and sounds around the world into millions of homes. A person with the television set can sit in his house and watch the president making a speech or visit a foreign country. He can see war being fought and watch statesmen try to bring peace. Through TV, home viewers can see and learn about people, places, and things in faraway lands. Television even takes its viewers out of this world. It brings them coverage of America's astronauts as the astronauts explore outer space.

In addition to these things, TV brings its viewers a steady stream of programs that are designed to entertain. In fact, TV provides many more entertainment programs than any other kinds. The programs include action packed dramas, light comedies, sporting events and motion pictures.

31. What does television bring us?
A. Noise from around the world.
B. Man's most important means of talking.
C. Events and sounds around our globe.
D. President making speech.
32. What can't viewers do with the TV at home?
A. watch a president giving a talk.
B. see a war being fought.
C. watch a statesman making attempt to bring about peace.
D. see heavens and hells.
33. Which of the following is NOT true?
A. TV can bring us entertainment.
B. By watching TV, people can widen their knowledge.
C. People know events and sounds from different world.
D. People can meet presidents without going out.

34. According to the passage, what don't entertainment programs include?
A. dramas
B. tragedies
C. musicals
D. motion pictures

35. With a TV set, a person can _____
A. watch president making a speech
B. see a foreign country
C. learn things in faraway lands
D. all of them (A, B, C)

VI. Finish each of the following sentences in such a way that it means exactly the same.

36. She doesn't get up late anymore.
→ She used _____
37. They started learning English four years ago.
→ They have _____
38. She is a far more serious student now than she used to be.
→ She studies _____
39. I'd like you to help me to put the chairs away.
→ Do you mind _____?
40. I'll do anything for you because I love you.
→ I'll _____ because of _____

Đề 17



I. Choose the word whose underlined part is pronounced differently from the rest by circling the corresponding letter A, B, C or D:

- | | | | |
|---------------|-------------|-----------|-----------|
| 1. A. thank | B. complain | C. insert | D. bag |
| 2. A. massage | B. carriage | C. voyage | D. dosage |
| 3. A. leaf | B. of | C. deaf | D. wife |
| 4. A. legs | B. stays | C. says | D. plays |
| 5. A. too | B. food | C. soon | D. good |

II. Choose the one word or phrase marked A, B, C or D that best completes the sentence.

6. He didn't want _____ play risky sports.
A. his kids to
B. that they
C. his kids should
D. that his kids
7. Dung _____ rehearsing for her first performance tomorrow at six, like every day.
A. is going to
B. can
C. is
D. will be
8. Trinh has _____ values different from ours.
A. another
B. others
C. each other
D. other
9. She doesn't like _____ television.
A. watching
B. looking
C. watch
D. see
10. What you are telling us _____ be true. It sounds too improbable.
A. can't
B. mustn't
C. must not
D. ought
11. Couldn't you go a little faster? I'm _____ a hurry.
A. of
B. on
C. at
D. in
12. Danh is _____ doing any housework.
A. disable of
B. incapable of
C. incapable of
D. disabled to
13. Linh _____ to lose weight, so she finally went on a diet.
A. wanted long
B. has long wanted
C. had long wanted
D. long wanted
14. Will you do me a favour if _____ you?
A. we all would like
B. somebody wants it
C. I ask
D. I want
15. "Some sugar?" - "
A. No, no me!
B. No, I don't.
C. Thanks, I'd like.
D. Yes, please
16. Can you deliver this letter _____ hand.
A. with
B. to
C. in
D. by
17. _____ flowers are made by hand and by machine.
A. Natural
B. Artificial
C. Tropical
D. Beautiful
18. Hardly ever _____ get a good job these days without a good education.
A. people might
B. do people
C. people can
D. have people
19. "Do you have any pets?" - "Yes, I have _____ kittens."
A. two small black
B. small two black
C. black small two
D. two black small
20. "What day is it?" - She asked me _____

- A. what day it was
C. what day was it
21. You look _____ you were tired.
A. like B. although C. until D. as if
22. Internet is very time consuming and _____ isn't it?
A. costful B. costly C. cost D. costing
23. Lan is poor now, if she _____ rich, she _____ travel around the world.
A. were / would B. became / would
C. is / can D. is / will
24. He speaks _____ good English that it is a pleasure to talk with him.
A. so B. such C. such a D. very
25. Only when you grow up _____ the truth.
A. you will know B. will you know
C. do you know D. you know

III. There is a mistake in the four underlined parts of each sentence. Identify your answer by circling the corresponding letter A, B, C or D.

26. He gave me same very valuable advices on buying a new house.
A B C D
27. I was shock when I got the news that I didn't know what to say.
A B C D
28. He got down to writing the letter as soon as he returns from his work.
A B C D
29. Despite of the roadblock, the police allowed us to enter the restored area to watch for our friends.
A B C D
30. My family often go to the stade on Sundays so I get used to enjoy part at there.
A B C D

IV. Read the following passage and choose the best answer by circling the corresponding letter.

Every year students in many countries learn English. Some of these students are young children. Others are teenagers. Many are adults. Some learn at school

others study by themselves. A few learn English just by hearing the language, in film, on television, in the office, or among their friends. But not many are lucky enough to do that. Most people must work hard to learn another language.

Learning another language? Learning English? Why do all these people want to learn English? Is it difficult to answer that question? Many boys and girls learn English at school because it is one of their subjects. They study their own language and Mathematics and English (In England, or America, or Australia, many boys and girls study their own language which is English, and Mathematics, and another language, perhaps French, or German, or Spanish).

Many adults learn English because it is useful for their work. Teenagers often learn English for their higher studies, because some of their books are in English at the college or university. Other people learn English because they want to read newspapers or magazines in English.

31. According to the writer, _____
A. only adults learn English
B. no children like learning English
C. English is only useful to teenagers
D. English is popular in most of the world
32. Many people learn English by _____
A. watching videos only
B. hearing the language in the office
C. working hard on their lessons
D. talking with the film stars
33. Many boys and girls learn English because _____
A. English can give them a job
B. It is included in their study courses
C. their parents make them
D. they have to learn their own language
34. In America or Australia many school children study _____
A. such foreign languages as French, German, and Spanish
B. English as a foreign language
C. English and Mathematics only
D. their own language and no foreign language
35. Many adults learn English because _____
A. their work is useful
B. they want to go abroad
C. most of their books are in English
D. it helps them in their work

V. Rewrite each of the following sentences in such a way that it means the same as the first sentence.

36. They have just opened a new supermarket in our town.

→ A new supermarket _____

37. I can't go to the party tonight because I am very busy.

→ If _____

38. This morning we met a man. He is my uncle.

→ The man _____

39. "Do you live in this flat with your parents?" Nam asked me

→ Nam asked me _____

40. It rained hard this morning but we went to school early.

→ Although _____

Đề 18

I. Choose the word that has a different pronunciation from the others of each group:

- | | | | |
|---------------|-----------|-----------|-------------|
| 1. A. school | B. church | C. much | D. children |
| 2. A. federal | B. ethnic | C. ten | D. religion |
| 3. A. widely | B. family | C. my | D. city |
| 4. A. day | B. stay | C. may | D. watch |
| 5. A. know | B. show | C. follow | D. now |

II. Choose the word that has a different main syllable stress from the others of each group:

- | | | | |
|------------------|-----------------|---------------|--------------|
| 6. A. correspond | B. friendliness | C. museum | D. however |
| 7. A. primary | B. peaceful | C. atmosphere | D. vacation |
| 8. A. depend | B. another | C. different | D. myself |
| 9. A. compulsory | B. mausoleum | C. recreation | D. introduce |
| 10. A. modern | B. visit | C. region | D. consist |

III. Choose the best option (A, B, C or D) below to complete the following sentences:

11. I _____ up at six this morning.

- A. wake B. woke C. have woken D. am waking

12. While her brother _____ in the army, Thu _____ to him twice a month.

- A. is - writes B. is - wrote C. was - writes D. was - wrote

13. He _____ Chinese for 3 years, but he doesn't study it now.

- A. studied B. studies C. has studied D. is studying

14. What were they doing at 9 o'clock _____?

- A. tomorrow B. recently C. yesterday D. now

15. Was it still snowing _____ you came in?

- A. if B. because C. when D. but

16. We looked out of the window. Some boys and girls _____ in the yard.

- A. are playing B. play C. played D. were playing

17. Nam visited us _____.

- A. last night B. tonight C. tomorrow night D. now

18. They bought this house 2 years _____.

- A. before B. ago C. after D. at present

19. She began to play tennis _____.

- A. last year B. next year C. in the future D. for years

20. He _____ go fishing with his brothers when he was young.

- A. will B. used to C. was used to D. was

IV. Supply the correct form of the verbs in parentheses:

21. We (go) _____ to school every morning except Sundays.

22. I can't answer the phone. I (have) _____ a bath.

23. She (live) _____ in Rome when she (be) _____ a little girl.

24. When I (get) _____ home, my mother (iron) _____ clothes.

25. Last night while her father (read) _____ a book, her mother (watch) _____ TV.

V. Choose the word or phrase (A, B, C or D) that best completes the sentences.

26. In 1987, the Great Wall was listed as a World Heritage _____ UNESCO.

- A. with B. to C. of D. by

27. We are all keen _____ taking a trip to the Great Wall of China.

- A. to B. on C. of D. in

28. We had to _____ the noise from the building site next door for three months.

- A. give up B. stand up to C. put up with D. look up to

29. Remember to take all your personal _____ from the overhead

- locker when you leave the airplane.
30. The structure _____ of approximately 2 million blocks of stone, each weighing about 2.5 tons.
- A. included B. treasure C. wealth D. profits
- A. included B. consisted C. contained D. combined

VI. Complete the spaces with the appropriate words:

MY BEST FRIEND

I have many friends of several races, and (31) _____ of my best friends is an English boy whose name is Owen.

We made (32) _____ when I stayed with my aunt in Leeds last summer. Owen is fifteen years old and lives near us. He is not only a clever boy (33) _____ also a good boy.

Owen's father is a businessman (34) _____ his mother is a nurse. They are very hard-working and kind to me.

Owen went to evening classes (35) _____ me. We were in the same class. He sometimes helped me in my lessons and I sometimes helped (36) _____ to do math exercises as well.

After (37) _____, Owen and I played some games. Now and (38) _____ we went out to catch some (39) _____ in the lake near our houses. We had a lot of fun (40) _____.

Indeed, I really like him.

Đề 19



I. Choose the word that has main stress placed differently from the others.

- A. generous B. suspicious C. constancy D. sympathy
- A. sorrow B. mutual C. pursuit D. influence
- A. acquaintance B. unselfish C. attraction D. humorous
- A. intelligent B. interesting C. hospitable D. favourite
- A. loyalty B. success C. incapable D. sincere

II. Choose the word that has the underlined part pronounced differently to the others.

- A. grade B. great C. sneaky D. embrace
- A. money B. notice C. glance D. ankle
- A. imagine B. glance C. geography D. religion
- A. looked B. noticed C. turned D. helped
- A. change B. English C. single D. anger

III. Complete these sentences with the appropriate form of the verbs in parentheses:

- David's sister (be) _____ seventeen now.
- We just (meet) _____ our English teacher in the street.
- Last Sunday (be) _____ my brother's thirteenth birthday.
- They often (go) _____ to work by taxi in the morning.
- You (see) _____ Duy and Phong recently?

IV. Choose the word or phrase (A, B, C or D) that best completes the sentence or substitutes for the underlined word or phrase.

- The structure consisted _____ approximately 2 million blocks of stone.
A. on B. with C. of D. in
- The Great Pyramid ranked _____ the tallest structure on earth for more than 43 centuries.
A. in B. of C. at D. as
- The purpose of the pyramid was to protect the burial chamber _____ the weather.
A. for B. from C. of D. in
- The Great Pyramid of Giza is one of the famous man-made wonders of the world.
A. artificial B. natural C. modern D. eternal
- The Great Pyramid was only _____ in height in the nineteenth century AD.
A. proposed B. promoted C. improved D. surpassed

V. Supply the correct form of the words in brackets:

- The newspaper is published twice (week) _____.
- The editor welcomes (correspond) _____ from readers on any subject.
- Unfortunately, we lack the resources to (modern) _____.
- We soon became (friend) _____ with the couple next door.
- He got into (difficult) _____ while swimming and had to be rescued.

VI. Choose the word or phrase (A, B, C or D) that needs correcting.

26. He hardly never says anything at the local meeting.
A B C D
27. All the students in the class are enough good to pass the final exam.
A B C D
28. Neither Sam nor James wanted their name associated with the project.
A B C D
29. Not only could the younger people completed all the work quickly and accurately, but the retired workers could also.
A B C D
30. Our nervous system has over ten billions nerve cells in a network covering every inch of our skin and organs.
A B C D

VII. Fill in the blanks with the most suitable words:

Support (31) _____ friends, family members, (32) _____ others who care (33) _____ us goes a long way in helping us to get by in times of trouble. Social (34) _____ systems provide us (35) _____ emotional sustenance, tangible resources and aid, and information (36) _____ we are in need. People with (37) _____ support feel cared (38) _____ and valued by others and (39) _____ a sense of belonging (40) _____ a larger social network.

Đề 20

I. Choose the word that has main stress placed differently from the others.

- | | | | |
|------------------|---------------|-----------------|---------------|
| 1. A. appreciate | B. experience | C. embarrassing | D. situation |
| 2. A. excited | B. interested | C. confident | D. memorable |
| 3. A. floppy | B. embrace | C. cotton | D. idol |
| 4. A. complain | B. destroy | C. terrify | D. imagine |
| 5. A. carefully | B. correctly | C. seriously | D. personally |

II. Choose the one word or phrase (A, B, C or D) that best completes the sentences or substitutes for the underlined word or phrase.

6. It was so relaxing to be _____ old friends.
A. in B. between C. among D. around
7. She's made friends _____ a little girl who lives next door.
A. to B. of C. by D. with
8. The children seem to be totally capable _____ working by themselves.
A. on B. of C. in D. for
9. Your friendship should be based on _____ trust.
A. basic B. fragile C. mutual D. blind
10. The company expects _____ from its employees.
A. constancy B. quality C. interest D. loyalty
11. I've got lots of _____, but only a few are really good friends
A. close friends B. acquaintances
C. neighbors D. partners
12. Friendship is a two-sided _____, it lives by give-and-take.
A. affair B. event C. aspect D. feature
13. Unselfishness is the very essence of friendship.
A. romantic part B. important part
C. difficult part D. interesting part
14. They _____ a close friendship at university.
A. created B. became C. promoted D. formed
15. We stayed friends even after we _____ and left home.
A. brought up B. turned up C. grew up D. took up
16. After Jessica _____ her degree, she intends to work in her father's company.
A. will finish B. finishes C. finished D. is finishing
17. As you _____ your car at the moment, can I borrow it?
A. don't use B. didn't use C. aren't using D. haven't used
18. When she saw a snake at her feet, she _____.
A. screamed B. was screaming C. had screamed D. screams
19. When he realised that I _____ at him, he _____ away.
A. looked - was turning B. was looking - turned
C. was looking - was turning D. looked - turned
20. I _____ the new Harry Potter book now, so you can borrow my copy if you like.
A. finish B. am finishing C. have finished D. had finished

III. Identify the one underlined word or phrase (A, B, C or D) that must be changed for the sentence to be correct.

21. When I kept getting unwanted calls, I called the phone company and
A B
had my phone number change.
C D
22. During a curfew it is not possible walking on the streets after
A B C
a specified hour.
D
23. Clay that has been heated or fired in a kiln cannot to be softened again.
A B C D
24. It is educational for children to observe adults to perform their daily tasks.
A B C D
25. As they grow older, children in many cultures taught not to rely
A B C
on their parents.
D

IV. Choose the sentence (A, B, C or D) which is closest in meaning to the sentence above.

26. I couldn't help laughing when he told me that story.
A. I couldn't resist laughing when he told me that story.
B. I couldn't help him tell that story.
C. I did not laugh when hearing that story.
D. The story he told me not help at all.
27. We think he was in London last year.
A. He was thought to be in London last year.
B. He was thought to have been in London last year.
C. He is thought to be in London last year.
D. He is thought to have been in London last year.
28. David seems really ill at ease in front of all those people.
A. David feels uncomfortable in front of all those people.
B. David is easy to be ill because of all those people.
C. David is ill because he stands in front of all those people.
D. David feels comfortable in front of all those people.
29. She has cooked for dinner for two hours.

- A. She didn't start cooking for dinner until it was two.
B. She started cooking for dinner two hours ago.
C. She has two hours to cook for dinner.
D. Cooking for dinner took her two hours.

30. I travel by bus as a last resort.
A. I always travel by bus.
B. Traveling by bus is my favorite.
C. I resort to bus when I am the last to come.
D. I only travel by bus when there're no other alternatives.

V. Choose the word or phrase (A, B, C or D) that best fits the blank space in the following passage.

During the (31) _____ years, many young people can at times be difficult to talk to. They often seem to dislike being questioned. They may seem (32) _____ to talk about their work at school. This is a normal (33) _____ of this age. Though it can be very hard for parents to understand, it is part of becoming (34) _____ of teenagers trying to be adult while they are still growing up. Young people are usually unwilling to talk if they believe, that questions are trying to (35) _____ up on them

Parents should do their (36) _____ to talk to their son and daughter about school, work and future plans but should not (37) _____ them to talk if they don't want to. Parents should also watch for danger signs. Some young people in trying to be adult may (38) _____ with sex, drugs, alcohol or smoking. Parents need to watch for any signs of (39) _____ behavior which may be connected with these and help if (40) _____.

- | | | | |
|---------------------|-----------------|-----------------|----------------|
| 31. A. early | B. teenage | C. childhood | D. recent |
| 32. A. unworried | B. unrestrained | C. unexpected | D. unwilling |
| 33. A. development. | B. appearance | C. circumstance | D. achievement |
| 34. A. free | B. confident | C. dependent | D. independent |
| 35. A. catch | B. check | C. keep | D. make |
| 36. A. well | B. good | C. better | D. best |
| 37. A. push | B. allow | C. put | D. expect |
| 38. A. experiment | B. approach | C. experience | D. attach |
| 39. A. unacceptable | B. unusual | C. normal | D. exemplary |
| 40. A. proper | B. appropriate | C. important | D. necessary |

Đề 21



I. Choose the word that has a different pronunciation from the others of each group:

1. A. ten B. religion C. ethnic D. federal
2. A. city B. widely C. family D. my
3. A. watch B. day C. may D. stay
4. A. show B. now C. know D. follow
5. A. between B. meat C. weekend D. bread

II. Choose the word that has the main stress is placed differently from that of the others.

6. A. wonder B. pyramid C. treasure D. belongings
7. A. surpass B. spiral C. propose D. mysterious
8. A. theory B. chamber C. consist D. structure
9. A. architect B. attraction C. museum D. construct
10. A. satellite B. artificial C. heritage D. ancient

III. Supply the correct form of the words in brackets:

11. It happened on the _____ of 24 and 25 April. (WEEK)
12. The _____ will be held in the school hall. (MEET)
13. That building is a style of architecture that combines tradition and _____. (MODERN)
14. There's no need to be so _____ towards us. (FRIEND)
15. I had considerable _____ persuading her to leave. (DIFFICULT)

IV. Choose the correct words to complete the sentences:

16. Most children nowadays prefer watching TV _____ reading.
A. from B. to C. than D. over
17. I hate camping because I can't _____ an umbrella tent in the wind and I can't make a fire in the rain.
A. put up B. set off C. take over D. turn round
18. I'm not very _____ on going to a football match today.
A. keen B. enthusiastic C. happy D. interested

19. She would make an excellent lawyer - she's conscientious and has a _____ mind.

A. well-trained B. well-informed
C. well-built D. well-intentioned

20. There has been an increase in the _____ of folk music over recent years.

A. popular B. popularity
C. popularize D. popularization

21. He never _____ angry for long.

A. stands B. stays C. lies D. walks

22. It'll cost _____ 500 dollars.

A. less B. fewer C. more D. at least

23. We don't have very _____ copies left.

A. much B. many C. a lot D. lots

24. (In Britain until the 1970s) A _____ school is a school for young people between the ages of 11 and 16 who did not go to a GRAMMAR SCHOOL

A. high B. college C. secondary D. university

25. The hotel offers a friendly _____ and personal service.

A. air B. space C. weather D. atmosphere

26. How _____ do you go to the theatre?

A. always B. usually C. often D. much

27. We have lived in the _____ house for twenty years.

A. familiar B. like C. likely D. same

28. Stop _____ and listen!

A. talking B. speaking C. saying D. telling

29. His sister can speak _____ fluently.

A. China B. the China C. Chinese D. the Chinese

30. English is a _____ language to Vietnamese people.

A. first B. second C. different D. foreign

V. Choose the underlined word or phrase (A, B, C, or D) that needs correcting.

31. Computers have made access to information instantly available just

A B C

by push a few buttons.

D

32. We have heard so many news about recent developments in computer technology.
A B C D

33. Fifteen hundred dollars a year were the per capita income in the United States in 1950.
A B C D

34. In science, the results of an experiment are not generally accepted until they had been duplicated in other laboratories.
A B C D

35. It is extremely important for an engineer to know to use a computer.
A B C D

VI. Read the reading below carefully, then say if the statements are true (T) or false (F):

During the 20th century, mass entertainment extended the reach of American culture, reversing the direction of influence as Europe and the world became consumers of American popular culture. America became the dominant cultural source for entertainment and popular fashion, from the jeans and T-shirts young people wear to the music groups and rock stars they listen to and the movies they see. People all over the world view American television programs, often years after the program's popularity has declined in the United States. American television has become such an international fixture that American news broadcasts help define what people in other countries know about current events and politics. American entertainment is probably one of the strongest means by which American culture influences the world, although some countries, such as France, resist this influence because they see it as a threat to their unique national culture.

36. Mass entertainment developed quickly in America in the 19th century.

37. Africa became a promising market for fashion.

38. American television programs are watched by people throughout the world.

39. American culture is declining.

40. France doesn't want American culture influences their nation strongly.

Đề 22



I. Choose the word that has a different pronunciation from the others of each group:

- | | | | |
|--------------------|-------------------|------------------|----------------------|
| 1. A. <u>bread</u> | B. <u>between</u> | C. <u>meat</u> | D. <u>weekend</u> |
| 2. A. <u>the</u> | B. <u>thing</u> | C. <u>there</u> | D. <u>without</u> |
| 3. A. <u>here</u> | B. <u>dear</u> | C. <u>there</u> | D. <u>hear</u> |
| 4. A. <u>but</u> | B. <u>unit</u> | C. <u>Sunday</u> | D. <u>compulsory</u> |
| 5. A. <u>find</u> | B. <u>visit</u> | C. <u>with</u> | D. <u>worship</u> |

II. Choose the word that has a different main syllable stress from the others of each group:

- | | | | |
|------------------------|--------------------|--------------------|------------------------|
| 6. A. <u>impress</u> | B. <u>comprise</u> | C. <u>activity</u> | D. <u>conversation</u> |
| 7. A. <u>difficult</u> | B. <u>parent</u> | C. <u>every</u> | D. <u>industrial</u> |
| 8. A. <u>partner</u> | B. <u>syllable</u> | C. <u>religion</u> | D. <u>reading</u> |
| 9. A. <u>children</u> | B. <u>between</u> | C. <u>weekend</u> | D. <u>family</u> |
| 10. A. <u>especial</u> | B. <u>without</u> | C. <u>follow</u> | D. <u>Sunday</u> |

III. Choose the one word or phrase (A, B, C or D) that best completes the sentences or substitutes for the underlined word or phrase.

11. What made you more interested _____ learning English?
A. on B. in C. with D. to
12. He always complained _____ his mother about his work.
A. with B. to C. at D. for
13. A few people enjoyed the exhibition, but the majority were _____.
A. restrained B. admirable C. impartial D. disappointed
14. The girl was so _____ that she didn't look at him in the face.
A. shy B. confident C. impatient D. sneaky
15. There is a growing tendency among singers to _____ some famous singers.
A. imitate B. follow C. reflect D. pursue
16. An only child often creates an _____ friend to play with.
A. imagery B. imaginable C. imaginary D. imaginative

17. I felt my face burning with _____.
A. confidence B. enthusiasm C. pleasure D. embarrassment
18. I believe that everyone has had _____ experiences in their life.
A. memorable B. observable C. acceptable D. reflexible
19. He rose from his chair and _____ her warmly.
A. protected B. replaced C. embraced D. appreciated
20. She showed her _____ by asking lots of trivial questions.
A. experience B. experienced C. inexperienced D. inexperience

IV. Supply the correct form of the words in brackets to complete these sentences:

21. Do you know Trinh Cong Son? He was one of the most famous (music) _____ in our country?
22. It's (tradition) _____ in America to eat turkey on Thanksgiving Day.
23. The car is quite small, (especial) _____ if you have children.
24. Dreams can be a rich source of (inspire) _____ for an artist.
25. Police have issued a (describe) _____ of the gunman.

V. Choose the word or phrase (A, B, C or D) that needs correcting.

26. Alaska, the largest state of the United States in area, is more than
A B C
twice the size that Texas.
D
27. Pollution is a topic of such important today that even elementary
A B
school children are well-informed about its danger.
C D
28. The Tour de France, always held each year during the month of July,
A B
is one of the mostly grueling cycling races held all year long.
C D
29. Either Mr. Andersin or Ms Wiggins are going to teach our class today.
A B C D
30. Alaska's vast areas of untamed wilderness attracts many people who
A B C
enjoy the outdoors.
D

VI. Read the passage carefully, then choose the most appropriate word (A, B, C or D) to complete the passage:

Energy, capacity of matter to perform (31) _____ as the result of its motion or its position in relation to forces acting on it. (32) _____ associated with motion is known as kinetic energy, and energy related to position is (33) _____ potential energy. Thus, a swinging pendulum has (34) _____ potential energy at the terminal points; at all intermediate (35) _____ it has both kinetic and potential energy in varying proportions. Energy (36) _____ in various forms, (37) _____ mechanical, thermal, chemical, electrical, radiant, and atomic. All (38) _____ of energy are interconvertible by appropriate processes. In the (39) _____ of transformation either kinetic or potential energy may be lost or gained, (40) _____ the sum total of the two remains always the same.

- | | | | |
|------------------|---------------|---------------|-------------|
| 31. A. work | B. employment | C. job | D. career |
| 32. A. Matter | B. Relation | C. Energy | D. Power |
| 33. A. named | B. said | C. asked | D. called |
| 34. A. height | B. maximum | C. many | D. minimum |
| 35. A. positions | B. places | C. situations | D. sites |
| 36. A. gains | B. exists | C. stands | D. sits |
| 37. A. including | B. owning | C. possessing | D. having |
| 38. A. formats | B. shapes | C. faces | D. forms |
| 39. A. way | B. process | C. progress | D. approach |
| 40. A. and | B. so | C. but | D. or |

Đề 23



I. Choose the word which has the underlined part pronounced differently from the rest.

1. A. share B. rare C. are D. declare
2. A. cooks B. loves C. joins D. spends
3. A. advises B. raises C. devises D. goes
4. A. teacher B. children C. chore D. school
5. A. hurry B. under C. pressure D. rush

II. Choose the word or phrase (A, B, C or D) that best fits the blank space in each sentence.

6. Not a word _____ since the exam started.
A. she wrote B. she had written
C. has she written D. she has written
7. Among the many valuable paintings in the gallery _____ a self-portrait by Picasso.
A. is B. are C. be D. were
8. My father isn't interested in tennis and _____.
A. my brothers don't either B. so aren't my brothers
C. neither do my brothers D. neither are my brothers
9. 'Did you enjoy the picnic?' 'I was okay, but I'd rather _____ to a movie.'
A. go B. be going C. have gone D. went
10. Since _____ to a warmer and less humid climate, I've had no trouble with my asthma.
A. upon moving B. moving C. I move D. I moving
11. He looked forward to _____ his first pay packet.
A. be receiving B. have received C. receiving D. receive
12. I'm sorry you've missed the train, it _____ five minutes ago.
A. had left B. left C. has left D. has been left
13. _____ you at the station if you'd told me you were coming today.
A. I'd meet B. I was met C. I met D. I'd have met

14. It was _____ that everyone answered it correctly.
A. so a simple question B. such a simple question
C. too simple question D. a more simple question
15. The university _____ by private funds as well as by tuition income and grants.
A. is supported B. supports
C. is supporting D. has supported
16. She glanced briefly _____ his label badge.
A. in B. on C. at D. up
17. _____ my experience, very few people really understand the problem.
A. To B. In C. With D. From
18. People here have a more relaxed attitude _____ their work.
A. to B. in C. on D. for
19. The novel is based on his _____ in the war.
A. attitudes B. images C. situations D. experiences
20. He has a very outgoing _____ and makes friends very easily.
A. person B. personal C. personality D. personage

III. Choose the underlined word or phrase (A, B, C, or D) that needs correcting.

21. The governor has not decided how to deal with the new problem already.
A B C D
22. Hardly he had entered the office when he realized that he had forgotten his office key.
A B C D
23. There are few areas of human experience that have not been writing about.
A B C D
24. I think you will enjoy the experience by taking part in the show.
A B C D
25. I find that necessary to do something about traffic problems in our city.
A B C D

IV. Choose the answer (A, B, C, or D) that is nearest in meaning to the sentence printed before.

26. The plane had scarcely taken off when it crashed.
A. The plane took off and soon afterwards it crashed.
B. The plane hardly crashed after it took off.

- C. When the plane was taking off, it crashed.
D. When the plane crashed, it hadn't taken off yet
27. Never has any one spoken to me like that!
A. I never speak that way.
B. Some people always speak to me that way.
C. Everyone speaks to me that way.
D. No one speaks to me that way.
28. It's a long time since I saw a movie.
A. I spent a long time looking for a movie to see.
B. I have seen some movies so far.
C. I haven't seen movie for a long time.
D. I saw a movie that took very long time.
29. He now goes to work on his bicycle instead of by car.
A. He still goes to work by car but more often on his bicycle.
B. He has stopped driving to work and goes by bicycle.
C. He has never gone to work in his car but always on his bicycle.
D. Since he bought the car, he has never used the bicycle to go to work.
3. I find myself at a loss to understand Harold's behavior.
A. I lost contact with Harold, so I couldn't understand him well.
B. I have to lose a lot to understand Harold's behavior.
C. I completely understand Harold's behavior.
D. I find Harold's behavior quite incomprehensible.

V. Supply the correct form of the words in brackets:

Earth Day, event first observed (31) (nation) _____ on April 22, 1970, to emphasize the necessity for the (32) (conserve) _____ of the world's natural resources. Starting as a student-led campus (33) (move) _____ initially observed on March 21, Earth Day has become a major (34) (education) _____ and media event. Environmentalists use it as an occasion to sum up current (35) (environment) _____ problems of the planet: the (36) (pollute) _____ of air, water, and soils; the destruction of habitats; the decimation of hundreds of thousands of plant and animal species; and the depletion of nonrenewable resources. The emphasis is on (37) (solve) _____ that will slow and possibly reverse the negative effects of human (38) (act) _____. Such solutions include recycling of manufactured materials, fuel and energy conservation, banning the use of (39) (harm) _____ chemicals, halting the destruction of major habitats such as rain forests, and (40) (protect) _____ endangered species.

Đề 24



I. Choose the word that has a different pronunciation from the others of each group:

- | | | | |
|-----------------|---------------|------------|-----------|
| 1. A. tradition | B. make | C. take | D. change |
| 2. A. consist | B. convenient | C. today | D. modern |
| 3. A. usually | B. many | C. why | D. poetry |
| 4. A. listen | B. first | C. student | D. stand |
| 5. A. jean | B. cheap | C. reason | D. wear |

II. Choose the word that has the main stress placed differently from that of the others.

- | | | | |
|------------------|------------------|----------------|-----------------|
| 6. A. scientist | B. president | C. engineer | D. astronaut |
| 7. A. conquest | B. venture | C. technical | D. artificial |
| 8. A. biography | B. psychological | C. approximate | D. congratulate |
| 9. A. aspiration | B. gravity | C. challenge | D. fortunate |
| 10. A. success | B. cosmonaut | C. extreme | D. appoint |

III. Choose the best answer in the following situations:

11. What do you say when you want to ask someone the way to the Central Market?
- A. Excuse me. Would you please tell me the way to the Central Market?
B. Sorry, sir. Where is the Central Market?
C. Hello, sir. Where is the Central Market?
D. Hi. Please tell me where is the Central Market?
12. What do you say when you want to know who is telephoning you?
- A. Good morning. Who's talking? B. Hi, there. Who are you?
C. Excuse me. Who's speaking? D. Sorry. Who's saying?
13. What do you say when you want to invite your close friend to go to the party with you?
- A. Sorry. Would you go to the party with me?
B. Trang, would you like to go to the party with me?
C. Are you free now? Go to the party with me!
D. What do you do? Go with me to the party.

14. What do you say when you want to know when your pen friend's birthday is?
 A. I want to know when were you born, Quang?
 B. Please tell me when is your birthday, Quang?
 C. Hello, Quang. I want to know your birthday.
 D. Quang, when is your birthday?
15. What do you say when you want to know whose car it is?
 A. Wow! Whose car is it, Sang?
 B. Wow! Sang, would you like to tell me whose car it is?
 C. Wow! Sang, tell me whose car is it?
 D. Wow! I want to know whose car is it, Sang?

IV. Choose the word or phrase (A, B, C or D) that best completes the sentences.

16. She plays tennis _____ recreation only.
 A. in B. to C. on D. for
17. I'm very fond _____ natural spectacular scenery.
 A. of B. in C. with D. at
18. We were all attracted _____ the beauty of nature there.
 A. in B. to C. with D. on
19. Watching television is by far the most popular _____.
 A. intensity B. occupation C. recreation D. passion
20. I am very _____ in the information you have given me.
 A. interested B. surprised C. depressed D. concerned
21. I like him _____ for his shyness.
 A. by far B. far better C. furthermore D. all the better
22. He _____ us for hours with his stories and jokes.
 A. supported B. entertained C. regarded D. raised
23. I've already had one holiday in Africa, and I'm not _____ on going there again.
 A. willing B. keen C. eager D. ready
24. We have bought extra food _____ our friends stay to dinner.
 A. provided B. if C. in case D. as long as
25. Football, rugby and baseball are the most popular _____ sports in Britain.
 A. watcher B. looker C. amateur D. spectator

V. Are the underlined verbs right or wrong? Correct them if they are wrong:

26. "Where's your key?" "I don't know. I lost it."
 27. I have been very tired, so I lay down on the bed and went to sleep.
 28. Mary went to Spain for a while but she's back again now.
 29. "Where's Ronaldinho?" "He has gone out. He'll be back in half an hour."
 30. I learned Chinese at school but I forgot most of it.

VI. Rearrange the following words in their correct orders to make meaningful sentences:

31. been married . for ten . they have . years.

32. working here . for six . she's been . months.

33. have Long . how long . known each . and Linh . other?

34. for a . learning English . I've been . long time.

35. been in . she has . hospital since Monday.

VII. Read the following passage carefully, and then choose the correct word(s) to complete it:

AT THE ART MUSEUM

Don't try to take in too much when you visit a museum. You'll just get tired. Find something you like to look (36) _____. Make comparisons.

Perhaps you like a particular color. Compare paintings to see how (37) _____ artists have used that color. Look for that color in (38) _____ kinds of art - for example, in rugs and pottery. What other colors do artists put with your color? Does your color get (39) _____ or dimmer as a result?

Maybe you like art with animals. Pick an animal and (40) _____ it in different paintings, carvings, weavings, or pots. Has the artist made you see things about the animal you've never noticed before?

36. A. for B. at C. by D. after
 37. A. different B. various C. similar D. same
 38. A. several B. some C. another D. other
 39. A. darker B. shinier C. brighter D. lighter
 40. A. see B. find C. select D. buy

Đề 25



I. Choose the word that has a different pronunciation from the others of each group:

- | | | | |
|---------------|------------|-----------|----------|
| 1. A. cross | B. not | C. lost | D. home |
| 2. A. dirt | B. skirt | C. ironic | D. birth |
| 3. A. rest | B. tell | C. before | D. get |
| 4. A. put | B. hungry | C. uncle | D. bus |
| 5. A. picture | B. village | C. river | D. find |

II. Choose the word that has the main stress is placed differently from that of the others.

- | | | | |
|------------------|---------------|------------------|---------------|
| 6. A. pursuit | B. leisure | C. popular | D. television |
| 7. A. memento | B. solitude | C. spectacular | D. athletics |
| 8. A. average | B. instrument | C. enormous | D. generous |
| 9. A. engrave | B. spectator | C. ability | D. undertake |
| 10. A. entertain | B. recreation | C. sophisticated | D. population |

III. Choose the best answer for the following questions:

11. What do you say if you don't like the party?
A. How awful is the party! B. What an awful party!
C. How awful the party is! D. B and C are correct
12. What do you say when you want to invite your classmate home?
A. Good evening. Huy. Come in and sit down!
B. How do you do. Huy! Come in, please!
C. Would you like to come to my house, Huy?
D. Come in and take a seat, Huy.
13. What do you say when you want your roommate to go to the fashion show with you?
A. Let's go to the fashion show with me!
B. Can you go to the fashion show with me?
C. Shall we go to the fashion show?
D. Would you like to go to the fashion show with me?

14. What do you say when you want to invite your guest something to eat?
A. Do you like something to eat?
B. What about something to eat?
C. Would you like something to eat?
D. A, B, C are correct.
15. What do people often write to end a letter?
A. I'm looking forward to receiving your reply.
B. Goodbye. See you later.
C. Bye. Have a good day.
D. Goodbye, friend. See you next time.

IV. Choose the word or phrase (A, B, C or D) that best completes the sentence or substitutes for the underlined word or phrase.

16. He built _____ his collection over a period of ten years.
A. in B. on C. into D. up
17. My brother takes photograph _____ a hobby.
A. as B. for C. in D. with
18. Any stamps that were common I gave _____ to my friends.
A. up B. back C. away D. out
19. I keep stamps. However, I would not call myself an avid stamp collector.
A. private B. keen C. major D. complete
20. There are some hobbies that I _____ in for a while besides reading and collecting.
A. occupy B. accomplish C. fascinate D. indulge
21. My uncle, who is an accomplished guitarist, taught me how to play.
A. skilful B. famous C. perfect D. modest
22. He is a great _____ of Picasso's early paintings.
A. admire B. admiration C. admirer D. admiring
23. I don't have much money, so I bought the camera _____.
A. newly B. second-hand C. immediately D. profitably
24. Cycling and karate are among her hobbies.
A. pursuit B. entertainment C. amusement D. pastime
25. Some of his pictures are quite _____ now.
A. collected B. collection C. collective D. collectable

IV. Combine the two sentences into one, using the word in brackets:

26. He's feeling very tired. He's feeling very thirsty. (and)

17. The singer was "_____ " on the piano by her sister.
A. played B. performed C. accompanied D. helped
18. The most important thing is to keep yourself occupied.
A. busy B. relaxed C. comfortable D. free
19. My parents lent me the money. _____, I couldn't have afforded the trip.
A. Only if B. Otherwise C. However D. Therefore
20. I don't know the title but I recognize the _____ of this song.
A. sound B. rhyme C. tune D. theme

IV. Put these words in their correct order to make meaningful sentences:

21. that he he said / there the / would leave / following day.

22. me that / she had / Mary told / at that / seen them / place.

23. that he / had not / Minh said / exam paper / finished his.

24. said that / the teacher / to do / we had / carefully / the exercises.

25. told the / the policeman / they mustn't / boys that / in the play hall street.

V. Rewrite the following sentences in such a way that the meaning is unchanged, beginning with the words given:

26. My father is five years older than my mother.
=> Nhung told me that _____
27. There is a man sitting in front of a woman.
=> Chinh told us that _____
28. Don't get up too late or you won't go to school in time.
=> Huy told his brother _____
29. We'll leave here tomorrow morning.
=> They said _____
30. The football match started ten minutes ago.
=> Khanh reported that _____

VI. Read the following passage carefully, and then say whether the

statements are true (T) or false (F):

WHY ENGLISH ISN'T REALLY ENGLISH

English is one of the great thieves. It is constantly borrowing. It started out taking words from Latin, Greek, French, and German.

Then English went on to borrow words from more than 50 different languages. From Italian, it took "cameo, stanza, and violin", for example. From Spanish and Portuguese, it borrowed the words "alligator, canyon, and sombrero". From Native Americans, it got "raccoon and wigwam". Peru contributed "llama and quinine". The Caribbean islands gave English "barbecue and cannibal". From Africa came "chimpanzee and zebra", from India came "bandanna, curry, and punch", and from Australia came "kangaroo and boomerang".

Science caused an explosion in words. Some words in science combine parts of Greek and Latin words. They include "penicillin, stethoscope, and supersonic". Others were borrowed from languages spoken today. "Robot" comes from a Czech word.

The English language has been stealing words for more than 1,500 years. The most complete dictionary of the English language contains a whopping 600,000 words.

31. Many words in English came from Latin, Greek, French, and German.
32. A lot of English words were taken from more than 50 different languages.
33. The words "alligator, canyon, and sombrero" came from French.
34. The English language today still uses several words from Native Americans.
35. "Barbecue and cannibal" dated from the Caribbean islands.
36. Several English words also came from Australia.
37. Wars caused an explosion in words.
38. In English there are no words in science borrowed from others.
39. The English language is only 1,500 years old.
40. There are about 600,000 words in the most complete dictionary of the English language.

Đề 27



I. Choose the word that has a different pronunciation from the others of each group:

1. A. guess B. blue C. glue D. true
2. A. watch B. that C. passage D. happen
3. A. about B. could C. shout D. count
4. A. cook B. school C. soon D. afternoon
5. A. internet B. remote C. spend D. event

II. Choose the word that has the main stress placed differently from that of the others.

6. A. Asian B. gather C. advance D. decade
7. A. facilities B. solidarity C. performance D. aquatic
8. A. appreciate B. promote C. participate D. introduce
9. A. athletics B. hockey C. volleyball D. rugby
10. A. volunteer B. competition C. enthusiastic D. intercultural

III. Choose the word or phrase (A, B, C or D) that best completes the sentence.

11. They've _____ a horrible new tower block where that lovely old building used to be.
A. put up B. put down C. pushed up D. pulled down
12. I agree with most of what you said, but I can't _____ your idea of letting children leave school at 14.
A. keep up with B. catch up with C. put up with D. go along with
13. _____ test was given, our class leader managed to get good marks.
A. Whenever B. Whatever C. However D. Wherever
14. _____ volleyball players, footballers cannot use their hands in the game.
A. Like B. Different C. Unlike D. Opposite
15. Our field _____ have performed very well.
A. artists B. athletes C. specialists D. sportmen
16. We may win, we may lose - it's just the _____ of the draw.
A. strike B. odds C. chance D. luck

17. The football match was so dull that most of the _____ left at half-time.
A. attendants B. audiences C. participants D. spectators
18. We live in an age of rapid scientific and technological _____.
A. advance B. advances C. advancing D. advancement
19. Shortly after receiving her gold medal, the Olympic champion answered questions at the press _____.
A. discussion B. assembly C. conference D. seminar
20. This multi-sport event is an occasion when friendship and _____ are built and promoted.
A. knowledge B. solidarity C. effort D. enthusiasm

IV. Supply the correct form of the words in brackets:

21. Before our modern age, people had a more physical and (act) _____ lifestyle.
22. Fax machines were a wonderful (invent) _____ at the time.
23. Their music still enjoys widespread (popular) _____ among teenagers.
24. Put an (advertise) _____ in the local paper to sell your car.
25. There's a world of (differ) _____ between liking someone and loving them.

V. Correct the mistakes in the following sentences, if any:

26. His older sister is born on 1972.
27. When have you been learning England?
28. They said that they will go to that city next month.
29. How usually do your parents take a nap by noon?
30. He has not money left now. He wishes he has some helping his family.

IV. Complete the following selection with the words provided:

"look, see, and, but, student, teacher, we, they, hard, well, more, most, offices, schools, have, get, children, parents"

YOUR SCHOOL LIFE

School life is the (31) _____ interesting in one's entire life. (32) _____

the students generally hold quite a different view. They're tired of the cares (33) _____ worries of their life. They long to be grown ups. (34) _____ think that they have to follow some hard and fast rules in (35) _____. At home they have to obey their parents. This, they greatly dislike. They have to work (36) _____ to pass examinations, if not they get scoldings. But I (37) _____ at things from quite a different angle. I am a (38) _____ and as such have some duties and responsibilities. I (39) _____ to do as my (40) _____ bid me to do...

Đề 28



I. Choose the word that has a different pronunciation from the others of each group:

- | | | | |
|----------------|------------|------------|-----------|
| 1. A. reenter | B. need | C. cheese | D. meet |
| 2. A. minimize | B. like | C. might | D. listen |
| 3. A. check | B. very | C. reduce | D. bed |
| 4. A. provide | B. pollute | C. collect | D. come |
| 5. A. shout | B. tour | C. about | D. count |

II. Choose the word that has the main stress placed differently from the others.

- | | | | |
|-------------------|---------------|----------------|---------------|
| 6. A. energy | B. exhausted | C. natural | D. plentiful |
| 7. A. electricity | B. geothermal | C. alternative | D. radiation |
| 8. A. available | B. potential | C. unlimited | D. infinite |
| 9. A. release | B. supplies | C. nuclear | D. convenient |
| 10. A. ecologist | B. fertilizer | C. dangerous | D. scientist |

III. Choose the correct answer to fill in the blanks:

11. His teacher was born _____ 1962.
A. in B. on C. at D. by
12. Trinh's birthday is _____ July 1st.
A. in B. on C. at D. by
13. They arrived at the station _____ 7 a.m. and 8 a.m.
A. at B. before C. after D. between
14. Saturday comes _____ Wednesday in the dictionary.
A. at B. before C. after D. between

15. When she was young, she _____ swimming with her brother.
A. uses to go B. used to go C. was used to go D. is used to going
16. What did your grandmother do _____?
A. yesterday night B. the night of yesterday
C. last night D. the night in yesterday
17. Yesterday afternoon he _____ absent from work because he had a very bad cold.
A. is B. was C. will be D. would be
18. The woman left the hall just a few minutes _____.
A. before B. after C. yet D. ago
19. They'll leave HCM city for Hanoi _____ half an hour.
A. on B. for C. in D. by
20. Have you finished writing your essay _____?
A. already B. yet C. just D. ago

IV. Supply the correct form of the words in brackets:

21. That sentence is not (grammar) _____ at all.
22. I have always been regarded as a (foreign) _____ by the local folk.
23. She taught us the words of a French (sing) _____.
24. He smiled at the (remember) _____ of their first kiss.
25. Teachers must keep a record of students' (attend) _____.

IV. Choose the word or phrase (A, B, C or D) that needs correcting.

26. Those of you who signed up for Dr. Daniel's anthropology class should
A B
get their books as soon as possible.
C D
27. The geology professor showed us a sample of volcanic rock dated back
A B C D
seven hundred years.
28. Scientists worry what the continued use of certain pollutants may damage
A B C
the Earth's ozone layer.
D
29. Cable television companies recently announced that it will increase services
A B C D
charges next year.

30. Rattan, a close relative of bamboo, is often used to make tables, chairs, and other furnitures.
- A B C D

V. Complete the spaces with the words provided:

"away, from, see, doctors, earth, make, waves, cameras, radar, deep"

OTHER WAYS WE USE RADIO WAVES

The radar that lets airplanes and ships "(31) _____" things in fog or things far away uses radio (32) _____. Radar systems send out radio waves. The radio waves bounce back (33) _____ any large object they hit and make images on a (34) _____ screen.

Radio waves help us explore (35) _____ space. Radio telescopes listen for radio waves from far (36) _____ in the universe. Astronauts in spacecraft talk to control centers on (37) _____ using radio waves. Radio waves beam pictures to Earth from (38) _____ on space probes visiting other planets.

(39) _____ use radio waves to see inside the body. They use radio waves from MRI machines to (40) _____ pictures of people's insides.

Đề 29



I. Choose the word that has a different pronunciation from the others of each group:

- A. matter B. family C. what D. panel
- A. column B. function C. number D. consume
- A. western B. panel C. American D. spend
- A. beauty B. country C. lucky D. try
- A. conclude B. body C. compare D. provide

II. Choose the word that has the main stress placed differently from the others.

- A. protect B. prohibit C. pollute D. cultivate
- A. agriculture B. extinction C. environment D. establishment
- A. nature B. dangerous C. interfered D. devastating

- A. capture B. discharge C. survive D. extinct
- A. fertilizer B. interference C. maintenance D. offspring

III. Choose the best option (A, B, C or D) that best completes the following sentences:

- When my mother was young, she _____ work in the garden for long hours.
A. can B. could C. will D. should
- That man _____ have committed the crime because he was with me that day.
A. mustn't B. shouldn't C. won't D. couldn't
- Since we have to be there by 8, we _____ take a taxi.
A. had better B. may C. ought D. are able to
- It _____ rain this afternoon. Why don't you take an umbrella?
A. could be B. must C. might D. had better
- _____ you help me with the homework?
A. May B. Shall C. Should D. Will
- He hasn't eaten anything since yesterday. He _____ be really hungry.
A. might B. will C. must D. can
- I put my keys on the table, but now it's gone. Someone _____ have taken it.
A. may B. had to C. should D. would rather
- Daisy is reading her English text because she has a test tomorrow. She _____ be studying.
A. will B. should C. must D. can
- We _____ put the fish in the fridge before it spoils.
A. had to B. may C. can D. had better
- Mr Brown is very rich. He _____ work hard for a living.
A. mustn't B. shouldn't C. can't D. doesn't have to
- What exactly is the influence of air pollution _____ human beings?
A. to B. with C. on D. for
- The campaign will hopefully ensure the survival _____ the tiger.
A. of B. for C. to D. on
- It is possible for local wildlife to coexist _____ industry.
A. to B. of C. in D. with
- The health of our children is being _____ by exhaust fumes.
A. danger B. endanger C. dangerous D. endangered
- The society was set up to _____ endangered species from extinction.
A. prevent B. distinguish C. preserve D. survive

IV. Supply the correct form of the words in brackets:

26. It was very (think) _____ of you to send the flowers.
 27. The Blue Mosque at Isfahan is the most beautiful (build) _____ I have ever seen.
 28. The clothes are available in warm (nature) _____ colours.
 29. Gas and oil (consume) _____ always increases in cold weather.
 30. Bathrooms don't have to be purely (function) _____.

V. Read the passage below carefully, and then say whether the statements are true (T) or false (F):**HOW DOES A RADIO WORK?**

Radios need electricity in order to work. Your portable radio gets electricity from batteries. Your clock radio gets electricity from a cord that you plug into an electrical outlet in a wall.

Radios have a power switch or button that lets you turn the radio on or off. Radios have a volume control that lets you play the sounds loudly or softly. Radios also have a dial or button that lets you tune in your favorite radio stations. Each station has a special number on the dial. When you tune in a station, your radio turns radio waves from that station into sound.

Radios have a special wire called an antenna that can pick up radio waves in the air. Radios first turn the radio waves into electrical signals. Then they turn the electrical signals into the sounds of music, traffic and weather reports, or news about your hometown sports teams.

31. Electricity isn't necessary for radios.
 32. A cord helps radios get electricity.
 33. You can turn the radio on or off without a power switch or button.
 34. A volume control is a need for you to play the sounds.
 35. You can tune in your favorite radio stations without the help of a dial or button.
 36. Every station has many numbers on the dial.
 37. Your radio turns sound from that station into radio waves when you tune in a station.
 38. An antenna can pick up radio waves in the air.
 39. Electrical signals come from radio waves.
 40. Sounds of music, traffic and weather reports are brought to you by radio power switches.

Đề 30**I. Choose the word that has a different pronunciation from the others of each group:**

- | | | | |
|-----------------|-------------|------------|------------|
| 1. A. celebrate | B. festival | C. respond | D. wedding |
| 2. A. very | B. slavery | C. family | D. try |
| 3. A. spring | B. rice | C. which | D. picture |
| 4. A. fall | B. man | C. call | D. tall |
| 5. A. says | B. days | C. pays | D. ways |

II. Choose the word that has the main stress placed differently from the others.

- | | | | |
|---------------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| 6. A. technology | B. competitive | C. facsimile | D. document |
| 7. A. courteous | B. subscribe | C. service | D. customer |
| 8. A. transit | B. transmit | C. transact | D. translate |
| 9. A. capacity | B. communal | C. secure | D. imagine |
| 10. A. installation | B. disadvantage | C. dissatisfied | D. disappointed |

III. Choose the one word or phrase (A, B, C or D) that best completes the sentences or substitutes for the underlined part.

11. Before Tet, supermarkets and shops are full _____ goods.
 A. of B. with C. in D. for
12. On the first -day of Tet, children _____ their new clothes and make New Year's wishes to their parents.
 A. take on B. pick on C. put on D. try on
13. People believed that what they do on the first day of the year will _____ their luck during the whole year.
 A. control B. influence C. exchange D. result
14. I looked everywhere but I couldn't find _____ at all.
 A. no one B. anyone C. someone D. somebody
15. Tet is really a time of fun and _____ throughout the country.
 A. holidays B. celebrations C. preparations D. festivals
16. The whole family usually tries to get together at Christmas.
 A. contact B. gather C. relate D. communicate

17. In Britain Christmas dinner usually _____ turkey, Christmas pudding and brandy butter.
A. brings on B. serves with C. consists of D. puts up
18. We wish you both- health and longevity.
A. long life B. happy life C. easy life D. exciting life
19. Vietnamese people usually make _____ for Tet several weeks beforehand.
A. preparing B. preparation C. preparatory D. preparations
20. She has as good chance as _____ of winning the race.
A. someone B. anyone C. everyone D. no one

IV. Supply the correct form of the words in brackets:

21. Her triumph was a cause for (celebrate) _____.
22. They attach great (important) _____ to the project.
23. Thanks to the automobile, Americans soon had a (free) _____ of movement previously unknown.
24. Seafood is a (special) _____ on the island.
25. There have been strange (happen) _____ here lately.

V. Make one sentence from two. Use relative clauses:

26. A bus goes to the airport. It runs every half hour.
_____.
27. The man loves me best. He is my older brother.
_____.
28. She sold us half a dozen apples. Most of them were bad.
_____.
29. The director doesn't work here any longer. You asked about him.
_____.
30. I put my pen in a certain place. I can't remember the place.
_____.

VI. Fill in the blanks with the correct forms of the words:

HOW DOES EROSION CHANGE EARTH?

Water (31) (flow) _____ through rivers can carve out deep canyons. The water (32) (carry) _____ sand and dirt to other (33) (place) _____. The Mississippi River dumps tons of dirt where it (34) (empty) _____ into the Gulf of Mexico. The dirt (35) (event) _____ piles up to create land where once there was ocean. This process makes rich farmland (36) (call) _____ the Mississippi Delta.

Wind can blow away sand and dirt (37) (leave) _____ bare rock. It can pile up the sand it erodes to make hills called sand dunes.

Glaciers can make big (38) (change) _____ in Earth. During the last ice age, glaciers (39) (cover) _____ much of North America. Glaciers carved out many (40) (lake) _____. They made the five Great Lakes.

TUYỂN TẬP CÁC DẠNG BÀI TẬP KHÁC

TEST 1

I. Put one of these verbs in each sentence:

"buy, catch, cost, drink, fall, hurt, spell, spend, teach, throw, win"

- Mozart _____ more than 600 pieces of music.
- "How did you learn to drive?" "My father _____ me."
- We couldn't afford to keep our car, so we _____ it out.
- I was very thirsty. I _____ the water very quickly.
- Tom and I played badminton yesterday. He's much better than me, so he _____ easily.
- Daisy _____ down the stairs this morning and _____ her leg.
- Jack _____ the ball to Peter, who _____ it.
- John _____ a lot of money yesterday. He _____ a shirt which _____ 100 dollars.

II. A friend has just come back from holiday. You ask him about it.

Write your questions:

- (where, go?) _____
- (go alone?) _____
- (food, good?) _____
- (how long, stay there?) _____
- (stay, at a hotel?) _____
- (how, travel?) _____
- (the weather, fine?) _____
- (what, do in the evening?) _____
- (meet anybody interesting?) _____
- (have, fun?) _____

III. Complete the sentences. Put the verb into the correct form, positive or negative:

1. It was warm, so I _____ off my coat. (take)
2. The film wasn't very good. I _____ it very much. (enjoy)
3. I knew Thanh was very busy, so I _____ her. (disturb)
4. I was very tired, so I _____ to bed early. (go)
5. The bed was very uncomfortable. I _____ very well. (sleep)
6. Anna wasn't hungry, so she _____ anything. (eat)
7. We went to Khanh's house but she _____ at home. (be)
8. It was a funny situation but nobody _____ (laugh)
9. The window was open and a bird _____ into the room. (fly)
10. The hotel wasn't very expensive. It _____ very much. (cost)

IV. Complete these sentences with the correct form of "used to" + a suitable verb:

1. Phong gave up smoking two years ago. He _____ 30 cigarettes a day.
2. Linh _____ a motorbike, but last year she sold it and bought a car.
3. We came to live in Ben Tre three years ago. We _____ in Ho Chi Minh City.
4. I rarely eat ice cream now but I _____ it when I was a child.
5. Dung _____ my best friend but we aren't friends any longer.
6. It only takes me about 40 minutes to get to work since the new road was opened. It _____ more than an hour.
7. There _____ a hotel opposite the station but it closed a long time ago.
8. When you lived in Tien Giang, _____ to the theatre very often?
9. Raul doesn't play football well today. He _____ a good footballer.
10. I have no time to enjoy music now. Years ago I _____ to music for long hours a day.

V. Complete the letter below, using the words provided:

Dear John,

This picture . Paris . weather . beautiful . hotel . excellent . my hotel room . there . colour TV . and . shower . food . not very good . Paris . expensive . My French . terrible . but . people . friendly . See . soon .

Best wishes,

Mary x x x

VI. Supply the correct form of the words in brackets:

1. We've got _____ coming this weekend. (visit)
2. The magazine is issued twice _____ (year)
3. She has set up in _____ as a hairdresser. (busy)

4. My first _____ of him was favourable. (impress)
5. You can't be _____ on your parents all your life. (depend)
6. There are no significant _____ between the education systems of the two countries. (differ)
7. We love Rome, _____ in the spring. (especial)
8. The book lists plants suitable for the British flower garden, among them many new _____. (introduce)
9. He needs more help with his _____. (read)
10. Watching television can be very _____. (educate)

VII. Read the reading below carefully, and then choose the synonyms and antonyms of the underlined words:

THE AUTHOR

The *creator* of the Harry Potter novels is writer J. K. Rowling. The J. K. *stands for* Joanne Kathleen. Rowling was *born* in a *small* town in southern England. She *studied* languages in college. But she *always* wanted to be a writer. *After* finishing college, she lived in Paris, France, and in Portugal. When she *returned* to the United Kingdom, she *began* to think about Harry Potter.

Rowling got the *idea* for the first Harry Potter book while on a train *journey* to London. Like many writers, her *first* book was *rejected* by a number of publishers. But Rowling persisted and eventually found a publisher for Harry Potter and the Philosopher's Stone. The book *appeared* in the United Kingdom in 1997.

SYNONYMS:

	A	B	C
1. creator	A. mother	B. author	C. founder
2. stand for	A. mean	B. suffer	C. take
3. study	A. research	B. examine	C. learn
4. return	A. come back	B. give back	C. answer
5. begin	A. start	B. appear	C. want
6. idea	A. view	B. opinion	C. thought
7. journey	A. flight	B. way	C. tour

ANTONYMS:

	A	B	C
1. born	A. dead	B. kill	C. destroy
2. small	A. important	B. immense	C. big
3. always	A. sometimes	B. once	C. never

4. after	A. in front	B. before	C. ahead
5. first	A. final	B. last	C. least
6. reject	A. keep	B. accept	C. hold
7. appear	A. go away	B. run away	C. disappear

VIII. Put the sentences into a complete reading:

PLAYWRIGHT IN LONDON

1. He wrote about two plays a year, while living in London.
2. But we know little about his life in London.
3. Two actors saw that his plays were printed.
4. He died in 1616.
5. Later, he retired in Stratford as a prominent citizen.
6. A collection called the First Folio came out seven years after his death.
7. Shakespeare made his reputation with 38 glorious plays.
8. Shakespeare's plays were well liked by audiences.
9. He never published the plays, but he saw them performed at the Globe and other London theaters.

TEST 2

I. You are writing a letter to your friend. In the letter you give news about yourself and other people. Use the words given to make sentences. Use PRESENT PERFECT:

Dear Hanh,

Lots of things have happened since I last wrote to you.

1. I. buy. new car. _____
2. my father. start. new job. _____
3. I. give. smoking. _____
4. Son and Cao. go. London. _____
5. Nhung. have. baby. _____

II. What has happened in these situations:

1. John had a beard. Now he hasn't got a beard.
=> He _____
2. Linh was here ten minutes ago. Now she's in bed.
=> She _____

3. The temperature was 25 degrees. Now it is only 20.
=> The temperature _____
4. The light was off. Now it is on.
=> Somebody _____
5. The tree was only three meters high. Now it is four.
=> The tree _____
6. The plane was on the runway a few minutes ago. Now it is in the air.
=> The plane _____

III. Put the verbs in brackets in the correct form, PRESENT PERFECT or SIMPLE PAST:

1. "Where's your key?" "I don't know. I _____ it. (lose)"
2. I _____ very tired, so I lay down on the bed and went to sleep. (be)
3. Minh _____ to NY for a while but in about an hour. (go)
4. "Where's Kim?" "She _____ out. She'll be back in an hour." (go)
5. I learned French at school but I _____ most of it. (forget)
6. I meant to phone Nhung last night but I _____. (forget)
7. I _____ a headache earlier but I feel fine now. (have)
8. Look! There's an ambulance over there. There _____ an accident. (be)
9. They're still building the new road. They _____ it. (not finish)
10. "Is Hoa still here?" "No, she _____ out." (just. go)

IV. Are the underlined parts of these sentences right or wrong? Correct the ones that are wrong:

1. Do you know about Sang? He has given up his job.
2. The Chinese have invented printing.
3. How many plays has Shakespeare written?
4. Have you read any Mark Twain's books?
5. John Lennon has been a British musician.
6. Ow! I have cut my finger. It's bleeding.
7. My parents have got married in 1967.
8. Where have you been born?
9. Monica isn't at home. She has gone shopping.
10. Albert Einstein has been the scientist who has developed the theory of relativity.

V. Put the verb into the most suitable form, PRESENT PERFECT or SIMPLE PAST:

1. TOM: Look! Somebody (spill) _____ coffee on the carpet.
PETER: Well, it (not. be) _____ me. I (not. do) _____ it.
2. TOM: Michael (break) _____ his leg.
PETER: He (fall) _____ off a ladder.
3. TOM: Your hair looks nice. (you. have) _____ a haircut?
PETER: Yes.
TOM: Who (cut) _____ it? (you. go) _____ to the hairdresser?
PETER: No, a friend of mine (do) _____ it for me.

VI. Supply the correct form of the words in brackets:

1. The festival is _____ held in July. (tradition)
2. Buses run _____ between the city and the airport. (frequent)
3. Anything was _____ to the tense atmosphere at home. (prefer)
4. There is a _____ quality to her playing. (poem)
5. He _____ avoided answering the question. (study)
6. There are plans to build a _____ of the by-pass next year. (continue)
7. The book is in its sixth _____. (print)
8. The government is providing an _____ £10 million to expand the service. (add)
9. Yesterday the pound _____ against the dollar. (strong)
10. She came out of the ordeal looking thin and _____. (wear)

VII. Read the reading below carefully, and then complete it with the words provided:

"fashion, with, Library, gown, worn, house, appeared, producing, established, illustration"

FASHION

English designer Charles Worth (1) _____ one of the most elegant (2) _____ houses in Paris in the late 1800s. The (3) _____ continued after his death in 1895, (4) _____ evening gowns such as the black one (5) _____ by this svelte model from 1921. Tubular in shape, the (6) _____ features a swath of fabric held at the hip (7) _____ a rose and is bordered with roses at the hemline. This (8) _____, entitled Le Paravent Rouge ("The Red Screen"), (9) _____ in the French fashion journal Gazette de Bon Ton. Bridgeman Art (10) _____, London/New York. Stapleton Collection, UK

VIII. Read the reading below carefully, and then answer the questions:

SEWING

The first sewing probably consisted of knotting fur at the edges of untanned animal hides to make body coverings. Early people also used bone needles and thread made of animal sinew to make clothing and other items—even shelters. Sewing continues today as a home craft as well as a major industry. Heavier applications of sewing include the construction of seat coverings for cars and trucks, tarpaulins, sails, awnings, and sporting goods such as tents and sleeping bags. Sewing is also necessary in upholstering furniture and making curtains and draperies.

1. What did the first sewing consist of?
2. What did early people use to make clothing and other items?
3. What is considered as a home craft?
4. Give some examples to show heavier applications of sewing.
5. Is sewing necessary? Give an example to show that.

TEST 3

I. Are the underlined parts of these sentences right or wrong? Correct the ones that are wrong:

1. She's lost her purse. She can't find it anywhere.
2. Have your parents seen the news on TV last night?
3. We've bought a new PC. Do you want to see it?
4. They've bought a new house last month.
5. Where have you and Oanh been yesterday morning?
6. Mr. Nam has left school in 1994.
7. I'm looking for my cat. Have you seen it?
8. We're very thirsty. We haven't drunk anything today.
9. Miss Linh hasn't been at work last Monday.
10. When has this magazine been published?

II. Make sentences from the words in brackets. Use PRESENT PERFECT or SIMPLE PAST:

1. (it. not rain. this week) _____
2. (the weather. cold. recently) _____
3. (it. hot. last week) _____
4. (I. not read. a newspaper. yesterday) _____
5. (He. not read. a magazine. today) _____

6. (Khoa. earn. a lot of money. this year) _____
7. (he. not earn. so much. last year) _____
8. (you. have. a holiday. recently?) _____
9. (she. born. 1990?) _____
10. (you. see. him. ten minutes ago?) _____

III. Put the verbs into the correct form:

1. If we (know) _____ her number, we would phone her.
2. We (not buy) _____ that sewing machine if we were you.
3. I (help) _____ him if I could, but I'm afraid I can't.
4. You would need a car if you (live) _____ in the country.
5. If I had the choice, I (live) _____ in Madrid.
6. This coffee isn't very good. It would taste better if you (not put) _____ in so much sugar.
7. We wouldn't mind living in Moscow if the weather (be) _____ better.
8. If I (be) _____ you, I (not wait) _____ for them now.
9. They're always tired all the time. If they (not go) _____ to bed so late every night, they wouldn't be tired all the time.
10. If you ask me for help, I (be) _____ willing.

IV. Complete the sentences. Each time use AT, ON or IN + one of the following:

"the evening, the moment, Sundays, about 10 minutes, 21 July 1969, the Middle Ages, 1492, the 1920s, 11 seconds, Christmas, the same time, night"

1. Columbus made his first voyage from Europe to America _____.
2. In Britain most people don't work _____.
3. You can see the stars _____ if the sky is clear.
4. I'd like to relax _____ after working hard during the day.
5. The first man walked on the moon _____.
6. It seems to be difficult to listen if everyone is speaking _____.
7. I know that jazz became popular in the United States _____.
8. He's going out to the store. He'll be back _____.
9. Many of Europe's great cathedrals were built _____.
10. In Britain people send each other cards _____.

V. Put in AT, ON or IN where necessary. Leave an empty space (X) if no preposition is necessary:

1. I'll see you _____ Saturday.

2. They say they will see me _____ next Sunday.
3. What are you doing _____ Friday?
4. He's doing nothing _____ the weekend.
5. We often go out _____ the evenings.
6. They often stay at home _____ Saturday evenings.
7. Does your mother work _____ Friday?
8. We don't go to school _____ every Sunday.
9. They usually have a holiday _____ the summer.
10. Hanh and Nguyen got married _____ 29 January 2005.

VI. Supply the correct form of the words in brackets:

1. I'll meet you at the main (enter) _____.
2. These tokens are (exchange) _____ for CDs and cassettes only.
3. We're going to Japan at the (begin) _____ of July.
4. The report is (primary) _____ concerned with aircraft safety.
5. Satisfactory (complete) _____ of the course does not ensure you a job.
6. He is a pupil and his father is a (farm) _____.
7. You may find it (help) _____ to read this before making any decisions.
8. For further (inform) _____ on the diet, write to us at this address.
9. He was so exhausted that he fell (sleep) _____ at his desk.
10. The hotel has a lovely (home) _____ feel to it.

VII. Read the reading below carefully, and then complete it with the words provided:

A VISIT TO THE COUNTRYSIDE

My name is Sang. Last week, I (1) _____ the countryside with my classmates. The place is not very far (2) _____ our town. We came there by bus - a journey of 3 hours.

On (3) _____ there, we went straight to our friend's village house. He is Quang (4) _____ parents are farmers. They're living in the (5) _____. We drank coconut milk and ate a lot of cakes. (6) _____ that we went to the field to fly kites. Then we (7) _____ swimming in the river near Quang's house. We played games (8) _____.

Finally, in the afternoon we (9) _____ the countryside for the town. And I got home at about 6:30. We (10) _____ had a lot of fun. The countryside is wonderful to me.

Every child should (11) _____ his mother. A girl or boy learns many good things from mother. Mother teaches us to be obedient, (12) _____ and friendly to others.

1. A. came back B. visited C. arrived
2. A. away B. to C. from
3. A. arriving B. going C. coming
4. A. who B. whom C. whose
5. A. country B. countryside C. city
6. A. Before B. While C. After
7. A. went B. was C. liked
8. A. together B. each other C. one another
9. A. said good-bye B. left C. came home
10. A. however B. really C. happily
11. A. like B. need C. love
12. A. hopeful B. healthy C. helpful

VIII. Read the reading below carefully, and then answer the questions:

COUNTRY LIFE AND CITY LIFE

Whether country life is better than city life, depends on the individual.

In the country we live in the bosom of nature, while in a town we are surrounded by man-made things and so it has little contact with nature.

In the country most of the people live in "Thatched" houses. The green fields stretch out on all sides, flowers are in their full bloom, birds sing on the trees and other beautiful aspects of nature greet the eye and the ear. Therefore, country life is full of charms. The rippling river, the grazing cows, the playing children and the setting sun behind the clouds are great sources of pleasure to the mind of a man.

The villagers always lead a healthy life due to fresh air and fresh food. Again, they are very contented people because they have few demands. No doubt, country life has some disadvantages but even then it is better than town life.

1. Does the writer think that city life is better than country life?
2. Do we have a lot of contact with nature when we live in a country?
3. Where do most of people live in the country? What about in the city nowadays as you know?
4. Where do people often see or hear birds sing on the trees? In a town or in the countryside? What about you?
5. What are great sources of pleasure to the mind of a man?
6. Why do the villagers lead a healthy life?

TEST 4

I. Someone says something to you which is the opposite of what they said before. Write a suitable answer beginning "I thought you said...":

Example: "I haven't been to the opera for ages."

=> I thought you said you went to the opera last week.

1. "That hotel is expensive."
=> Is it? I thought you said _____.
2. "Long is coming to the party tonight."
=> Is he? I thought you said _____.
3. "Nguyen likes Nhung."
=> Does he? I thought you said _____.
4. "I know a lot of people."
=> Do you? I thought you said _____.
5. "I'll be here tomorrow."
=> Will you? I thought you said _____.
6. "I'm going out this morning."
=> Are you? I thought you said _____.
7. "I can speak a little Chinese."
=> Can you? I thought you said _____.

II. Complete the sentences with SAY or TELL in the correct form:

1. Dung _____ goodbye to me and left.
2. Please _____ me about your vocation. Did you have a good time?
3. Don't just stand there! _____ something!
4. We wonder where David is. He _____ he would be here at 7 o'clock.
5. Henry _____ me that he was tired of his new job.
6. Don't _____ anyone else what I _____. It's a secret between us.
7. The doctor _____ that I had to rest for at least a week.
8. "Did he _____ you what happened?" "No, he didn't _____ anything to me."
9. Tom couldn't help us. He _____ us to ask Peter.
10. Mary couldn't help him. She _____ to ask Anna.

III. The following sentences are direct speech:

"Don't wait for me if I'm late.. Can you open your bag, please?. Please slow down!. Don't worry, Ronaldo.. Will you marry me?. Hurry up.. Mind your

own business.. Can you repeat what you said, please?. Do you think you could give me a hand, Thomas?

Now choose one of those to complete each sentence below.
Use Reported speech:

1. Jacky was taking a long time to get ready, so I _____.
2. Susan was driving too fast, so I _____.
3. Ronaldo was very pessimistic about the solution. I _____.
4. I couldn't move the desk alone, so I _____.
5. The customs officer looked at me suspiciously and _____.
6. I had difficulty understanding her, so I _____.
7. I didn't want to delay Diana, so I _____.
8. Hanh was very much in love with Nguyen, so she _____.
9. They started asking me personal questions, so I _____.

IV. Write a sentence with IF... for each situation:

1. We don't visit you very often because you live far away.
=> If you _____.
2. She doesn't speak very clearly. That's why people don't understand her.
=> I she _____ more _____, people _____.
3. That car is too expensive, so I'm not going to buy it.
=> If the car _____.
4. We don't go out very often because we can't afford it.
=> If we _____.
5. It's raining so we can't have meal in the garden.
=> If it _____.
6. We have to work tomorrow afternoon so we can't meet you.
=> If we _____.

V. Write sentences beginning with "I wish...":

1. He didn't know many people (and he's lonely.)
=> He wishes _____.
2. She doesn't have a key (and she needs one.)
=> She wishes _____.
3. Lan isn't here (and I need to see her.)
=> I wish _____.
4. It's cold! (and they hate cold weather.)
=> They wish _____.

5. We live in a big city (and we don't like it.)
=> We wish _____.
6. I can't go to the meeting (and I'd like to.)
=> I wish _____.
7. He has to work tomorrow (but he'd like to stay in bed.)
=> He wishes _____.
8. I don't know anything about computers (and my computer has just broken down.)
=> I wish _____.
9. We aren't lying on a beautiful sunny beach (and that's a pity.)
=> We wish _____.
10. I don't have enough money (and I want to buy a new bicycle.)
=> I wish _____.

VI. Supply the correct form of the words in brackets:

1. The fact that he was a (foreign) _____ was a big disadvantage.
2. He made the announcement in a (speak) _____ on television.
3. I had considerable (difficult) _____ (in) persuading her to leave.
4. His stories usually have a happy (end) _____.
5. It's (terrible) _____ important for parents to be consistent.
6. A child answering the (describe) _____ of the missing boy was found safe and well in London yesterday.
7. It didn't take much (persuade) _____ to get her to tell us where he was.
8. She hadn't seen Laura since her (school) _____.
9. Only in his dreams does he give (express) _____ to his fears.
10. I am not really (suitable) _____ dressed for a party.

VII. Read the reading below carefully, and then correct the mistakes (There are TEN mistakes only):

Lines	The reading	Mistakes
	WHY ENGLISH ISN'T REALLY ENGLISH (cont.)	
1	... Science caused an explosive in words. Some	
2	words in scientist combine parts of Greece	
3	and Latin words. They include <i>penicillin</i> ,	
4	<i>stethoscope</i> , but <i>supersonic</i> . Others were	
5	borrowed to languages spoken today. <i>Robot</i>	
6	comes from a Czech letter.	
7	The England language has been stealing words	
8	for many than 1,500 years. The most completion	
9	dictionary of the English words contains a	
10	whopping 600,000 words.	
11		
12		

VIII. Read the reading below carefully, and then answer the questions.

MEANING IN LANGUAGE

While the fields of language study mentioned above deal primarily with the form of linguistic elements, semantics is the field of study that deals with the meaning of these elements. A prominent part of semantics deals with the meaning of individual morphemes. Semantics also involves studying the meaning of the constructions that link morphemes to form phrases and sentences. For instance, the sentences "The dog bit the man" and "The man bit the dog" contain exactly the same morphemes, but they have different meanings. This is because the morphemes enter into different constructions in each sentence, reflected in the different word orders of the two sentences.

1. What do fields of language study deal primarily with?
2. Does semantics deal with the meaning of these elements?
3. What does a prominent part of semantics deal with?
4. What involves studying the meaning of the constructions that link morphemes to form phrases and sentences?
5. Do the two sentences "The dog bit the man" and "The man bit the dog" have the same meanings?
6. Why don't they have the same meaning?

TEST 5

1. Put a question tag on the end of these sentences:

1. Thanh won't be late, _____? No, she's never late.
2. You're hungry, _____? Yes, a little.
3. You've got a new watch, _____? Yes, why? Do you want to borrow it?
4. You weren't reading, _____? Yes, I was.
5. Samuel doesn't know Michael, _____? No, they've never met.
6. Jim's on holiday, _____? Yes, he's in Brazil.
7. Pam's applied for the job, _____? Yes, but he won't get it.
8. You can speak Korean, _____? Yes, but not very fluently.
9. She won't mind if I use the phone, _____? Yes, of course.
10. There're a lot of people here, _____? Yes, more than I expected.

2. Read the situations and write a sentence with a question tag. In each situation you are asking your friend to agree with you:

1. You look out of the window. The sky is blue and the sun is shining. What do you say to your friend? (beautiful day)
=> It's _____?
2. You're with a friend outside a restaurant. You're looking at the prices, which are very high. What do you say? (expensive)
=> It's _____?
3. You've just come out of the cinema with a friend. You really enjoyed the film. What do you say to your friend? (great)
=> The _____?
4. You and a friend are listening to a woman singing. You like her voice. What do you say to your friend? (a lovely voice)
=> She's _____?
5. You're trying on a jacket. You look in the mirror and you don't like what you see. What do you say to your friend? (not look, very good)
=> It _____?
6. Your friend's hair is much shorter than when you last met. What do you say to him, her? (have, your hair, cut)
=> You've _____?
7. You and a friend are walking over a wooden bridge. It is very old and some parts are broken. What do you say? (not very safe)
=> This _____?

III. In these situations you are asking for information and asking people to do things. Make sentences like the example below:

Example: You need a dictionary. Perhaps Trung has got one. Ask him.

=> Trung, you haven't got a dictionary, have you?

1. You need a pen. Perhaps Linh has one. Ask her.
=> Linh, you _____?
2. Vinh is just going out. You want him to get you some envelopes. Ask him.
=> Vinh, you _____?
3. You're looking for Phong. Perhaps Anh knows where he is. Ask her.
=> Anh, you _____?
4. You need a bicycle bump. Perhaps Chinh has got one. Ask him.
=> Chinh, you _____?
5. You're looking for your keys. Perhaps Hoa has seen them. Ask her.
=> Hoa, you _____?

IV. Complete each sentence with one of these verbs:

"answer, see, supply, try, be, listen, make, use, wash, work, write"

1. The girl tried to avoid _____ my question.
2. Could you please stop _____ so much noise?
3. Do you really enjoy _____ to music?
4. He considered _____ for the job but in the end he decided against it.
5. You haven't finished _____ your hair, have you?
6. You'll risk _____ knocked down if you walk into the street without looking.
7. Mr. Ba is now 65 but he isn't going to retire yet. He wants to go on _____.
8. I don't mind you _____ my bicycle as long as you return it back by tomorrow.
9. Oanh gave up _____ to find a job in this city and decided to go to another city.
10. Do you know when he started _____ these books?

V. Complete the sentences for each situation using -ING:

1. Thanh: What shall we do?
Lan: We could go to the zoo.
You: Lan suggested _____.
2. Quang: Do you want to play table tennis?
Vinh: No, not really.
You: Vinh didn't fancy _____.

3. Son: You were driving too fast.
Cao: Yes, it's true. Sorry!
You: Cao admitted _____.
4. Long: Why don't we go for a swim?
Huy: That's a good idea.
You: Long suggested _____.
5. Trinh: You broke the window.
Chung: No, I didn't.
You: Chung denied _____.
6. Phi: Can you wait a few minutes?
Minh: Sure, no problem.
You: Minh didn't mind _____.

VI. Supply the correct form of the words in brackets:

1. Are you any good at map (read) _____?
2. The UN Conference on Environment and Development is (popular) _____ known as the "Earth Summit".
3. Martin is developing the (commerce) _____ side of the organization.
4. American English is significantly (differ) _____ from British English.
5. This combination of cheese and apples is not an (invent) _____ of the north of England.
6. People in many (develop) _____ countries are free of forms of cancer that are common in the West.
7. The horse was a (pity) _____ sight because it was very thin or sick.
8. There are doubts about the (use) _____ of these tests.
9. I found the talk both informative and (entertain) _____.
10. Ronaldinho has a reputation for fair play and good (sport) _____.

VII. Read the reading below carefully, and then complete it with the suitable words:

MOVIES

- What is your favorite (1) _____? Maybe you like cartoon-like movies. (2) _____ you like a movie that is full of action. Movies (3) _____ a wonderful kind of make-believe.

A movie is a series of (4) _____. Each image is a still photograph, just like a picture you take with a regular (5) _____. But the pictures flash by so fast in a movie (6) _____ the images blend together and overlap. (7) _____ a result, you see horses run, people talk, cars plunge over mountainsides, (8) _____

_____ other kinds of motion. That's why movies are sometimes called (9) _____ pictures. Movies are also called films (10) _____ they are photographed, or filmed.

VIII. Read the reading below carefully, and then say whether the statements are true (T) or false (F) or no information (No):

HOW DO THEY MAKE CARTOONS?

Cartoons are called animated films. Artists draw the scenes. They draw the background and the characters. Each drawing of the character is slightly different. For example, the legs are in different places if the character is running. A special camera takes pictures of each scene the artist has drawn. When the pictures are played back, it looks like the character is running. Making drawings that seem to move is called animation.

Some enjoyable animated films include *Snow White and the Seven Dwarfs* (1937), *Beauty and the Beast* (1991), *The Lion King* (1994), and *Finding Nemo* (2003). In some films, there are both animated characters and human actors, as in *Space Jam* (1996). *Space Jam* stars Bugs Bunny and basketball star Michael Jordan.

1. People call cartoons animated films.
2. Scenes in films are drawn by actors.
3. Artists use pens and pencils to draw the background and the characters.
4. All the drawings are the same.
5. We can't see the character's legs and arms as he is running.
6. Actresses use cameras to take pictures.
7. You can see characters running as the pictures are played back.
8. Animation is a film in which drawings of people and animals seem to move.
9. *The Lion King* (1994) is one of the enjoyable animated films.
10. You can see both animated characters and human actors in *Harry Potter*.

TEST 6

I. Put the verb into the correct form:

1. They would be rather offended if you (not. go) _____ to see them.
2. If we took more exercise, we (feel) _____ better.
3. If he was offered a job, I think he (take) _____ it.
4. I'm sure Dung will lend you the money. I'd be very surprised if he (refuse) _____.
5. If he sold his motorbike, he (not. get) _____ much money for it.

6. A lot of people would be out of work if the company (close down) _____.
7. What would happen if we (press) _____ that red button?
8. Nhung gave him the ring. She (be) _____ very upset if he lost it.
9. Mai and Thy are expecting us. They could be disappointed if we (not. come) _____.
10. Would Trang mind if I (borrow) _____ her dictionary without asking her?

II. Put in IN CASE or IF:

1. Anna might phone this evening. I don't want to go out _____ she phones.
2. _____ your car is stolen, you should tell the police.
3. I hope you'll come to Singapore sometime. You can stay with me _____ you come.
4. This letter is for Mike. Can you give it to him _____ you see him?
5. Write your name and address on your bag _____ you lose it.
6. Go to the lost property office _____ you lose your bag.
7. The burglar alarm will ring _____ someone tries to break into the house.
8. We've just painted the door. I'll put a WET PAINT notice next to it _____ someone doesn't realize it's just been painted.
9. I was advised to arrange insurance _____ I needed medical treatment while I was abroad.
10. We rang the bell again _____ they hadn't heard it the first time.

III. Choose the correct word or expression for each sentence:

1. You can use my motorbike (unless/ as long as) you drive carefully.
2. We're playing badminton tomorrow (unless/ providing) it's raining.
3. I'm playing tennis tomorrow (unless/ providing) it's not snowing.
4. I don't mind if you come late (unless/ as long as) you come in quietly.
5. We're going now (unless/ provided) you want us to stay.
6. He doesn't watch TV (unless/ as long as) he's got nothing else to do.
7. Children are allowed to use the swimming pool (unless/ provided) they are with an adult.
8. (Unless/ Provided) they are with an adult, children are not allowed to use the swimming pool.
9. We can sit here in the corner (unless/ as long as) you'd rather sit over there by the window.
10. A: Our holiday cost a lot of money.
B: Did it? Well, that doesn't matter (unless/ as long as) you enjoyed yourselves.

IV. What does AS mean in these sentences? Make a tick (✓) in the boxes (1) for BECAUSE or (2) for AT THE SAME TIME AS:

Sentences	1	2
1. As they live near us, we see them very often.		
2. Loan slipped as she was getting off the bus.		
3. As he was tired, he went to bed early.		
4. Unfortunately, as she was parking the car, she hit the car behind.		
5. As we climbed the hill, we got more and more tired.		
6. They decided to go out to eat as they had no food at home.		
7. As you don't use the bike, you should sell it.		
8. As we were asleep, we didn't hear the doorbell.		
9. As I walked into the room, the phone started ringing.		
10. Hinh arrived as Minh left.		

V. Join a sentence from List A with one from List B. Begin each sentence with AS:

A	B
1. Yesterday was a public holiday	A. I walked in
2. It was a nice day	B. We came in very quietly
3. We didn't want to wake anybody up	C. All the shops were shut
4. The door was open	D. We didn't know what time it was
5. None of us had a watch	E. We went for a walk by the sea

VI. Supply the correct form of the words in brackets:

- Don't stay out in the sun for too long-you can't be too (care) _____.
- The government is responsible for the (provide) _____ of health care.
- The team has had a (disappoint) _____ start to the season.
- These days beaches are covered with (pollute) _____.
- Only 8 of the 28 (start) _____ completed the course.
- They're living in a (beauty) _____ decorated house.
- He seems to be a good (listen) _____.
- It was a remarkable (achieve) _____ for such a young player.
- Their frustration needs some form of (express) _____.
- He is known as an independent television (produce) _____.

VII. Read the reading below carefully, and then complete it with the words provided:

WHAT IS AIR?

Air is a mixture of several different (1) _____. The main gases in air are nitrogen, oxygen, (2) _____ argon. Air also contains smaller (3) _____ of hydrogen, carbon dioxide, water vapor, helium, and (4) _____ gases. Oxygen is the most important gas for (5) _____. Animals must breathe oxygen in order to (6) _____.

Carbon dioxide is the (7) _____ important gas for plants. Plants use carbon dioxide and (8) _____ to make food. Plants give off (9) _____. Animals turn the oxygen back into carbon dioxide when they (10) _____.

- A. gases B. oxygen C. carbon
- A. but B. also C. and
- A. numbers B. amounts C. groups
- A. another B. other C. each
- A. animals B. men C. trees
- A. eat B. live C. drink
- A. more B. much C. most
- A. sunlight B. rain C. wind
- A. carbon B. hydrogen C. oxygen
- A. blow B. breathe C. smile

VIII. Read the reading below carefully, and then make questions to the answers and answer the questions:

TAKING AIR WITH YOU

You can go to places where there is no air. There is no air underwater, but you can dive underwater. You can stay underwater a short time just by holding your breath. Air tanks let you stay underwater for a long time. Scuba divers wear tanks on their backs. The tanks are filled with gases that make up air. The divers breathe the gases through hoses.

There is less and less air the higher up you go. People gasp for breath at the tops of tall mountains. Airplanes must carry air. Once the airplane gets up high, air is pumped into the cabin where passengers sit. Astronauts have to take all the air they need with them—there's no air in space!

- QUESTION: Can you go to places where there is no air?
ANSWER: _____.
- QUESTION: Tell me a place where there is no air.
ANSWER: _____.
- QUESTION: Can you stay underwater for a short time?
ANSWER: _____.

4. QUESTION: _____?
ANSWER: Air tanks do.
5. QUESTION: _____?
ANSWER: They wear tanks on their backs.
6. QUESTION: _____?
ANSWER: They are filled with gases that make up air.
7. QUESTION: Is there much air in higher places?
ANSWER: _____.
8. QUESTION: Do people breathe easily at the tops of tall mountains?
ANSWER: _____.
9. QUESTION: _____?
ANSWER: Air is pumped into the cabin where passengers sit.
10. QUESTION: Is there air in space?
ANSWER: _____.

TEST 7

I. Use AS to join a sentence from List A with one from List B:

A	B
1. we all waved goodbye to Linh	A. we were driving along the street
2. we all smiled	B. I was taking a hot dish out of the oven
3. I burnt myself	C. she drove away in her car
4. the crowd cheered	D. we posed for the photograph
5. a dog ran out in front of the car	E. the two teams ran onto the field

II. Complete the sentences using one of these phrasal verbs (in the correct form):

break down, *clear up* (= become brighter- for weather), *close down* (= go out of business), *doze off* (= fall asleep), *drop out* (= stop taking part in something), *move in* (= start living in a house, etc.), *show off* (= show how clever you are), *turn up* (= appear, arrive)

- Sorry we're late. Our car _____ on the way here.
- Trung arranged to meet Trang after work last night but she didn't _____.
- "We've bought a new house." "Oh, have you? When are you _____?"
- There used to be a shop at the end of this street but it _____ a month ago.
- They ran in a marathon last month but they weren't fit enough. They _____ after 30 minutes.

- I know how wonderful you are. There's no need to _____.
- She was very tired. She sat in an armchair and _____.
- The weather is horrible at the moment, isn't it? We hope it _____ later.

III. Complete the sentences using a word from List A and a word from List B. You need to use some words more than once:

A: away, back, forward, on, out, up

B: at, of, to, with

- You're walking too fast. I can't keep _____ you.
- Our holidays are nearly over. Next week I'll be _____ work.
- We've nearly run _____ money. We've got very little left.
- Khoa isn't very happy in her job because she doesn't get _____ her boss.
- We love to look _____ the stars in the sky at night.
- Is she looking _____ the picnic next week?
- There was a bank robbery last week. The robbers got _____ 50 thousand dollars

IV. Put the verb into the correct form -ING or INFINITIVE:

- They denied (steal) _____ the money.
- She doesn't enjoy (drive) _____ very much.
- I don't want (go) _____ out this evening. I'm too tired.
- They can't afford (buy) _____ that new computer. They haven't got enough money.
- Has it stopped (rain) _____ yet?
- Can you remind me (get) _____ some tea when I go out?
- Why do they keep (ask) _____ her questions?
- The worker stopped (work) _____ (have) _____ a rest.
- She refuses (answer) _____ any more questions.
- One of them admitted (break) _____ the window.

V. Complete these sentences with a suitable verb in the correct form -ING or INFINITIVE:

- Please remember _____ the door and windows when you go out.
 - A: You lent me 100 dollars last month.
B: Did I? Are you sure? I don't remember _____ you any money.
 - When you see Nam, remember _____ him my best regards, won't you?
 - Someone must have taken my umbrella. I clearly remember _____ it by the window and now it has gone.

- e. A: Did you remember _____ your brother?
B: Oh, no. I completely forgot. I'll phone him tomorrow.
2. a. I believe that what I said was fair. I don't regret _____ it.
b. (after a driving test) I regret _____ that you have failed the test.
3. a. Khanh joined the company 10 years ago. He was quickly promoted and became assistant manager after three years. A few years later he went on _____ manager of the company.
b. We can't go on _____ here any more. I want another job.
c. When I came into the room, Nhung was reading a newspaper. She looked up and said hello to me, and then went on _____ her newspaper.

VI. Supply the correct form of the words in brackets:

- The police are (worry) _____ that the man may be armed.
- I haven't seen them (recent) _____.
- There has been some (reduce) _____ in unemployment.
- A service was held in (remember) _____ of local soldiers killed in the war.
- Summers are hot, with (month) _____ averages above 22C.
- I was (thank) _____ that they hadn't asked for more.
- The sales assistant was a very (person) _____ young man.
- Energy-saving bulbs should be used to save (electric) _____.
- Her speech to party members was not intended for public (consume) _____.
- This (introduce) _____ offer is for three days only.

VII. Read the reading below carefully, and then choose the appropriate words to complete it:

SUN

The Sun is very important to you. You (1) _____ in sunshine. You see in daylight. The Sun keeps you (2) _____. Even ancient people knew the Sun was very important. They (3) _____ the Sun was a god. The ancient Greeks thought the Sun (4) _____ drove a chariot across the (5) _____ every day. The ancient Egyptians thought the Sun god sailed a (6) _____ across the sky. Today we know (7) _____ the Sun is a star. The Sun is the star at the (8) _____ of our solar system. Earth and all the other (9) _____ orbit, or go around, the Sun. The Sun is very important to all (10) _____ on Earth.

- A. stand B. sit C. play
- A. warm B. cold C. hot
- A. told B. spoke C. thought

- A. man B. god C. woman
- A. sky B. star C. moon
- A. car B. truck C. boat
- A. when B. that C. why
- A. center B. corner C. middle
- A. stars B. planets C. moons
- A. love B. life C. things

VIII. Put the sentences into a complete reading:

HOW DID THE SUN FORM?

- Then the planets formed from dust and gas going around the Sun.
- It will use up all the fuel in its core.
- The Sun formed first at the center of the cloud.
- You don't need to worry. Astronomers say that the fuel will last several billion more years.
- Astronomers believe our solar system formed about 4.6 billion years ago from a swirling cloud of dust and gas.
- Someday the Sun will burn out.

TEST 8

I. In this exercise you have to explain what some words mean. Choose the right meaning from the following sentences and then write a sentence with WHO. Use a dictionary if necessary :

- he/ she is not brave;
he/ she designs building;
he/ she steals from a shop;
he/ she doesn't believe in God;
he/ she buys something from a shop;
he/ she pays rent to live in a house or flat;
he/ she breaks into a house to steal things;
he/ she no longer works and gets money from the state;
he/ she is trained to repair machines and electrical equipment;
he/ she works, especially one who does a particular kind of work. "
he/ she is a member of an army, especially one who is not an officer;
Example: (a worker) A worker is a person who works, especially one who does a particular kind of work.

1. (an architect) _____
2. (a burglar) _____
3. (a customer) _____
4. (a shoplifter) _____
5. (a coward) _____
6. (an atheist) _____
7. (a pensioner) _____
8. (an engineer) _____
9. (a soldier) _____
10. (a tenant) _____

II. Make one sentence from two. Use WHO/ THAT/ WHICH:

1. A man was injured in the accident. He is now in hospital.
=> The man _____
2. A woman answered the phone. She told me you were away.
=> The woman _____
3. A waiter served us. He was very impolite and impatient.
=> The waiter _____
4. A building was destroyed in the fire. It has now been rebuilt.
=> The building _____
5. Some people were arrested. They have now been released.
=> The people _____
6. A bus goes to the airport. It runs every one hour.
=> The bus _____
7. That is the boy. I lent him my bike.
=> That is _____
8. I told you about a person. She is at the door.
=> I told _____
9. Jane is the woman. Jane is going to China next year.
=> Jane is _____
10. This is Henry. He lives upstairs.
=> This is _____

III. Complete the sentences. Use ALTHOUGH+ a sentence from the following:

*I didn't speak the language ; he has a very important job ;
I had never seen her before ; we don't like them very much ;*

*It was quite cold ; the heating was on ; I'd met her twice before ;
We've known each other for a long time*

1. _____, he isn't particularly well-paid.
2. _____, I recognized her from a photograph.
3. She wasn't wearing a coat _____.
4. We thought we'd better invite them to the party _____.
5. _____, the room wasn't warm.
6. _____, I managed to make myself understand.
7. I didn't recognize her _____.
8. We're not very good friends _____.

IV. Complete these sentences with ALTHOUGH, IN SPITE OF, BECAUSE, BECAUSE OF:

1. _____ it rained a lot, they enjoyed their holiday.
2. _____ all her careful plans, a lot of things went wrong.
3. _____ we had planned everything carefully, a lot of things went wrong.
4. They went home early _____ I was feeling still unwell.
5. He went to work the next day _____ I was feeling still unwell.
6. He only accepted the job _____ the salary, which was very high.
7. He accepted the job _____ the salary, which was rather low.
8. We managed to get to sleep _____ there was a lot of noise.
9. The baby couldn't get to sleep _____ the noise.
10. _____ being very tired, they tried to finish their task.

V. Complete the letter below, using the words provided:

190 Hung Vuong,
Ward 3, Ben Tre Town
August 19th, 2005
Dear Thanh,

Well, this / second week / Ben Tre. I like / very much. I usually / get / ten o'clock / have breakfasts / street cafe. Breakfasts here / very small, but / coffee / not bad. I always / school / bicycle. I usually / arrive / school / 6:30. I learn / a little. English/ the evening / I occasionally / stay / home, but I usually / out / dinner / a friend. Life / interesting. Next weekend / I go / coast. Give / regards / everybody.

Love,

Mai xxx

VI. Supply the correct form of the words in brackets:

- Next month my grandparents are going to hold a party in (celebrate) _____ of their fiftieth wedding anniversary.
- They attach great (important) _____ to the project.
- The (decorate) _____ touches have made this house a warm and welcoming home.
- Enjoy the (free) _____ of the outdoors (= where you can do what you want).
- His father is a (special) _____ in Vietnamese history.
- We have a very (crowd) _____ schedule.
- The hospital is recognized as a centre of (excellent) _____ in research and teaching.
- The time has come for (act) _____ if these beautiful animals are to survive.
- She wrote down a few ideas on the paper (think) _____ provided by her host.
- He works as a (paint) _____ and decorator.

VII. Read the reading below carefully, and then supply the correct form of the words in brackets:

WHY WE USE CALENDARS

A calendar is a way of (1- measure) _____ time to help people organize their (2- act) _____. Calendars divide time into fixed periods, such as days, weeks, months, and years.

Long ago, when people (3- learn) _____ to farm, they needed an accurate way to measure time and the (4- change) _____ seasons. They used calendars. Calendars helped them establish the (5- good) _____ time to till the soil and plant crops. Calendars (6- tell) _____ them when the harvest should begin.

The time periods (7- use) _____ in calendars are based on (8- move) _____ of the Earth, Moon, and Sun. But a year does not divide (9- even) _____ into months or days. So people have adjusted their calendars so that certain events, such as a harvest or (10- importance) _____ holiday, always occur during the right season.

VIII. Read the reading below carefully, and then find the synonyms and antonyms of some words in the reading:

ANCIENT CALENDARS

The first calendars were lunar calendars. They were based on the Moon. One month meant the time from one full moon to the next. That's about 29.5 days.

Some early lunar calendars alternated between months with 29 days and months with 30 days.

Measuring a year was harder. People knew that it equaled about 12 months, but not exactly. For farmers, it was important to measure a year accurately. That required a solar calendar, based on the Sun.

A solar year is the time it takes for Earth to make one trip around the Sun. About 6,000 years ago, the Egyptians became the first people to measure a year as 365 days. But a solar year is just a little longer than that. In fact, it's about six hours longer.

Over time, these extra hours add up. Solar calendars gradually lose their accuracy. After four years, for example, a solar calendar will be off by about 24 hours, or a full day.

A. What are the synonyms of these words?

- | | | | |
|------------|---------------|-----------------|--------------|
| 1. ancient | ; 2. full | ; 3. alternated | ; 4. equaled |
| 5. exactly | ; 6. required | ; 7. 365 days | |

B. What are the antonyms of these words?

- | | | | |
|---------------|-------------|----------------|----------------|
| 1. first | ; 2. early | ; 3. harder | ; 4. important |
| 5. accurately | ; 6. longer | ; 7. gradually | |

TEST 9

I. In some of these sentences you don't need WHO or THAT. If you don't need these words, put (X) in the space:

- The man who " _____ " lives next door is a teacher.
- Have you found the suitcase that " _____ " you lost?
- The people who " _____ " I met at the party were not friendly at all.
- The people who " _____ " work at the post office are friendly.
- What have you done with the money that " _____ " your mother gave you?
- What happened to the money that " _____ " was on the table? Did you take it?
- It was an interesting play. It was the best play that " _____ " I've ever seen.
- It was an awful experience. It was the worst thing that " _____ " has ever happened to me.
- I want to meet the manager who => is your boss.
- Do you know the man who => we met yesterday?

II. Complete these sentences with a relative clause. Use the following sentences to make your relative clauses:

we hired a car; you lost some keys; we saw the man last week; you had to do some work; I invited some people to the party; I bought the computer yesterday; Loan is wearing a dress; you're going to see a film; we wanted to visit a museum; Thanh recommended a hotel to us;

1. Have you found the keys _____?
2. I like the dress _____.
3. The museum _____ was shut when we got there.
4. What's the title of the film _____?
5. Some of the people _____ couldn't come.
6. Have you finished the work _____?
7. The car _____ broke down after a few routes.
8. We stayed at a hotel _____.
9. The man _____ is my friend's brother.
10. The computer _____ is really good.

III. Complete the sentences using a relative clause:

We went to a party last night; I work with a number of people; you were looking for some keys; you can rely on George; I applied for a job; I saw you with a man; we were invited to a wedding; you told me about a hotel;

1. Are these the keys _____?
2. Unfortunately we couldn't go to the wedding _____.
3. I enjoy my job. I like the people _____.
4. What's the name of that hotel _____?
5. The party _____ was really enjoyable.
6. I didn't get the job _____.
7. Nam is a good person to know. He's somebody _____.
8. Who was the man _____ in the cinema?

IV. Read THE WEATHER FORECAST below carefully, and then complete it with the words provided:

THE WEATHER FORECAST

Paul and Judy live in Birmingham. It's a large city in the Midlands. They're planning a weekend holiday.

- Paul: I know, Judy! Why / not / we go . Scotland?
- Judy: It / very long way.
- Paul: Oh, it / not / too far. Anyway, motorway / very good, so we / get there / quickly.
- Judy: But Scotland / often cold / this time / year. It / may snow!

- Paul: Well, yes... It may... but I / not think / will.
- Judy: I / not sure. It / February, and I / frightened / drive / in snow. And we / may not / able / find / hotel. They may / closed.
- Paul: Oh, that / not / problem. I can book / hotel / phone.
- Judy: Well, perhaps it / not / bad idea. We may / have / beautiful weather.
- Paul: Oh, we / enjoy ourselves / anyway. Let / watch / weather forecast / television. We / not go / Scotland, we / go / Wales . London. We can decide / forecast...

V. Read the reading below carefully, and then complete it with the words, phrases or sentences provided:

Really ; to the moon again ; Welcome home; It was wonderful ; any problems on the journey; but it certainly wasn't a holiday; any normal food; What did you have; Was that a problem; some food tablets;

RETURN FROM SPACE

Phil Strongarm, the American astronaut, is talking to a reporter about his journey to the moon.

- Reporter: Well, Phil... (1) _____!
- Phil: Thank you.
- Reporter: Did you have (2) _____?
- Phil: Well, we didn't have any serious problems...(3) _____!
- Reporter: Of course not...
- Phil: We didn't have a wash or a shave for two weeks!
- Reporter: (4) _____?
- Phil: Yes. It wasn't very comfortable!
- Reporter: What about food? (5) _____?
- Phil: Well, we didn't have (6) _____.
- Reporter: (7) _____?
- Phil: Well, we had (8) _____.
- Reporter: Are you going (9) _____?
- Phil: I hope so. (10) _____!

VI. Supply the correct form of the words in brackets:

1. My hair soon grew back to its (nature) _____ colour.
2. The outlook for the weekend is hot and (sun) _____.
3. There will be rain later in (center) _____ and eastern parts of the country.
4. (Thank) _____ a lot for lending me the money.
5. (Prepare) _____ for the party started early.

6. The ending of the book was entirely (predict) _____.
7. Lead is potentially (damage) _____ to children's health.
8. The explosion (complete) _____ destroyed the building.
9. She was undoubtedly a very (strike) _____ young woman.
10. There was a sudden (move) _____ in the undergrowth.

VII. Read the reading below carefully, and then complete it with the words provided:

"from, them, weathering, which, once, freezes, can, and, pieces, into"

EROSION STARTS WITH WEATHERING

The dirt and (1) _____ of rock that erosion carries away come (2) _____ weathering. Weathering is the process by (3) _____ nature breaks rocks up. Heat from the Sun can make rock expand (4) _____ crack into pieces. Ice can also break up rock. Water gets (5) _____ cracks in the rock and freezes. Ice expands when it (6) _____ and breaks the rock. Plant roots can also grow into rocks and crack (7) _____. Rainwater can dissolve, or absorb, some rocks, turning them into liquid. Rainwater (8) _____ turn other rocks into sand or clay.

(9) _____ rocks break into pieces, erosion takes over. Water, wind, and ice carry away the pieces left behind by (10) _____.

VIII. Read the sentences below carefully, and then put them into the logical order to make a meaningful reading:

EROSION CAUSED BY WATER

1. Over time, flowing water can carry away so much rock and dirt that it cuts into the ground and forms a channel.
2. The waves take sand away from some beaches and pile it up on other beaches.
3. Rainwater runs down hillsides and carries dirt with it.
4. Ocean waves crash against seashores.
5. The Colorado River eroded a huge cut in the rock of the southwestern United States called the Grand Canyon.

TEST 10

I. Write these sentences in a different way using MAY or MIGHT:

1. Perhaps Tony is in his office. _____.
2. Perhaps Tony is busy. _____.
3. Perhaps Tony is working. _____.
4. Perhaps Tony wants to be alone. _____.
5. Perhaps Tony was ill yesterday. _____.
6. Perhaps Tony went home early. _____.
7. Perhaps Tony had to go home early. _____.
8. Perhaps Tony was working yesterday. _____.
9. Perhaps Tony doesn't want to see me. _____.
10. Perhaps Tony isn't working today. _____.

II. Read the situations and make sentences from the words in brackets. Use MAY or MIGHT:

1. I can't find Jack. I wonder where he is.
A. (he/ go/ fishing) _____.
B. (he/ play/ badminton) _____.
2. I'm looking for Linda. Do you know where she is?
A. (she/ watch/ TV/ in her room) _____.
B. (she/ go/ out) _____.
3. I can't find my raincoat. Have you seen it?
A. (it/ be/ in the car) _____.
B. (you/ leave/ in the restaurant last night) _____.
4. Why didn't Johnson answer the doorbell? I'm sure he was in the house at the time.
A. (he/ be/ in the bath) _____.
B. (he/ not hear/ the bell) _____.

III. Answer the questions in the way shown:

1. A: Shall we catch the 11:00 train?
B. No, (arrive/ too early). If we _____.
2. A: Is Khoa going to take the exam?
B. No, (fail). If he _____.
3. A: Why don't we stay at a hotel?
B. No (cost too much money. If we _____.
4. A: Is Trang going to apply for the job?

- B. No (not/ get it). If she _____.
5. A. Let's tell them the truth.
B. No (not/ believe us). If we _____.
6. A. Why don't we invite Nam to the party?
B. No (have to invite his friends too). If we _____.

IV. Put the verb into the correct form:

- If I (know) _____ your number, I would phone you.
- I think there are too many vehicles. If there (not be) _____ so many cars, there (not be) _____ so much pollution.
- I (buy) _____ that schoolbag if I were you.
- He's always tired all the time. If he (not go) _____ to bed so late every night, he wouldn't be tired all the time.
- If I were you, I (not wait) _____ for him.
- I (help) _____ them if I could. But I'm afraid I can't.
- I wouldn't mind lending you money if you (give) _____ it back to me soon.
- This soup isn't very good. It (taste) _____ better if it wasn't so salty.
- If we had a chance, we (travel) _____ abroad.
- If you need help, (ask) _____ Mr. Nam.

V. Complete the letter below, using the words provided:

190 Hung Vuong
Ward 3, Ben Tre Town.
December 24th, 2005.
Dear Long,

Last week / I / go / excursion / Phung island. I / go / some students / my class. I / get up / six o'clock / Saturday / meet / other students / school gate / the morning / we visit / island. It / very interesting. We / have / lunch / little cafe / I / drink / lot / orange juice / the afternoon / we / sit / sun / an hour / walk / through / orchards. I / meet / very interesting Frenchman / big moustache. I / not practise / my English / very much / because / he / speak French / all / time.
you have / nice weekend? I / miss / lot.
Love,

MAI

VI. Supply the correct form of the words in brackets:

- Without treatment, she will almost (certain) _____ die.
- We met on a (fly) _____ from London to Paris.

- We found further scientific (evident) _____ for this theory.
- Dressings are changed four (hour) _____ (= every four hours) to help prevent infection.
- He always goes to bed at ten-he's a (create) _____ of habit.
- The story has attracted (world) _____ attention.
- The prime minister is expected to issue a (state) _____ on the policy change this afternoon.
- Many of the cottages in the village are now owned by (weekend) _____.
- Keep (health) _____ by eating well and exercising regularly.
- He spoiled my (enjoy) _____ of the game by talking all through it.

VII. Correct the mistakes, paying attention to the underlined words:

- You can't go in unless you were a member.
- Providing he studies hard, he would pass the exam.
- I'll see you tomorrow if I have to work late.
- Supposing the third world war were to happen, human civilization will be destroyed.
- These plants will die unless you did not water them regularly.
- Traveling by car is convenient provided that you had somewhere to park.
- I was told I won't pass the exam if I worked harder.
- because I forget, please will remind me of my promise.
- Unless I had known he was sick, I should visit him.
- I don't like fish. I won't eat it if I was extremely hungry.

VIII. Read the reading below carefully, and then complete it with the appropriate words beginning with the first letters provided:

STUDYING BLACK HOLES

No one has really seen a (1) b _____ hole. You cannot see black holes (2) b _____ they do not give off any kind of light. Physicists used math to predict (3) t _____ black holes exist.

Astronomers look for signs of black holes. (4) A _____ study powerful rays coming from stars in deep (5) s _____. The stars seem to be orbiting black holes. Astronomers think that black holes are sucking gas (6) f _____ the stars, and this makes the stars give off X rays.

Galaxies are enormous groups of (7) s _____. Astronomers think that most galaxies have huge black holes at their (8) c _____. The Hubble Space Telescope took pictures of a disk of hot gases at the center of our own Milky Way (9) G _____. Astronomers think this disk is going (10) a _____ an enormous black hole right in the center of our galaxy.

ĐÁP ÁN

TUYỂN TẬP 30 ĐỀ THI VÀO LỚP 10

ĐỀ 1- KEY

I.

1. C. stayed 2. D. could 3. D. dare 4. A. husband 5. B. above

II.

6. C. was built 7. A. advised 8. A. who 9. A. a five-room
10. D. won't be 11. C. were 12. C. used to go 13. C. not to spend
14. D. where 15. D. would be 16. D. did they 17. C. since
18. A. Increased 19. B. have 20. B. saw

III.

21. B. (was whitewashed) 22. C. (BỎ he) 23. D. (isn't she)
24. D. (in) 25. C. (wouldn't)

IV.

26. B. save 27. A. paycheck 28. B. connected 29. C. start 30. A. risky

V.

31. - It is said that Mr. Huy bought this car last year.
- Mr. Huy is said to have bought this car last year.
32. - She asked me how much I thought it would cost.
33. - Mrs. Loan whose team has lost the game looks very sad.
34. - You know the man who sat next to me at Nga's birthday party last night, don't you?
35. - Minh spent one hour doing his English assignment last night.

VI.

36. - Because it rained heavily, I was late for school.
37. - I used to be made to do the cleaning by my parents.
38. - He said that he was working in a shop and didn't worry about it.
39. - I haven't spoken to him for six months.
40. - It is interesting to play football in the rain.

ĐỀ 2- KEY

I.

1. D. completed 2. B. teacher 3. C. mineral 4. A. though 5. D. pull

II.

6. A. knew 7. B. was built 8. C. which 9. A. Even though
10. D. However 11. D. raising 12. D. would buy 13. A. would
14. A. have been produced 15. B. since 16. B. have...seen
17. C. have to be rebuilt 18. B. doesn't come 19. A. lived 20. D. doesn't

III.

21. B. (reading) 22. B. (sings) 23. C. (too late) 24. C. (than)
25. B. (natural resources)

IV.

26. C. was 27. B. from 28. A. assistants 29. B. for 30. A. who

V.

31. - That old house was sold (by them) last year.
32. - Although the weather was bad, we had a wonderful trip.
33. - A new stadium will be built over there (by them).
34. - If you don't take these pills, you won't be better.
35. - Although she works hard, she can't support her large family.

VI.

36. - If it doesn't rain next weekend, I'll go to the beach with my friends.
37. - If I met an alien from outer space, I would invite him/her/it to my home and talk/ to talk.
38. - Have you ever traveled by air before?
39. - The students are studying in the hall for their exam now.
40. - It was such a cold day that we decided not to go out.

ĐỀ 3- KEY

I.

1. A. information 2. B. through 3. A. teenager 4. D. song 5. C. violent

II.

6. D. visited 7. D. went 8. C. On 9. B. wasn't it 10. B. so
11. C. didn't you 12. D. were 13. A. will miss. is not 14. A. which
15. C. he was sick 16. A. Although 17. C. lived
18. C. what my phone number was 19. B. will you 20. A. whether

III.

21. C. (that) 22. B. (dictionaries) 23. C. (there was)
24. C. (carefully) 25. B. (turning on)

IV.

26. B. Second 27. A. programs 28. D. computers 29. C. childhood
30. A. to think

V.

31. - You can use this laptop, can't you?
32. - He wishes he could remember the answers to these questions.
33. - Nhung said she had to go to Da Lat the next/following afternoon.
34. - It takes Minh 2 hours a day to study in a group with his friends.
35. - It is raining heavily, so they take their umbrellas.

VI.

36. - Do you mind if I borrow your motorbike? Would you mind if I borrowed your motorbike?
37. - Thanh is always going home late, so his/her parents are very angry.

38. - It is necessary for students to practice English every day.
 39. - Can compost be made from household and garden waste?
 40. - His 40th birthday party is going to be held in a luxury restaurant on May 28th.

ĐỀ 4- KEY

I.

1. D. watched 2. C. music 3. D. how 4. D. thank 5. B. return

II.

6. A. who married 7. B. was built 8. A. gets 9. B. because
 10. B. However 11. C. of 12. D. so 13. C. taking
 14. B. don't we 15. C. terrified 16. D. could 17. B. which
 18. C. liked 19. C. does 20. C. has worked

III.

21. B. (any/ enough) 22. B. (were) 23. B. (mountainous)
 24. B. (looking after) 25. D. (the following day)

IV.

26. B. mainly 27. A. warms 28. B. carbon dioxide 29. B. Thus 30. A. which

V.

31. D. She asked me if I knew Hoa's address.
 32. B. A new bank is being built in my city.
 33. A. I usually went to the cinema on weekends.
 34. A. If Huy doesn't take any exercise, he will feel unhealthy.
 35. B. If they don't protect the environment, their life will be badly affected.

VI.

36. - Unless she works harder, she'll lose her job.
 37. - It is the first time we have ever been here.
 38. - Have they read this novel?
 39. - We had to cancel the barbecue because it was raining hard.
 40. - Spending the weekend on the beach is very wonderful.

ĐỀ 5- KEY

I.

1. B. there 2. D. wished 3. B. blood 4. A. nation 5. B. fans

II.

6. A. I come from London 7. D. was sitting 8. D. for
 9. A. Here you are 10. D. would be 11. C. job 12. A. Will
 13. C. surprised 14. A. sure 15. B. listening 16. B. visit
 17. A. how 18. A. was taken 19. B. is studying 20. C. valuable

III.

21. C. (is bleeding) 22. D. (in a minute) 23. D. (is broken)
 24. B. (likes to drink) 25. C. (how to use)

IV.

26. A. often 27. C. married 28. B. brings 29. C. out in 30. D. such

V.

31. A. Help for flood victims 32. D. Medicine 33. A. Volunteers
 34. D. cause a lot of damage 35. C. giving

VI.

36. - Although Mai was tired, she couldn't sleep.
 37. - The planet which is closest to the earth is Venus.
 38. - A fire-engine has just been sent to the construction site where fire is on.
 39. - They asked me if there were any flights from Nha Trang to HCM city.
 40. - Nam told me not to interrupt her while she was speaking.

ĐỀ 6- KEY

I.

1. B. put 2. C. think 3. B. clubs 4. A. paper 5. A. flood

II.

6. C. excited 7. B. happily 8. A. am 9. C. were
 10. A. However 11. B. having 12. D. would feel
 13. C. three-day trip 14. D. rubber-exporting 15. B. went
 16. D. used to 17. B. When 18. A. whose 19. C. to stop 20. C. had

III.

21. C. (going) 22. D. (the next following year) 23. C. (was lying)
 24. C. (to) 25. C. (were doing)

IV.

26. C. young 27. D. started 28. D. called 29. B. popular 30. A. workers

V.

31. C. lung cancer 32. D. smoking 33. C. early deaths
 34. B. smoke 35. B. People who live with smokers.

VI.

36. - I haven't seen Mr. Cao for 13 years.
 37. - The teacher told Phong not to make so much noise.
 38. - It's very important to keep the environment clean.
 39. - Ms. Son suggested I (we) (should) turn off the lights before going out.
 40. - How about planting some trees in the front yard to get more fresh air?

ĐỀ 7- KEY

I.

1. A. kids 2. A. measure 3. D. large 4. D. thing 5. A. looked

II.

6. B. economic 7. B. isn't she 8. B. to visit 9. C. to lock
 10. D. because of 11. B. whose 12. C. hadn't gone 13. B. was
 14. A. themselves 15. C. by 16. B. missed 17. B. Although
 18. A. suit 19. D. at 20. C. which

III.

21. C. (in) 22. B. (going) 23. A. (rains) 24. A. (which) 25. D. (raising)

IV.

26. B. orbit 27. A. consists 28. A. produce 29. C. possible
30. D. Sun 31. D. the smallest 32. B. of 33. D. sky
34. D. contains 35. B. are

V.

36. - The boy who lived next door to us is very friendly.
37. - Mr. Huy asked me what my name was.
38. - It is very necessary to learn English nowadays.
39. - In spite of her broken leg, she managed to get out of the car.
- In spite of the fact that her leg was broken, she managed to get out of the car.
40. - Unless someone puts the coal in, the fire will go out.

ĐỀ 8- KEY

I.

1. A. thank 2. D. clubs 3. C. lived 4. B. leather 5. D. recipe

II.

6. B. had 7. D. at-on 8. C. don't you 9. B. quickly
10. B. because 11. A. who 12. D. haven't met 13. A. taking
14. C. was built 15. A. if I was good 16. B. lose 17. C. who
18. A. not to make 19. B. for 20. C. wasn't it

III.

21. B. (having) 22. B. (since) 23. C. (don't) 24. D. (whose) 25. C. (to get)

IV.

26. D. An accidental invention
27. B. 1877
28. A. A telegraph repeater
29. D. From a combination of telephone & telegraph part
30. C. He read a children's rhyme.

V.

31. D. clean 32. A. live 33. B. lots 34. D. are 35. D. for

VI.

36. A. I look forward to staying 37. C. what he was doing then
38. D. 2 hours traveling to 39. B. I do, too
40. A. if I borrow your dictionary

ĐỀ 9- KEY

I.

1. A. chemistry 2. D. opposite 3. C. lunar 4. C. tube 5. A. teenage

II.

6. B. happy 7. D. the poor 8. B. was sleeping 9. B. going-watch
10. A. not to go 11. B. have ever 12. D. has had 13. A. came
14. B. will miss 15. B. to work 16. C. which 17. A. to
18. C. because of 19. A. being deceived 20. B. to study

III.

21. B. (be) 22. D. (required) 23. B. (to wash)
24. B (BỎ however) 25. B. (so)

IV.

26. A. outside 27. B. looked 28. A. However
29. C. discouraged 30. C. Modern 31. B. systems 32. B. operated
33. D. middle 34. C. first 35. B. appear

V.

36. B. for the children to go to bed
37. A. him one hour to go to work by bicycle
38. C. since it last rained
39. D. All are correct.
40. A. we had invited her to the party

ĐỀ 10- KEY

I.

1. C. stove 2. B. graphs 3. A. praised 4. A. enough 5. D. bury

II.

6. B. old enough 7. D. because of 8. B. Neither 9. C. could take
10. B. trying 11. C. However 12. C. mother tongue
13. B. more useful than 14. A. less 15. D. being stared
16. C. were 17. D. such a 18. B. shall

19. A. had listened

20. C. What does Mr. Nguyen look like

III.

21. A. (is) 22. C. (the tallest) 23. D. (don't) 24. C. (was) 25. B. (banning)

IV.

26. A. in 27. C. enjoyable 28. C. terribly 29. B. number 30. B. indicate

V.

31. D. he didn't know why the police wanted him
32. A. pleasant
33. C. Because he thought he would never find the bicycle.
34. B. Five years ago
35. B. The policeman told Ted the good news 5 days ago.

VI.

36. A. In spite of having taken a taxi
37. D. how old her son was
38. B. the faster it goes
39. A. Do the students never understand you?
40. D. Unless the lazy man works harder

ĐỀ 11- KEY

I.

1. C. cow 2. D. liked

- II.
3. A. ensure 4. C. specialty
III.
5. C. (for) 6. B. (reading) 7. B. (who) 8. B. (a student)
9. C. (the greatest) 10. C. (twenty-minute)
IV.
11. B. on 12. C. go 13. D. repaired 14. B. to take
15. A. to do 16. A. draw 17. A. make up 18. D. because
19. B. is decorated 20. C. went off
V.
21. (teacher) 22. (traditional) 23. (carefully) 24. (friendliness)
25. (distinguishes)

- VI.
26. C. in 27. A. grow 28. A. however 29. A. colors 30. D. much
VII.
31. C. Because it happened on Boxing Day. 32. C. Thirty meters
33. B. High water 34. D. people that are left alive
35. A. Only in Asia the tsunami was called Asian Tsunami.
VIII.
36. Tam is not as tall as Phong.
37. Why don't we go to Sapa next weekend?
38. Mrs. Lan said she liked that apartment very much.
39. It's very exciting to spend the weekend on the beach.
40. In few shops here can you find such exquisite hand-made handbags.

ĐỀ 12- KEY

- I.
1. D. good 2. D. forget 3. C. crooked 4. D. receipt 5. C. months
II.
6. C. mystery 7. B. advice 8. D. design 9. D. adventure 10. A. laboratory
III.
11. C. that 12. B. should 13. C. otherwise 14. B. to have been built
15. C. It's my pleasure 16. A. shall we 17. B. economically
18. B. turn up 19. A. living 20. C. filled
IV.
21. C. (older than) 22. C. (most of which)
23. A. (being tired, tiredness) 24. B. (making)
25. A. (the number of)
V.
26. (ability) 27. (enlarged) 28. (industrious)
29. (modernized) 30. (hearty)
VI.
31. C. witch doctors might have cured some people.

32. B. uncivilized doctoring
33. D. The life of tribal people in early time was very hard.
34. C. Everything that medicine men did is now known to be dangerous.
35. A. evil spirits

- VII.
36. I wish I had bought some tickets for the concert.
37. Do you mind putting the chairs away?
38. So far I have written five pages of the letter.
39. I haven't made a decision/ up my mind to continue my study in a foreign country.
40. It was foolish of him to say that.

ĐỀ 13- KEY

- I.
1. C. solid 2. B. laughed 3. A. considerate 4. D. helmets 5. A. supposed
II.
6. D. occur 7. A. that 8. B. disappointed 9. C. receiving
10. B. has/will buy 11. C. between 12. A. Unless 13. D. on
14. B. Deforestation 15. D. should save 16. C. for
17. D. B&C correct 18. C. However 19. B. are produced
20. A. between
III.
21. D. (to save) 22. B. (who) 3. D. (homework) 24. B. (next to) 25. D. (with)
IV.
26. A. the second Sunday in May. 27. B. No, they don't.
28. C. Yes, it is. 29. D. A&B are correct
30. B. restaurant or their homes
V.
31. A. but also 32. D. reduced 33. B. how much
34. C. compared 35. C. resources
VI.
36. Tet, which occurs in late January or early February, is a festival.
37. Mrs. Xuan, who lives in Ho Chi Minh City, is an engineer.
38. If he has enough money, he'll buy a new car.
39. Although his leg was broken, Mr. Khanh managed to get out of the car.
40. No longer does my sister work in that company.
(OR: → My sister no longer works in that company.)

ĐỀ 14- KEY

- I.
1. A. sunbathe 2. B. southern 3. B. pollution 4. C. advertised 5. D. backstage
II.
6. B. mausoleum 7. A. intelligent 8. C. environment