

NGUYỄN KIM HIỂN (Chủ biên)



**BÀI TẬP
TRẮC NGHIỆM
VÀ TỰ LUẬN**

TIẾNG ANH 9



NHÀ XUẤT BẢN GIÁO DỤC VIỆT NAM



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BÀI TẬP TRẮC NGHIỆM VÀ TỰ LUẬN



TIẾNG ANH 9

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NHÀ XUẤT BẢN GIÁO DỤC VIỆT NAM

Lời nói đầu

‘**Bài tập trắc nghiệm và Tự luận tiếng Anh 9**’ là cuốn sách nối tiếp trong bộ sách Trắc nghiệm và Tự luận tiếng Anh 6, 7, 8, 9 của nhóm tác giả (Th.s Nguyễn Kim Hiền – Chủ biên). Đây là cuốn sách tổng hợp các kiến thức ngôn ngữ học sinh được học trong chương trình lớp 9, đồng thời giúp học sinh nâng cao kiến thức và hoàn thiện các kỹ năng thông qua các dạng bài kiểm tra đa dạng, phong phú được sắp xếp theo chủ đề, phạm vi ngữ pháp, từ vựng và cấu trúc. Trong đó có phần dành cho học sinh đại trà và có phần nâng cao cho học sinh khá giỏi. Nội dung của sách bao gồm các phần chính như sau:

A. Các bài kiểm tra trắc nghiệm khách quan và tự luận (Objective and Subjective Tests)

– Bao gồm 10 bài kiểm tra tương ứng với 10 chủ điểm trong sách Tiếng Anh 9. Mỗi bài kiểm tra gồm 60 câu hỏi trắc nghiệm tự luận và khách quan, được chia ra làm 4 mục:

- I. *Ngữ âm (Phonetics)*
- II. *Từ vựng và Ngữ pháp (Vocabulary + Grammar)*
- III. *Đọc hiểu (Reading)*
- IV. *Viết (Writing)*

– Để thi học sinh giỏi, để thi tuyển sinh vào lớp 10 chuyên Anh của một số trường THPT.

B. Đáp án và hướng dẫn trả lời (Answer keys)

Phần này không chỉ cung cấp đáp án của tất cả các câu hỏi trong 10 bài kiểm tra và các đề thi học sinh giỏi cũng như đề thi tuyển sinh vào lớp 10 chuyên Anh một cách rõ ràng, khoa học mà còn đưa ra những hướng dẫn gợi ý giúp học sinh hiểu rõ hơn về các kiến thức ngôn ngữ, từ đó có thể ghi nhớ những kiến thức này một cách dễ dàng và lâu hơn.

‘Bài tập trắc nghiệm và Tự luận tiếng Anh 9’ là một cuốn sách tham khảo rất hữu ích, phù hợp cho việc tự học, học theo nhóm hoặc học có hướng dẫn của thầy cô giáo. Với thiết kế rõ ràng, dễ tra cứu và các bài tập đa dạng về thể loại, mức độ từ dễ đến khó, phù hợp cho học sinh ở mọi trình độ, học sinh ở các vùng miền khác nhau đều có thể sử dụng cuốn sách để tự luyện tập, tổng kết và kiểm tra kiến thức của mình.

Nhóm tác giả hi vọng **‘Bài tập trắc nghiệm và Tự luận tiếng Anh 9’** sẽ đem lại những hiệu quả thiết thực cho học sinh và là cuốn sách tham khảo bổ ích cho các thầy cô giáo.

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CÁC TÁC GIẢ

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A - OBJECTIVE AND SUBJECTIVE TESTS

Unit 1: A VISIT FROM A PEN PAL

I. PHONETICS

Pick out the word whose main stressed syllable is different from the rest.

1. A. separate B. compulsory C. friendliness D. logical
2. A. religion B. territory C. tropical D. puppet
3. A. Buddhism B. Islam C. Hinduism D. Tamil
4. A. separate B. impress C. notice D. climate
5. A. ethnic B. region C. primary D. comprise

II. VOCABULARY & GRAMMAR

Choose the best answer A, B, C or D to complete the sentence.

6. I wanted to tell you about the good news but you didn't give me a _____.
A. time B. second C. chance D. word
7. After you have paid a bill, you are given a _____ to show that you have paid.
A. deceit B. receiver C. receipt D. reception
8. All the workers complained that the price of food in the canteen used to be very cheap but now it is _____.
A. cost B. limit C. expensive D. cheap
9. Did Amy's parents leave her any money? - No, she has to support _____ now.
A. on her own B. all alone C. herself D. her
10. Everyone has his own _____. Mine is collecting stamps.
A. work B. pleasure C. hobby D. job
11. He doesn't know anybody in London, apart _____ his sister.
A. from B. for C. than D. of
12. My sister won't get married until she _____ 25 years old.
A. isn't B. is C. is going D. has been

13. You haven't met each other for a long time, _____?
A. have you B. do you C. did you D. will you
14. You will be very happy to see him when he _____ here tomorrow.
A. will come B. has come C. to come D. comes
15. It rained while we _____ well.
A. slept B. have slept C. were sleeping D. had slept
16. It doesn't say on the box what the contents _____.
A. is B. are C. has D. have
17. My friends were impressed _____ the beauty of Ha Noi City.
A. for B. in C. by D. of
18. Maria wishes she _____ stay in Vietnam longer.
A. could B. can C. may D. will
19. I used to walk to school and _____ the green and clean environment in the early morning.
A. have B. enjoyed C. enjoy D. had
20. The people in Ho Chi Minh City _____ very friendly and open-minded.
A. are B. is C. was D. were

III. READING

1. Read the passage and choose the best answer A, B, C or D.

Dear Tarrasa,

How are you? I haven't written to you for a long time because I'm (21) _____ holidays in Sydney. I will tell you (22) _____ the holiday is going. I went with my parents. We (23) _____ in a nice hotel in a busy street, so you can imagine how we feel. You know, this is not too big city (24) _____ beautiful, the people are very kind and (25) _____. We are lucky (26) _____ good weather so we are feeling very happy. We have seen some of the beautiful (27) _____ and a few museums, and we thought they were very impressive especially Sydney Opera House. Yesterday we (28) _____ to go for sightseeing on ship (29) _____ Sydney Opera House. I took many photos. I will show you when I come back.

Last night we had a delicious meal in a wonderful restaurant. The food and services were excellent but the price (30) _____ unbelievable.

Write to me soon.

Love,

Bobby

- | | | | |
|---------------------|----------------|---------------|-----------------|
| 21. A. in | B. on | C. at | D. with |
| 22. A. what | B. when | C. how | D. where |
| 23. A. were staying | B. are staying | C. stayed | D. stay |
| 24. A. and | B. so | C. as | D. but |
| 25. A. friendly | B. friend | C. friendship | D. friendliness |
| 26. A. have | B. to have | C. having | D. had |
| 27. A. sight | B. sightseeing | C. sights | D. sign |
| 28. A. decided | B. decide | C. deciding | D. decides |
| 29. A. around | B. to | C. for | D. under |
| 30. A. were | B. are | C. is | D. was |

2. Read the passage and choose the best answer A, B, C or D for each question.

I have many pen friends. Some live in Japan, some live in China, America and England. But among them Kumuchi is my closest friend. She is a student from Japan. She wants to be a doctor. She is going to medical school next year. It's a six-year course while in other universities courses last four or five years even only three years in some colleges. She knows taking care of patients is a difficult job but she likes working with people, and she likes the idea of working in a caring profession. Another main reason that makes her want to be a doctor is she has a younger brother and he has been in bad health since he was born. Kumuchi always looks after him. She hopes that she will find the cure for her brother's sickness after she graduates from the medical school. I often wish her brother were fine.

31. How many pen friends does the writer have?

- | | |
|---------------------------------|--------------------------------------|
| A. He has one friend, Kumuchi. | B. He doesn't have many pen friends. |
| C. He has a lot of pen friends. | D. He has some pen friends. |

32. What is Kumuchi going to do next year?
- A. She is going to study at the medical school.
 - B. She is going to become a doctor.
 - C. She is going to look after her sick brother.
 - D. She is going to find the cure for her brother.
33. What is the main reason that makes Kumuchi want to be a doctor?
- A. She likes taking care of patients.
 - B. She wants to look after her sick brother.
 - C. She likes the idea of working with people.
 - D. She wants to find the cure for her sick brother.
34. How long is Kumuchi going to study at the medical school?
- A. Three years
 - B. Four years
 - C. Five years
 - D. Six years
35. What is the writer's wish?
- A. He wishes Kumuchi graduated the medical school.
 - B. He wishes Kumuchi were fine.
 - C. He wishes Kumuchi's brother were fine.
 - D. He wishes Kumuchi became a student at medical school.

IV. WRITING

1. Choose the best way A, B, C or D to make a meaningful sentence.

36. *more / boyfriend / me / he / to / chocolates / my / used / any / buy / but / doesn't /.*
- A. My boyfriend doesn't used to buy me chocolates but he any more.
 - B. My boyfriend doesn't buy me any chocolates but he used to more.
 - C. My boyfriend used to buy me chocolates but he doesn't any more.
 - D. He used to buy my boyfriend chocolates but me doesn't any more.

37. *haven't / Fred / we / a / time / seen / for / long /.*

- A. We haven't seen Fred for a time long.
- B. We haven't seen Fred for time a long.
- C. We haven't seen Fred for a long time.
- D. Fred haven't seen we for a long time.

38. *picked / garden / of / some / classmates / from / fruits / the / three / my /.*

- A. My classmates picked some of three fruits from the garden.
- B. Three of classmates picked some the fruits from my garden.
- C. Three my classmates picked some of fruits from the garden.
- D. Three of my classmates picked some fruits from the garden.

39. *phone / her / we / should / be / tell / we / to / late / to / your / going / are / mother /?/*

- A. We should phone your mother to tell her we are going to be late?
- B. Should we phone your mother to tell her we are going to be late?
- C. Should we phone your mother to tell to her we are going be late?
- D. Should we phone to your mother tell her we are going to be late?

40. *friend / from / a / ago / received / some / I / days / letter / my /.*

- A. I received some letter from my friend a days ago.
- B. I received from a letter my friend some days ago.
- C. I received a letter from my friend some days ago.
- D. I received a letter from my friend some ago days.

2. Complete each sentence using the most appropriate ending. Circle A, B, C, or D to identify your answer.

41. *A: When do you begin your vacation?*

B: _____.

- A. I get up early.
- B. It starts tomorrow.
- C. I like to go on vacation.
- D. I begin work soon.

42. *What are your plans for tomorrow?*

B: _____.

- A. I'm go to my mother's.
- B. I'm going to my mother's.
- C. I will going to my mother.
- D. I will going to my mother's.

43. *They don't allow _____.*

- A. we smoke in the auditorium.
- B. smoking in the auditorium.
- C. us to smoke in the auditorium.
- D. us smoking in the auditorium.

44. *A: How often does she meet you for lunch?*

B: _____.

- A. I do often meet.
- B. Oh, maybe several times a week.
- C. She met me several times a week.
- D. She sometimes meets me for lunch.

45. *English is a compulsory _____.*

- A. second language in many country
- B. second languages in many country
- C. second language in many countries
- D. second languages in many countries

3. **Turn these formal sentences into more informal language. To help you, the final word is given.**

46. I apologize for my unpunctuality.

– *I'm sorry. I'm late.*

47. Our accommodation must be arranged.

_____ stay.

48. Please accept my thanks for your help.

_____ help.

49. I would like to enquire whether you have reached a decision.

_____ yet?

50. There is very little likelihood of your achieving a pass.

_____ fail.

51. I look forward to receiving your prompt reply.

_____ soon.

4. Complete the informal letter using the expressions from the box.



let me know

By the way

What's the new office like

Any chance

Never mind

Remember

If you like

Congratulations

or something

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Dear Silvia,

It was lovely to get your letter. How awful about your holiday! They really should have told you the hotel wouldn't be near the beach. (52)

_____ it'll be different when you and I go next summer. You won't be disappointed, I promise! (53) _____,

it's my sister's villa we're going to, so I've been before and know the area really well. (54) _____, she says there's a new swimming pool

nearby, so bring your swimsuit! (55) _____ on getting your promotion at last! (56) _____? I hope you've got your name

on the door! (57) _____ of seeing you one weekend? (58) _____ we could meet in London for a meal

and go to an exhibition (59) _____. What do you think? Give me a ring and (60) _____.

Love, John

Unit 2: CLOTHING

I. PHONETICS

Choose the word whose underlined part is pronounced differently from the others.

1. A. fade B. plain C. plaid D. sale
2. A. bread B. head C. pear D. dead
3. A. far B. waste C. star D. harm
4. A. audience B. daughter C. laundry D. laugh
5. A. design B. rivalry C. stripe D. inspiration

II. VOCABULARY & GRAMMAR

Choose the best answer A, B, C or D to complete the sentence.

6. She needs a pair of _____ shoes.
A. skin B. feather C. leather D. complexion
7. I bought this shirt _____ three dollars in a second-hand store.
A. for B. with C. at D. by
8. Did she ask her mother _____ some money?
A. to B. from C. for D. on
9. His photograph _____ on television.
A. is showing B. showed C. was shown D. was showing
10. That old worker is living on his _____.
A. pension B. prison C. service D. mission
11. Brian wants to be a soldier, but he dislikes wearing _____.
A. clothes B. a uniform C. a suit D. a custom
12. Sorry, John is out. Do you want to _____ a message?
A. take B. leave C. have D. get
13. The clerk had to _____ the conversation in order to wait on a customer.
A. interrupt B. continue C. begin D. hurry

14. She didn't _____ doing the ironing.
A. object B. matter C. care for D. mind
15. The police questioned all guests. They _____ that one of them was a spy.
A. wondered B. surprised C. challenged D. suspected
16. One of my friends has _____ me to buy new fashionable jeans.
A. convinced B. argued C. persuaded D. resulted
17. Mr. Brown _____ French since 1980.
A. had taught B. has taught C. taught D. is teaching
18. The Prime Minister _____ to Paris several times.
A. is B. has been C. were D. was
19. Why _____ that song sung by her?
A. did B. does C. was D. has
20. Such success _____ never _____ of when we first started.
A. was /dreamed B. is/dreamed
C. has/been dreamed D. will / be dreamed

III. READING

1. Read the passage and choose the best answer A, B, C or D.

DESIGNER KIDS

When Mr. R J Collins was (21)_____ why he had stolen six pairs of designer trainers of different sizes from a shoe shop in Bath, Avon, (22)_____ replied, 'so that my children do not feel discriminated against when they go (23)_____ school.' This highlights a problem many parents have today because of the price of designer label (24)_____ and the desire of their children to wear them.

We asked a number of teenagers (25)_____ they wore this type of clothing and they came out with a (26)_____ of reasons. Many said, 'so as not to look different from everybody else,' some said, 'because they're the (27)_____ comfortable clothes around,' and one teenager even said, 'to make a good impression on the opposite sex.'

The most surprising thing in the boom of designer clothes is that so many parents can afford to (28)_____ them in spite of the price. Although younger children only used to want to be given toys, they are now asking for (29)_____ sportswear for birthdays or Christmas, and teenagers save up their pocket (30)_____ for ages just to buy an Armani shirt or a pair of Nike trainers.

- | | | | |
|----------------|--------------|-------------|----------------|
| 21. A. told | B. asked | C. enquired | D. demanded |
| 22. A. they | B. she | C. he | D. it |
| 23. A. for | B. at | C. to | D. of |
| 24. A. clothes | B. coats | C. toys | D. bicycles |
| 25. A. why | B. when | C. where | D. how |
| 26. A. many | B. hundred | C. book | D. variety |
| 27. A. less | B. least | C. more | D. most |
| 28. A. sell | B. buy | C. steal | D. borrow |
| 29. A. new | B. colourful | C. designer | D. comfortable |
| 30. A. money | B. coins | C. objects | D. income |

2. Read the passage and choose the best answer A, B, C or D for each question.

DESIGNER OF THE DECADE

Italian Gianni Versace was one of the best-known fashion designers of the twentieth century.

Sometimes his clothes were criticized, but they were bought by the rich and famous – particularly people from the worlds of pop music and film.

Versace came from Calabria, in the south of Italy, where his mother was a dressmaker. He moved to the northern city of Milan in the 1970s, and his first collection was launched in 1978.

Soon, his brother Santo and his sister Donatella were given jobs in the growing Versace Empire. He bought homes in Milan, Paris, New York and Miami, which were filled with works of art from all over the world.

In 1994, the English actress Elizabeth Hurley wore a Versace dress on the first night of the film *Four Weddings and a Funeral* in London. The simple black dress which was held together by a few safety pins was a sensation. The next day, the photos were seen all over the world and from that moment the name Versace was everywhere.

His clothes were worn by superstars such as Elton John, Madonna, Courtney Love, Princess Diana and the supermodel Naomi Campbell.

Versace was murdered on 15 July 1997 outside his home in Miami Beach. His memorial service in Milan Cathedral was attended by 2,000 people: millions watched on television as a tearful Elton John was comforted by Princess Diana — who herself died tragically just a few weeks later.

31. What nationality was Gianni Versace?
- A. Italian B. Milanese C. Calabrian D. Roman
32. How long ago was Versace's first collection launched?
- A. 1978 B. 1878 C. 1788 D. 1787
33. How did Versace die?
- A. of cancer B. from a heart attack
C. of pneumonia D. someone killed him
34. How did Versace become very famous in 1994?
- A. because pictures of one of his dresses worn by a famous actress were widely published.
B. because of a well planned publicity campaign.
C. because he was murdered.
D. because he owned a number of houses which were filled with art works.
35. Who was Donatella?
- A. a Renaissance artist, some of whose paintings Versace owned
B. a superstar who often wore clothes designed by Versace
C. Versace's sister
D. a famous singer

IV. WRITING

1. Choose the underlined word or phrase in each sentence that need correcting.

36. If you want wearing one of my skirts, or a blouse, you may.

A B C D

37. The curtain but the cushions on the sofa are made of the same fabric.

A B C D

38. Bob dressed casually, in tennis shoes, a T-shirt also running shorts.

A B C D

39. Many Vietnamese woman today often prefer to wear modern clothing at work.

A B C D

40. In 1970s more and more people started wearing jeans because they become cheaper.

A B C D

2. Choose the best answer A, B, C or D to complete the sentence.

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41. A: *Are there any restaurants near the school? I'm looking for something to eat.*

B: _____.

- A. Yes, there is several near the school
- B. Yes, there are one near the school
- C. Yes, there are several near the school
- D. Yes, there some near the school

42. A: *Have you ever seen a mountain like this?*

B: _____.

- A. No, I never seen anything like this
- B. No, I've never seen anything like this
- C. No, I haven't see anything like this
- D. No, I hadn't seen any like this

43. *He was left alone, with _____.*

- A. someone to look after him
- B. no one to look after him
- C. anyone to look after him
- D. not one to look after him

44. *It _____.*

- A. is ages that I didn't see her
- B. make ages since I saw her
- C. makes ages that I didn't see her
- D. is ages since I saw her

45. *He said he _____.*

- A. used to orders
- B. didn't use to taking orders
- C. was not used to take orders
- D. was not used to taking orders



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3. Look at this passive - ing form: *I remember being taken to the zoo as a child.*

Now complete the sentences, using the passive.

46. I don't mind / be / give / presents/ my birthday /!/
_____.

47. Charlotte hates / be / treat / like a baby /./
_____.

48. He's used to /his English / be / correct/./
_____.

49. I don't enjoy / be / make / to do the washing-up/./
_____.

50. I can't stand / be / ignore./

_____.

51. He doesn't remember / be / punish / at school./

_____.

52. I'm looking forward to / be / send / abroad by my company./

_____.

53. My dog simply loves / be / take / for a walk./

_____.

54. You'll never forget / be / teach / by your very first teacher.

_____.

55. Yesterday I spent two hours / be / show / how to use /the new computer./

_____.



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4. Put the words into the correct order to make passive sentences.

56. Christmas/ the/ before/ sent/ the/ were/wedding/ invitations./

_____.

57. Passport/ the/ officers/ be/the/ at/ my/ I/ stamped/ hope/ will/ by/ airport./

_____.

58. Weekly/ office/ in/ delivered/ newspapers/ were/ everyone/ to/ the./

_____.

59. Cannot/ without/ help/ be/problem /the/ the/ solved/ government's/ of/ people/the/.

_____.

60. A/ cf/ will/ books/ and /be/ lot/ provided/ stories/ to /the/ new/ school /by/ the/ sponsors./

Unit 3: A TRIP TO THE COUNTRYSIDE

I. PHONETICS

Choose the word whose underlined part is pronounced differently from the others.

- | | | | |
|----------------------|-------------------|--------------------|--------------------|
| 1. A. <u>f</u> an | B. m <u>a</u> p | C. s <u>a</u> ng | D. f <u>a</u> ther |
| 2. A. cr <u>o</u> ss | B. gh <u>o</u> st | C. c <u>o</u> st | D. l <u>o</u> ss |
| 3. A. <u>ou</u> ght | B. h <u>ou</u> r | C. b <u>ou</u> ght | D. c <u>ou</u> gh |
| 4. A. fl <u>oo</u> d | B. t <u>oo</u> th | C. bam <u>oo</u> | D. g <u>oo</u> se |
| 5. A. c <u>o</u> de | B. m <u>o</u> de | C. b <u>o</u> mb | D. s <u>o</u> lar |

II. VOCABULARY & GRAMMAR

Choose the best answer A, B, C or D to complete the sentence.

6. My village lies near the foot _____ a mountain and _____ a river.
A. on/ by B. of/ by C. of/ near D. by/ of
7. They live in a _____ of Oxford, and come into town by bus every day.
A. suburb B. area C. centre D. countryside
8. How long will it _____ you to get there?
A. go B. need C. have D. take
9. His photograph _____ on television.
A. is showing B. showed C. was shown D. was showing
10. When _____ she met?
A. did B. does C. was D. will
11. The children _____ for when she is away.
A. cared B. will be cared C. care D. have cared
12. I took a lot of photos to show the trip to the countryside _____ my parents.
A. for B. with C. to D. of
13. During lunch they _____ the teenage behaviors.
A. interviewed B. discussed C. transferred D. talked
14. I got some bread at a _____.
A. jewelry B. boutique C. bakery D. drugstore
15. When I rang the bell, Mary _____ the door.
A. received B. responded C. replied D. answered

16. There is a _____ shop for tourists at the airport.
A. memory B. saloon C. souvenir D. studio
17. I _____ to bed until four o'clock last night.
A. don't go B. go C. went D. didn't go
18. You will see him when he _____ here tomorrow.
A. will come B. has come C. to come D. comes
19. Don't worry about it. You _____ told if there is a change of plan to go camping.
A. be B. will are C. would be D. will be
20. I love this small village _____ I used to live for ten years in my childhood.
A. where B. which C. that D. whose

III. READING

1. Read the passage and choose the best answer A, B, C or D.

At 8.30 Lonnie got into his car. (21) _____ put on his seat-belt and turned on the engine. He reversed his car out of the (22) _____ and crashed into a dustbin that was (23) _____ the pavement. He didn't stop to pick it up (24) _____ continued his journey. He realized he was about to run out of petrol so he stopped at a (25) _____ station to fill up.

The lorry in front of him was going very (26) _____ and Lonnie was in a hurry, so he decided to overtake it without looking to (27) _____ if the road was clear. He nearly crashed into a car which was coming towards him. The driver was furious but Lonnie drove on. When he went (28) _____ the next corner, he had to brake quickly because he hadn't seen a car which had (29) _____ down. Lonnie shouted angrily at the driver. (30) _____ he was at work. He parked his car under a 'No parking' sign and walked into Lonnie's Driving School.

21. A. She B. He C. It D. They
22. A. kitchen B. hallway C. garage D. dining room
23. A. on B. in C. under D. through
24. A. then B. however C. so D. but
25. A. police B. railway C. train D. petrol
26. A. quickly B. slowly C. badly D. awkwardly

- | | | | |
|---------------|--------------|--------------|------------|
| 27. A. know | B. see | C. ask | D. enquire |
| 28. A. round | B. across | C. over | D. under |
| 29. A. fallen | B. taken | C. broken | D. written |
| 30. A. Lately | B. Gradually | C. Initially | D. Finally |

2. Read the passage and choose the best answer A, B, C or D for each question.

What I really wanted was a relaxing holiday, so I decided on a week in the Caribbean. The travel agent with whom I booked promised that the trip would be wonderful. However, he did not give me my ticket straight away, which surprised me. Then when I finally received it I saw that the plane in which I would be travelling was a charter flight, not the scheduled flight I'd been promised. I began to get suspicious. When I arrived at the airport on the day of the trip, the tour representative told me that my name wasn't on his list. At first I couldn't believe what he was saying, but when I finally realised that it was true, I got really angry. In the end he managed to find me another holiday, for which I had to pay extra. When I got there the people with whom I was sharing the apartment turned out to be very nice, and the beach was wonderful, which was a relief. However, what I would like to know is whether the travel agent actually knew he had overbooked the trip or if it was just a genuine mistake.

31. Why did the writer of the passage become suspicious?
- because he had been overcharged.
 - because the agent had made a mistake.
 - because the other holiday-makers were pleasant people.
 - because the plane he was to travel on was on a charter flight not a scheduled one.
32. Why couldn't he travel on the plane indicated on the ticket he first bought?
- because he had not paid enough.
 - because the plane was damaged and could not take off.
 - because the plane was already fully booked.
 - because the plane was going to the wrong place.
33. Where did the writer of the passage spend his week's holiday?
- at a beach resort on the Caribbean.
 - at home.
 - flying in aeroplanes.
 - at a mountain resort.

34. How do you think the writer would have spent his holiday?
- A. climbing steep mountains.
 - B. relaxing on and near a beach.
 - C. trekking across a deserted countryside.
 - D. visiting galleries and museums.
35. When did the writer first receive his airline ticket?
- A. when he paid for it at the travel agency.
 - B. after he had paid for it.
 - C. when he reached the airport.
 - D. he never actually received a ticket.

IV. WRITING

1. Choose the best answer A, B, C or D to complete the sentence.

36. You can do nothing to make me change my mind.
There is _____.
- A. nothing you can do to make me change my mind.
 - B. something you can do to make me change my mind.
 - C. no you can do to make me change my mind.
 - D. a thing you can do to make me change my mind.
37. It's the best film about love that has ever been made.
_____.
- A. Good film about love that has ever been made.
 - B. One film about love that has ever been made.
 - C. A better film about love has never been made.
 - D. Film about love that has ever been made.
38. If you don't study harder, you will surely fail the next exam.
Unless _____.
- A. you don't study hard, you will surely fail the next exam.
 - B. you study hard, you will surely fail the next exam.
 - C. you study hard, you won't surely fail the next exam.
 - D. you don't study hard, you won't surely fail the next exam.

39. The way he talks is very interesting.

There is something _____.

- A. very interesting in the way he talks.
- B. very interested in the way he talks.
- C. very interestingly in the way he talks.
- D. very interesting in the way he talk.

40. He prefers golf to tennis.

He'd rather _____.

- A. playing golf to tennis.
- B. playing golf than tennis.
- C. play golf to tennis.
- D. play golf than tennis.

2. Choose the sentence which has the same meaning as the given one.

41. *Jennie studied with flying colors.*

- A. Jennie studied badly.
- B. Jennie studied very well.
- C. Jennie studied to fly.
- D. Jennie learned to fly.

42. *His hobbies are taking photos and travelling.*

- A. He hates taking photos and travelling in his free time.
- B. He doesn't like taking photos and travelling in his free time.
- C. He enjoys taking photos and travelling in his free time.
- D. He doesn't enjoy taking photos and travelling in his free time.

43. *I don't normally have coffee for breakfast.*

- A. I didn't use to have coffee for breakfast.
- B. I am not used to having coffee for breakfast.
- C. I used to have breakfast with coffee.
- D. I get used to having breakfast with coffee.

44. *We are living in a beautiful house without a garden.*
 A. We are living in a beautiful house which has a garden.
 B. The garden in our beautiful house is very small.
 C. We wished we lived in a beautiful house without a garden.
 D. The beautiful house in which we are living doesn't have a garden.
45. *I was very pleased with the trip to the countryside this year.*
 A. I was very bored with the trip to the countryside this year.
 B. I enjoyed the trip to the countryside this year so much.
 C. I wasn't very happy with the trip to the countryside this year.
 D. I didn't enjoy the trip to the countryside this year so much.

3. Complete the passage with the items in the box.

<i>on the other side of</i>	<i>bounced</i>		<i>we survived</i>	<i>set off for</i>
<i>terrible turbulence</i>	<i>took six passengers</i>		<i>to spare</i>	<i>to forget</i>
<i>had a feeling that</i>	<i>he was groaning</i>		<i>fastened our seatbelts</i>	<i>flight</i>
<i>on holiday</i>	<i>very excited</i>		<i>go for the weekend</i>	

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When we were (46) _____ in the United States last year we decided to (47) _____ to the Grand Canyon. We (48) _____ the airport early in the morning and checked in. Tim was (49) _____ but I (50) _____. I wasn't going to enjoy it. When I saw the plane, I nearly died. It was very small and only (51) _____ and there wasn't much room (52) _____. But we got into the plane, (53) _____ and took off. The first part of the flight was OK, but over the Canyon itself we flew into some (54) _____. The little plane rolled and (55) _____ from side to side. Tim was (56) _____ the aisle and (57) _____: 'How much longer?' We were both quite ill by the time we landed, but (58) _____ I just wanted (59) _____ everything about the flight. Then the pilot said: 'OK, folks. See you tomorrow for the (60) _____ home'.

Unit 4: LEARNING A FOREIGN LANGUAGE

I. PHONETICS

Pick out the word whose main stressed syllable is different from the rest.

1. A. subject B. comment C. gather D. exchange
2. A. locate B. admire C. relax D. symbol
3. A. plough B. route C. shrine D. picnic
4. A. bamboo B. forest C. reach D. village
5. A. interesting B. hungry C. experience D. mountain

II. VOCABULARY & GRAMMAR

Choose the best answer A, B, C or D to complete the sentence.

6. She _____ English for three years.
A. studied B. have studied C. has studied D. was studying
7. This is the most interesting story _____.
A. I've read B. I had read C. I've ever read D. I've never read
8. He _____ on his history studies all yesterday morning.
A. used to work B. had worked C. was working D. has worked
9. We have done a lot of work on tenses lately and we now _____ most of the rules.
A. were understanding B. understood
C. understand D. are understanding
10. John gave you the book yesterday, _____?
A. did he B. didn't he C. did John D. didn't it
11. His exercise _____ by him every morning.
A. is done B. are done C. was done D. were done
12. The glass _____ by Nam yesterday.
A. breaks B. was broken C. broke D. have broken
13. The boy _____ books under his arms is an excellent student.
A. of B. with C. for D. about

14. He is a man whose word is relied _____.
A. with B. at C. by D. on
15. My friend and I were very happy _____ the result of the election.
A. on B. to C. about D. for
16. That class _____ by Mr. Brown tomorrow.
A. is taught B. was taught C. has been taught D. will be taught
17. Because of the increasing enrolment, the school has to employ teachers who are not _____ for their jobs.
A. qualifying B. qualified C. worth D. skilled
18. He said that he _____ tired.
A. was feeling B. feels C. has felt D. will feel
19. She said that she _____ go out after 8 p.m.
A. cannot B. could not C. may not D. will not
20. He told his sister that he _____ to run away from home.
A. intends B. is intending C. has intended D. intended

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III. READING

1. Read the passage and choose the best answer A, B, C or D.

Revising for exams is not as easy as it looks. You will need to work out which routine suits you best, and (21) _____ stick to it. Some people like studying at night when it's quiet, whereas others find the early morning is a (22) _____ time to get things done. You might enjoy (23) _____ to music while you revise, but this can be unhelpful. Can you really concentrate (24) _____ two things at once? So think (25) _____ you turn your radio on! Your diet is also important while you are revising. This may be a more than usually (26) _____ period of your life, when you should take extra care to eat properly. No missed meals, or junk food, or endless cups of coffee! Get plenty of exercise as well. If you've got fed up with (27) _____ you're doing, or find it hard to concentrate,

go for a walk to clear your head. (28) _____ exercise will help to keep your body fit and your brain working (29) _____.

Finally, you also (30) _____ to take time off. Go out occasionally, see your friends, make time to relax. Then you will return to your studies fresh and full of enthusiasm!

- | | | | |
|------------------|--------------------|--------------|--------------|
| 21. A. then | B. than | C. after | D. often |
| 22. A. best | B. good | C. worse | D. well |
| 23. A. to listen | B. having listened | C. listen | D. listening |
| 24. A. on | B. in | C. of | D. for |
| 25. A. unless | B. if | C. before | D. after |
| 26. A. stress | B. stressed | C. stressing | D. stressful |
| 27. A. which | B. what | C. that | D. who |
| 28. A. Strongly | B. Every | C. Regular | D. Always |
| 29. A. well | B. energetic | C. good | D. correct |
| 30. A. must | B. should | C. need | D. may |

2. Read the passage and choose the best answer A, B, C or D for each question.

Over the past 600 years, English has grown from a language of few speakers to become the dominant language of international communication. English as we know it today emerged around 1350, after having incorporated many elements of French that were introduced following the Norman invasion of 1066.

Until the 1600s, English was, for the most part, spoken only in England and hadn't extended even, as far as Wales, Scotland or Ireland. However, during the course of the next two centuries, English began to spread around the globe as a result of exploration, trade (including slave trade), colonization, and missionary work. Thus, small **enclaves** of English speakers became established and grew in various parts of the world. As these communities **proliferated**, English gradually became the primary language of international business, banking and diplomacy.

Currently, about 80 percent of the information stored on computer systems worldwide is in English. Two thirds of the world's science writing is in English, and English is the main language of technology, advertising, media, international airports, and air traffic controllers. Today there are more than 700 million English users in the world, and over half of these are non-native speakers, constituting the largest number of non-native users than any other language in the world.

31. What is the main topic of this passage?
 - A. The number of nonnative users of English.
 - B. The French influence on the English language.
 - C. The expansion of English as an international language.
 - D. The use of English for science and technology.
32. Approximately when did English begin to be used beyond England?
 - A. In 1066.
 - B. Around 1350.
 - C. Before 1600.
 - D. After 1600.
33. According to the passage, all of the following contributed to the spread of English around the world EXCEPT _____.
 - A. the slave trade
 - B. the Norman invasion
 - C. missionaries
 - D. colonization
34. The word 'enclaves' in the passage could be best replaced by which of the following?
 - A. communities
 - B. organizations
 - C. regions
 - D. countries
35. The word 'proliferated' in line 10 is closest in meaning to which of the following?
 - A. prospered
 - B. organized
 - C. disbanded
 - D. expanded

IV. WRITING

1. Choose the sentence which has the same meaning as the given one.

36. *He said: "I am going to town with my sister."*

- A. He said that he was going to town with his sister.
- B. He said that I was going to town with my sister.

- C. He said that he is going to town with his sister.
D. He said that I would go to town with his sister.
37. *He said to her: "You have bought yourself a new hat."*
A. He told her that you had bought yourself a new hat.
B. He told her that she had bought herself a new hat.
C. He told her that she has bought herself a new hat.
D. He told her that you have bought yourself a new hat.
38. *He said to me: "You may see the photos if you like."*
A. He told me that you may see the photos if you like.
B. He told me that I may see the photos if I like.
C. He told me that I might see the photos if I liked.
D. He told me that you might see the photos if you liked.
39. *Mary said: "Do you feel well, John?"*
A. Mary asked me whether John felt well.
B. Mary asked John whether he felt well.
C. Mary asked me whether did John feel well.
D. Mary asked John whether did he feel well.
40. *Margaret said: "What did you say, Ellen?"*
A. Margaret asked you what had Ellen said.
B. Margaret asked you what Ellen had said.
C. Margaret asked Ellen what had she said.
D. Margaret asked Ellen what she had said.

2. Choose the best answer A, B, C or D to complete the sentence.

41. *Of all the world's language, _____*
A. dominating most business with English
B. the domination of business by English
C. English is the most dominant in business
D. when English dominates business

42. A: *Do you mind if I smoke?* B: _____.

- A. I rather you don't
- B. I'd rather you wouldn't
- C. I'd rather you didn't
- D. I'd rather you don't

43. A: *I'm not sure what I should do to help you.*

B: _____.

- A. Well, you should to help me study
- B. Well, you could help me study
- C. Well, you have to help me study
- D. Well, you could to help me study

44. A: *I haven't studied all week.*

B: What? I thought you said _____.

- A. you were ready for the test
- B. you will be ready for the test
- C. you have been ready for the test
- D. you are ready for the test



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45. *Which sentence is incorrect?*

- A. The road conditions are getting worse.
- B. Public transportation is very well.
- C. She has had a serious accident.
- D. I think that the subway fare is too expensive.

3. Turn the sentences into reported speech.

46. 'Can I see you tomorrow, Pat?' asked Lillian.

_____.

47. 'Who do you think will win, John?' asked David.

_____.

48. 'How much do I owe you?' Peter asked Mr. Black.

_____.

49. 'Elena, when did you last see Carlos?' asked Jane.

_____.

50. 'Does Jonathan like steak?' asked Daniela.

_____.

51. 'Don't do that!' Liz said to the boy.

_____.

52. 'Please take a seat, ladies' said the manager.

_____.

53. 'Please don't smoke in these seats' the air hostess said to the passengers.

_____.

54. 'Would you open the window, Tricia?' said the teacher.

_____.

55. 'Go up the road and turn first left' the old man said to the driver.

_____.

4. Complete the sentences.

56. If you want to pass the exams easily, _____.

57. They will go camping if _____.

58. The teacher asked me if _____.

59. If he finishes his work at 4 p.m, _____.

60. He explained that he couldn't cause the accident yesterday afternoon if _____.

_____.

TEST YOURSELF 1

<ĐỀ THAM KHẢO>

SỞ GIÁO DỤC VÀ ĐÀO TẠO HÀ NỘI

KỶ THI TUYỂN SINH VÀO LỚP 10

TRƯỜNG THPT CHU VĂN AN & HÀ NỘI - AMSTERDAM

ĐỀ CHÍNH THỨC

Năm học: 2007 – 2008

Môn thi: Tiếng Anh

Ngày thi: 21-6-2007

Thời gian làm bài: 150 phút

Điểm	Chữ kí GK

Phách:

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I. Phonetics (1 pt)

a. Which word has the underlined part pronounced differently from the others?

- | | | | |
|------------------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|
| 1. A. <u>baggage</u> | B. <u>courage</u> | C. <u>damage</u> | D. <u>stage</u> |
| 2. A. <u>depended</u> | B. <u>needed</u> | C. <u>wanted</u> | D. <u>striped</u> |
| 3. A. <u>kitchen</u> | B. <u>Christmas</u> | C. <u>challenge</u> | D. <u>exchange</u> |
| 4. A. <u>advertise</u> | B. <u>addition</u> | C. <u>advantage</u> | D. <u>adventure</u> |
| 5. A. <u>thunder</u> | B. <u>ethnic</u> | C. <u>health</u> | D. <u>gather</u> |

b. Circle the word whose main stressed syllable is different from the rest.

- | | | | |
|-------------------|---------------|--------------|----------------|
| 6. A. prevention | B. agreement | C. satisfy | D. experience |
| 7. A. camera | B. volcano | C. establish | D. industrial |
| 8. A. elephant | B. violent | C. agree | D. mineral |
| 9. A. exist | B. advance | C. pagoda | D. purpose |
| 10. A. linguistic | B. experience | C. dormitory | D. communicate |

II. Vocabulary and Grammar (4 pts)

a. Circle the best one A, B, C or D and write it in the blank to complete the sentence.

11. One problem for any teacher is that each student has his/ her own ____ needs.
A. separate B. divided C. individual D. distinctive
12. Good theories are important of course, but we must have _____ evidence to support them.
A. empirical B. true C. realistic D. first-class
13. If we hurry, we might get there _____ to catch the early train.
A. right B. in time C. on time D. before time
14. Joining a newsgroup allows computer users to make _____ with other people who share a similar interest.
A. fun B. touch C. approach D. contact
15. To get a passport, you must send in your birth _____ and two photos.
A. certificate B. licence C. paper D. card
16. His face looks _____, but I can't remember his name.
A. similar B. alike C. memorial D. familiar
17. In special _____, a person who is found guilty of murder may receive no punishment at all from the court.
A. places B. times C. surroundings D. circumstances
18. She tries to set _____ an hour a week for practice.
A. about B. down C. aside D. in
19. _____ stay the night if it's too difficult to get home.
A. At all costs C. In all
B. By all means D. On the whole
20. There's no _____ to book tickets in advance. There are always plenty of seats.
A. problem B. matter C. need D. demand
21. Robert and his wife _____ to my house for tea yesterday evening.
A. came round C. came down
B. came about D. came away

22. Our house, which _____ by the river, has a beautiful and modern design.
A. is situated B. situates C. situate D. has situated
23. Each of the guests _____ a bunch of flowers.
A. are given B. is given C. were given D. give
24. I regret _____ you the story. I really didn't know it would make you disappointed.
A. tell B. telling C. to tell D. told
25. I was made _____ hard when I was at high school.
A. studying B. studied C. to study D. study
26. To everyone's surprise, Mr Brown _____ at the Trade Union meeting.
A. turned in B. turned over C. turned up D. turned round

b. Fill in with the correct form of the word in capital letters.

27. Every _____ ⁺ in this country has the right to vote.	CITY
28. This city has over half a million _____.	INHABIT
29. Our company helps _____ people to find new jobs.	EMPLOY
30. According to the _____, the French lesson starts at ten.	TIME
31. I can't sit on this chair. It's really _____.	COMFORT
32. Harry asked for a _____ and the cashier gave him one.	RECEIVE
33. The conditions in the man's prison were _____.	HUMAN
34. They frequently _____ the traffic as they march through the streets.	MOBILE
35. In his family, he is a _____ child.	TROUBLE
36. _____ are doing the best to make people aware of the danger of all pollution.	ENVIRONMENT

c. Fill in the gaps with prepositions or particles.

37. Is it possible to insure my bike _____ theft?
38. She was very critical _____ her friends' new furniture.
39. I'm afraid I took your coat _____ mistake.

40. He reluctantly consented _____ his daughter's marriage.
41. Government officials are looking _____ reports that the river is being polluted by a chemical factory.
42. Jack, you look tired. Are you _____ the weather?
43. The doctor cured me _____ my illness.
44. _____ luck, we should be in Japan by 4 p.m.

d. Fill in each blank with the correct tense of the verb in the brackets.

Nick disliked school. Being the class truant, he (45) _____ (not realize) the importance of education. Then, one day while he (46) _____ (play) truant, he met a beggar. Curious, the beggar (47) _____ (ask) him why he was not in school. Knowing the reasons, the beggar (48) _____ (warn) Nick that if he continued as he was, he (49) _____ (eventually end) up his life.

Plagued by fears, Nick decided to change for the better. His sudden change (50) _____ (surprise) all his teachers. His improvement became obvious to all.

45. _____ 46. _____ 47. _____
48. _____ 49. _____ 50. _____

III. Reading (2 pts)

a. Fill in each numbered blank with one suitable word.

... If you decide to take a space trip, you will have to get ready a few months (51) _____ the flight. You must be in excellent (52) _____ condition. You should run a lot, swim every day, and do aerobics and push-ups. You must get a letter from the (53) _____ that shows you are in perfect health. Once you get on the trip, you will be in a different (54) _____. You will see pictures (55) _____ the earth. You may also find your country and other interesting places. You will be able to see the oceans, the big rivers, and the tall mountains. You will be able to see (56) _____ many times because you will (57) _____ the earth 16 times a day! You will also be able to see stars that you couldn't see from the earth.

When you are in orbit, you will be able to get out of your seat and walk in the (58) _____. You will be able to walk on the walls or on the ceiling (59) _____ in a circus. You will not weigh anything! You will (60) _____ totally free and enjoy the wonderful feeling you have never had before. If you were on board now, you would experience those marvelous things.

So do you think you will be able to take a space trip? Start to dream now and your dream may come true some day.

51. _____ 52. _____ 53. _____ 54. _____ 55. _____
 56. _____ 57. _____ 58. _____ 59. _____ 60. _____

b. Read the text and circle the best answer A, B, C or D to complete the passage.

Amelia Earhart, America's most famous woman pilot, was born into a (61) _____ family in 1897. At the age of 23, she began taking flying lessons in California. In spite of having a number of crashes, which were fairly common in the (62) _____ days of aviation, she decided to make flying her career.

In 1932 she became the first woman (63) _____ a solo flight across the Atlantic. She set out on May 20th, and not only did she succeed in arriving safely, but she (64) _____ to do it in record time as well. She was awarded honours of all kinds. As her fame grew, she travelled round the country giving lectures and (65) _____ women's rights.

In 1937, she decided to do something that (66) _____ woman had tried before to fly all the way round the world. She reached Australia, and set (67) _____ on the last part of her journey across the Pacific on July 2nd. A few hours later, she sent a radio message saying she was running short of (68) _____. Then there was silence. President Roosevelt immediately had the area searched, but the 9 ships and 66 planes were unable to find any sign of her. Since her death, there have been many (69) _____ about her: some say that she was captured by the Japanese, others claim that she lived on a South Pacific island with a fisherman. However, although many people have tried to work out exactly what happened, no (70) _____ of her or the plane has ever been found.

- | | | | |
|--------------------|--------------|--------------|---------------|
| 61. A. health | B. healthful | C. wealth | D. wealthy |
| 62. A. late | B. sunny | C. bright | D. early |
| 63. A. to make | B. was made | C. make | D. made |
| 64. A. managed | B. succeeded | C. wanted | D. failed |
| 65. A. prohibiting | B. promoting | C. providing | D. promising |
| 66. A. some | B. not | C. no | D. any |
| 67. A. on | B. off | C. in | D. of |
| 68. A. water | B. food | C. fuel | D. money |
| 69. A. claims | B. lies | C. stories | D. objections |
| 70. A. trace | B. story | C. sign | D. sight |

IV. Writing (3 pts)

a. Circle the incorrect part A, B, C or D in the following sentences and correct it.

71-72. The plane delayed for more than one hour because of the bad weather.

A B C D

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73-74. Will you please pass me the salt shaker and the bowl of the spaghetti?

A B C D

75-76. Last night we ate fresh fish with corn and rice in dinner.

A B C D

77-78. I have never seen as many expensive cars than they were in that shopping center.

A B C D

79-80. The new brochures describing all our services were delivered to us late yesterday and were shipped out early tomorrow morning.

C D

b. Rewrite the following sentences using the words in bold, in such a way that it means the same as the one given. Do not alter these words in any way.

81-82. Nobody expected her to lose, but she did. (**against**)

_____.

83-84. You must concentrate on your work more. (**apply**)

_____.

85-86. She will probably be elected (**stands**)

_____.

87-88. The boss was annoyed because his secretary came to work late. (**objected**)

_____.

89-90. The demand for tickets was so great that people queued day and night. (**such**)

_____.

c. (91 – 100) Write not more than 120 words inside this space to tell your friends how to protect the school environment.

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Unit 5: THE MEDIA

I. PHONETICS

Pick out the word that has the stress pattern different from that of the other words.

- | | | | |
|-----------------|-------------|---------------|--------------|
| 1. A. system | B. social | C. final | D. abroad |
| 2. A. value | B. remark | C. foretell | D. enrich |
| 3. A. character | B. gallery | C. volcano | D. confident |
| 4. A. signature | B. athletic | C. political | D. conductor |
| 5. A. broaden | B. angle | C. technician | D. challenge |

II. VOCABULARY & GRAMMAR

Choose the best answer A, B, C or D to complete the sentence.

6. Most governments now _____ paper money in the form of notes which are really "promises to pay".
A. edit B. publish C. print D. issue
7. She has got a lot of _____ in her bank account.
A. currency B. coins C. money D. cash
8. Can you tell me the _____ for Oxford?
A. department B. phone C. directory D. code
9. A: Do you think you could ever believe in ghosts?
B: _____
A. I haven't B. I suppose C. I didn't D. Never before
10. My sister is very _____ of music.
A. like B. enjoyed C. interested D. fond
11. Don't talk all _____ the question, come _____ the point.
A. about / into B. round/ for C. around/ to D. about / to
12. He doesn't care _____ working at all.
A. to B. with C. for D. about
13. He is _____ his driving test today.
A. examining B. taking C. answering D. holding
14. The phone was invented by a Scottish scientist in 1876, _____?
A. was it B. wasn't it C. didn't it D. weren't it

15. Is this secretary experienced _____ work of this sort?
A. to B. on C. with D. in
16. Are there any good _____ on television tonight?
A. showings B. screens C. programmes D. performances
17. The _____ is the most wonderful invention in the 20th century.
A. furniture B. astronaut C. machinery D. computer
18. Television _____ by John Baird.
A. was invented B. invented C. is invented D. will be invented
19. I take _____ everything I said about Paul. I realize now that it wasn't true.
A. back B. on C. over D. in
20. _____ my keys, I wasn't able to get into the house and had to wait until Andy got home.
A. Losing B. Having lost C. As I lost D. As I was losing



III. READING

1. Read the passage and choose the best answer A, B, C or D.

News media are the means or methods by which people learn what is happening in the city, in the country and in the world. The news media can be classified (21) _____ two general categories: the categories of print media and electronic media. Print media use the (22) _____ material to communicate news to readers. Electronic media use air waves to send news into homes, offices and public places. Print media are usually (23) _____ into magazines and newspapers. Most newspapers print news daily. For example, the newspapers 'The New York Times' is published weekly, for instance, Newsweek and Time magazines are published once a week. The electronic media are generally divided into radio and television. Radio news is news that you listen to. In the United States many radio (24) _____ broadcast five minutes of news every hour. Television news is news that you not only listen to but also watch. In Canada and the United States, for example, many people watch an hour of news on TV at six o'clock in the evening. In the future, new categories of news media will develop. Even today computers are beginning (25) _____ the transmission and reception of news.

- | | | | |
|------------------|--------------|---------------------|-----------------|
| 21. A. into | B. onto | C. to | D. in |
| 22. A. wrote | B. write | C. written | D. writing |
| 23. A. divided | B. dividing | C. divide | D. divides |
| 24. A. station | B. stations | C. stationary | D. stationaries |
| 25. A. influence | B. influence | C. to be influenced | D. to influence |

2. Read the passage and choose the best answer A, B, C or D for each question.

HOW WAS TELEVISION INVENTED ?

Television owes its origins to many inventors. But it was the single-minded determination of an amateur, John Logie Baird, that led to the first live television broadcast.

Born in Scotland in 1888 and educated in Glasgow, John Logie Baird earned a living as a razor-blade salesman. In the 1890s, Guglielmo Marconi showed that sound could be sent by radio waves. Baird became convinced that a similar system could transmit a picture. He spent most of his spare time working on his ideas in his tiny workshop without any commercial support. He had to use his own earnings to continue his research. In 1924, Baird successfully transmitted the general outline of a figure over more than three metres. He continued to experiment and on October 25, 1925 transmitted a recognizable image of a doll. He ran down to the office on the ground floor and persuaded one of the boys to come upstairs. The boy became the first living image transmitted by television. Overnight, Baird became famous, and soon he had enough money to continue his research. Eventually he was able to **transmit** images from London to New York. He **continued experimenting** and spent his last years exploring the possibility of colour television.

26. Which word in the passage means 'beginnings'?
- | | | | |
|-----------|-------------|--------------|------------|
| A. starts | B. outlines | C. inventors | D. origins |
|-----------|-------------|--------------|------------|
27. What is another way of saying "**He continued experimenting**" ?
- | | |
|----------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| A. He continued experiment | B. He continued to experiment |
| C. He continued at experimenting | D. He went on to experiment |

28. Which of the following is a synonym of 'transmit'?
- A. transform B. change C. translate D. send
29. Where did John L. Baird go to school?
- A. in Edinburgh B. in New York C. in Glasgow D. in London
30. What is another way of saying 'He had to use ...' ?
- A. He owned the use ... B. He wanted to use ...
C. He was obliged to use ... D. He had the use of ...
31. At what stage of life was Baird when Marconi invented radio?
- A. a young boy B. a youth in his teens
C. a young man in his 20s D. middle aged
32. Who would have been the main users of the things Baird used to sell?
- A. boys B. girls C. men D. women
33. How old was Baird when he started having success with his experiments?
- A. in his mid-twenties B. in his mid-thirties
C. in his mid-forties D. in his early fifties
34. How did Baird pay for his researches before he became famous?
- A. he received a government grant
B. he had to use the money he earned from his job as a salesman
C. he had inherited a fortune
D. there were no expenses involved in His experiments
35. What other invention inspired Baird to experiment with television?
- A. Marconi's invention of radio transmission
B. an earlier invention of how to transmit still pictures
C. refrigeration
D. the invention of a method of analyzing colours

IV. WRITING

1. Choose the underlined word or phrase in each sentence that need correcting.

36. Below Emily's stereo is three shelves of records.

A B C D

45. *I used to play basketball with Joan every day, but now _____.*

- A. we hadn't played for a long time.
- B. we used to be playing for a long time.
- C. we couldn't played for a long time.
- D. we haven't played for a long time.

3. Complete the sentences with the infinitive or the gerund of the verb in brackets.

- 46. Don't forget _____ him for coffee when you see him. (invite)
- 47. First he repaired the radio, then he went on _____ the television. (repair)
- 48. Their house really needs _____. (paint)
- 49. Ken always likes _____ on holiday to hot countries. (go)
- 50. Why don't you try _____ your breath, or _____ water? (hold, drink)
- 51. Will he remember _____ today. (pay)
- 52. _____ old bottles is a strange hobby. (collect)
- 53. He stopped _____ because he was sleepy. (drive)
- 54. He'll soon forget _____ involved in the accident. (be)
- 55. Liz needs _____ a job. She's short of money. (get)

4. Some of the sentences are not correct. Find out the mistakes and correct them.

- 55. Pedro enjoys to have a coffee after dinner.
- 56. These shoes need to mend, don't you think?
- 57. We encouraged him applying for the job.
- 58. Judy didn't finish writing the letter until midnight.
- 59. Roger has always hated living in a town.
- 60. Would you consider to work for a different company?

Unit 6: THE ENVIRONMENT

I. PHONETICS

Pick out the word that has the stress pattern different from that of the other words.

- | | | | |
|------------------|--------------|---------------|--------------|
| 1. A. influence | B. clever | C. injure | D. require |
| 2. A. wildlife | B. sociable | C. attraction | D. habitat |
| 3. A. determine | B. sacrifice | C. maintain | D. precede |
| 4. A. commercial | B. continent | C. technology | D. determine |
| 5. A. specify | B. committee | C. advantage | D. facility |

II. VOCABULARY & GRAMMAR

Choose the best answer A, B, C or D to complete the sentence.

6. Our river can be _____ by chemicals.
 A. poisonous B. contaminated C. flooded D. pollution
7. If this animal had escaped from its cage it could _____ have killed or maimed several people.
 A. equally B. both C. well D. severely
8. When you cross a street, remember to walk in the _____.
 A. junction B. roundabout C. zebra crossing D. pavement
9. Provided a car is serviced regularly, it _____ down.
 A. will never break B. has never broken
 C. never broke D. never breaks
10. The next-door neighbours will complain if you _____ that music so loudly.
 A. will play B. play C. are playing D. have played
11. He could look much smarter if he _____ more interest in clothes.
 A. takes B. took C. had taken D. would take
12. Fred said the weather was perfect _____ taking color photographs.
 A. to B. with C. by D. for
13. It's raining heavily; come _____ my umbrella.
 A. with B. under C. for D. to

14. The heavy rain caused _____ all over the country.
A. drought B. flooding C. tides D. fountains.
15. We delayed our departure _____ the weather condition.
A. on account for B. on behalf of C. in front of D. ahead of
16. When you go to a new country, it takes time to _____ the food, people, and culture.
A. realize B. select C. try D. get used to
17. Because of the heavy rain we had to _____ the camping trip until the following Sunday.
A. re-arrange B. postpone C. reserve D. give up
18. Stormy weather prevented the ferry _____ the crossing.
A. from making B. to make C. with making D. by making
19. It's still raining. I'd rather _____ at home and watch football on TV.
A. to stay B. staying C. stay D. stayed
20. If it rained heavily there _____ floods.
A. would be B. had been C. can be D. will be
21. Unlike other Asian states, Singapore has raw materials.
A. hardly no B. hardly some C. hardly any D. any hardly
22. We will always _____ the wonderful winter holidays we had in Austria.
A. remind B. reflect C. remember D. rethink
23. Some rare species are _____ as we're cutting down trees.
A. danger B. dangerous C. indangered D. endangered
24. Our environment is being _____.
A. destroyed seriously B. seriously destroyed
C. serious destroyed D. destroyed serious
25. Nuclear power stations have caused much _____ pollution.
A. environment B. environmentative
C. enviromental D. environmental

III. READING

1. Read the text and choose the best answer A, B, C or D.

Water is the “life blood” of our earth. It is in every living thing. It is in the air. It runs through mountains and valleys. It forms lakes and oceans. Water is everywhere.

Nature has a great water system. Rain water finds its way to streams and rivers. Rivers lead to the ocean. At the mouths of the rivers, fresh water joins the salt water of the ocean.

Here at the mouth of a river there is much important and animal life. Pollution destroys this life, however. We have to clean our streams and rivers. Man has to work with nature- not against it.

26. According to the passage, water is like _____.
 A. air B. rain C. blood D. clouds
27. The mouth of a river is near _____.
 A. a stream B. the ocean C. the valleys D. the mountains
28. The river brings _____ water to the ocean.
 A. dirty B. salt C. clean D. fresh
29. Rivers are part of a great natural _____.
 A. system B. matter C. plan D. problem
30. Fresh water does not have _____ in it.
 A. sand B. salt C. life D. pollution

PLANET EARTH

The planet Earth is 4,600 million years old. It is difficult for us to think about such an enormous length of time because it has little meaning for us. We can, however, simplify the idea to make it more understandable. We can compare the planet Earth to a person of forty-six years of age.

Nothing is known about the first seven years of this person's life. Very little information exists about the middle period either. It was only at the age of forty-two that the Earth began to flower.

Dinosaurs and great reptiles did not appear until one year ago, when the planet was forty-five. Mammals only arrived eight months ago. In the middle

of last week, man-like apes became ape-like men and began to communicate with each other. Last weekend, the Ice Age covered the Earth.

Modern man has only been around for four hours. During the last hour man discovered agriculture. The Industrial Revolution and the rise of large cities began just sixty seconds ago.

During that short time. Modern man has made a rubbish tip of the Earth. In one minute, he has increased his numbers to terrible proportions, and has caused the death of hundreds of species of animals. He has robbed and destroyed the planet in his search for fuels. Now he stands, like a violent, spoilt child, delighted at the speed of his rise to power, on the edge of the final mass destruction and of killing all the life which exists in the solar system.

31. The passage tells us that _____.
- A. a great deal is known about how the Earth was created.
 - B. life on Earth began relatively recently.
 - C. more is known about the first part of the Earth's life than the middle part.
 - D. scientists are well-informed about the middle part of the Earth's life.
32. We are informed by the author that _____.
- A. the dinosaurs appeared during the middle period.
 - B. mammals and great reptiles both appeared at the same time.
 - C. there were more than forty-five kinds of great reptiles.
 - D. ape-like men appeared before the last Ice Age.
33. The author is mainly interested in _____.
- A. the time when man first evolved from apes.
 - B. what has happened since the Industrial Revolution.
 - C. the effects of farming.
 - D. the period before the last Ice Age.
34. It would appear that the main danger ahead is that _____.
- A. man will destroy everything on Earth.
 - B. man will use up all the fuels.
 - C. there will be a population explosion.
 - D. more species of animals may die out.

35. The author's general view of man seems to be that _____.
- A. he has no right to be so destructive.
 - B. he has been the most successful animal.
 - C. he will be able to control the environment.
 - D. he has learned a lot from past mistakes.

2. Read the passage and choose the best answer A, B, C or D for each question.



Our demand for water is constantly increasing. Every year there are more and more people in the world. Factories **turn out** more and more products and need more and more water. We live in a world of water. But almost all of it – about 97% – is the oceans. This water is too salty to be used for drinking, farming, and manufacturing. Only about 3% of the

world's water is fresh. Most of this water is not easily available to man because it is locked in glaciers and ice caps.

There is as much water on earth today as there will ever be. Most of the water we use finds its way to the oceans. There, it is evaporated by the sun. It then falls back to the earth as rain. Water is used and reused over and over again. It is never used up.

Although the world as a whole has plenty of fresh water, some regions have a water shortage. Rain does not fall evenly over the earth. Some regions are always too dry, and others too wet. A region that usually gets enough rain may suddenly have a serious dry spell and another region may be flooded with too much rain.

36. All of the following statements can be inferred from the text Except _____.
- A. We need more and more water.
 - B. The population of the world is increasing every year.
 - C. Most of the world's water is locked in glaciers and ice caps
 - D. Factories also need more water.

37. Which of the following is NOT true about the world's water?
- A. The vast majority of the world's water is ocean water
 - B. Ocean water is salty enough to be used for drinking, farming and manufacturing.
 - C. Most fresh water is locked in glaciers and icecaps.
 - D. The percentage of fresh water is very small.
38. What can be inferred about water?
- A. The amount of water on earth is always the same.
 - B. Water will probably be exhausted.
 - C. Water can be used once only.
 - D. Most of the water we use is rain water.
39. It can be inferred from the text from _____.
- A. no region in the world suffers from a lack of fresh water.
 - B. rain does not fall equally everywhere on earth.
 - C. the world has plenty of fresh water in comparison with salty water.
 - D. A region that usually get enough rain hardly ever has a dry spell.
40. The phrasal verb "turn out" in the third line is closest in meaning to _____.
- A. sell
 - B. prove to be
 - C. switch off
 - D. produce

IV. WRITING

1. Choose the best answer to complete the second sentence so that it has a similar meaning to the first one.
41. *The temperature didn't fall below zero last night, so the crops weren't damaged.*
- If _____.
- A. the temperature has fallen below zero last night, the crops would be damaged
 - B. the temperature had fallen below zero last night, the crops would have damaged
 - C. the temperature had fallen below zero last night, the crops would be damaged
 - D. the temperature had fallen below zero last night, the crops would have been damaged

42. *After John had watched the garbage collectors on his street, he decided he wanted to become one, too.*

Watching _____.

- A. the garbage collectors on his street, he had decided he wanted to become one, too
- B. the garbage collectors on his street, he decided he wanted to become one, too
- C. the garbage collectors on his street, he has decided he wanted to become one, too
- D. the garbage collectors on his street, did he decide he wanted to become one, too

43. *England no longer had dreadful fogs.*

There used _____.

- A. longer had dreadful fogs in England
- B. to dreadful fogs in England
- C. to be dreadful fogs in England
- D. to having dreadful fogs in England

44. *You won't find a school anywhere whose pupils get such good results.*

Nowhere _____.

- A. will you find a school whose pupils get such good results.
- B. you will find a school whose pupils get such good results.
- C. school whose pupils get such good results.
- D. you find a school whose pupils get such good results.

45. *"Why don't you put your luggage under the seat?" He asked.*

He suggested _____.

- A. he put my luggage under the seat.
- B. to put my luggage under the seat.
- C. puting my luggage under the seat.
- D. putting my luggage under the seat.

2. Choose the best answer A, B, C or D to make correct sentence.

41. *being / it / that / unsafe / block / down / of / because / is / flats / pulled / is /.*

- A. That block of flats is being pulled down because it is unsafe.
- B. That block is being pulled down because it is unsafe of flats.
- C. It is unsafe that block of flats is being pulled down.
- D. That block of flats is pulled down because it is unsafe.

42. *delicious / ice / time / cream / have / I / this / is / most / had / for / the / a / long /.*

- A. This is the ice cream most delicious I have had for a long time.
- B. This is the ice cream most delicious for a long time I have had.
- C. This is the most delicious ice cream I have had for a long time.
- D. I have had for a long time this is the most delicious ice cream.

43. *He / which / taking / at / train / 6 a.m / early / is / runs / that /.*

- A. He is taking which train that runs at 6 a.m.
- B. He is taking that early train which runs at 6 a.m.
- C. He is taking at that early 6 a.m train which runs.
- D. He runs that early train which is taking at 6 a.m.

44. *do / pick / they / to / the / early / morning / flowers / in / the / have / ? /*

- A. Do they pick to have the flowers early in the morning?
- B. Do the flowers have to pick they early in the morning?
- C. Do they have to pick the morning flowers in the early?
- D. Do they have to pick the flowers early in the morning?

45. *flowers / there / my / is / variety / in / a / of / garden / great / . /*

- A. There is my great variety of flowers in a garden.
- B. There is in my garden a variety of great flowers.
- C. There is a great variety of flowers in my garden.
- D. There is a variety great of flowers in my garden.

Unit 7: SAVING ENERGY

I. PHONETICS

Choose the word whose underlined part is pronounced differently from that of the others in each group.

1. A. attach B. alternative C. attendance D. accessible
2. A. measure B. pleasure C. weapon D. bear
3. A. four B. course C. flour D. court
4. A. push B. put C. butcher D. rule
5. A. bite B. site C. give D. kite

II. VOCABULARY & GRAMMAR

Choose the best answer A, B, C or D to complete the sentence.

6. We have to _____ the natural resources of our country.
A. keep B. preserve C. maintain D. conserve
7. The industrial _____ will lead to the country's prosperity.
A. processing B. development C. calculation D. power
8. Solar energy is considered as one kind of _____ fuels.
A. various B. alternative C. replacing D. changing
9. The safe _____ of nuclear waste is a major international problem.
A. disposal B. abandon C. display D. sale
10. He is collecting coins and he has a valuable _____ of rare coins.
A. number B. pile C. packet D. collection
11. I am extremely busy. I have very little _____ time.
A. busy B. spare C. good D. working
12. My son won't get married until he _____ 30 years old.
A. isn't B. is C. will be D. has been
13. The fire _____ out when they were having dinner.
A. breaks B. was breaking C. broke D. has broken

14. I am going to have my bicycle _____ tomorrow.
A. will repair B. will be repaired C. repaired D. to be repaired
15. The bus was full of smoke. We couldn't get _____.
A. off B. of C. over D. up
16. Anna is leaving tomorrow and coming _____ on Saturday.
A. in B. back C. for D. to
17. When I touched him on the shoulder, he turned _____.
A. round B. up C. in D. on
18. I was so tired this morning that I couldn't get _____.
A. up B. at C. about D. out
19. Vietnamese are interested _____ saving money and natural resources nowadays.
A. of B. in C. on D. by
20. If we go on wasting water, there will be a shortage _____ fresh water _____ a few decades.
A. of / on B. with / in C. of / in D. with / for

III. READING

1. Read the passage and choose the best answer A, B, C or D.

When man first learned (21) _____ to make a fire, he began to use fuel for the first time. The first (22) _____ he used was probably wood. As time passed, man eventually discovered that (23) _____ such as coal and oil would burn.

Coal was not used very widely as a source of energy (24) _____ the 19th century. With the coming of the industrial revolution, it was soon realised that production would double if coal was used (25) _____ of wood. Nowadays, many of the huge factories and electricity generating stations would be (26) _____ to function if there was no coal.

In the last twenty or thirty years, however, the use of coal has (27) _____. As a result, there have been changes in the coal industry. It is believed that more people would use coal (28) _____ oil and gas were not so readily available.

There is more than (29)_____ coal in the world for man's needs for the next two hundred years if our use of coal does not increase. Unfortunately, however, about half of the world's coal may never be used. Mining much of it (30)_____ be very expensive even if it was possible to use new equipment.

- | | | | |
|----------------|------------|-------------|---------------|
| 21. A. what | B. how | C. why | D. who |
| 22. A. fuel | B. fire | C. wood | D. time |
| 23. A. solids | B. liquids | C. gases | D. substances |
| 24. A. after | B. because | C. for | D. until |
| 25. A. instead | B. rather | C. as | D. place |
| 26. A. able | B. unable | C. capable | D. incapable |
| 27. A. fell | B. drop | C. reclined | D. declined |
| 28. A. because | B. if | C. for | D. after |
| 29. A. much | B. supply | C. enough | D. plenty |
| 30. A. will | B. to | C. would | D. cannot |

2. Read the passage and choose the best answer A, B, C or D for each question.

The search for alternative sources of energy has led in various directions. Many communities are burning garbage and other biological waste products to produce electricity. Converting waste product to gases or oil is also an efficient way to dispose of wastes.

Experimental work is being done to derive synthetic fuels from coal, oil, shale, and coal tars. But to date, that process has proven expensive. Other experiments are under way to harness power with giant windmills. Geothermal power, heat from the earth is also being tested.

Some experts expect utility companies to revive hydroelectric power derived from streams and rivers. Fifty years ago, hydroelectric power provided one third of the electricity used in the United States, but today it supplies only 4 percent. The oceans are another potential source of energy. Scientists are studying ways to convert the energy of ocean currents, tides, and waves to electricity. Experiments are also underway to make use of temperature differences in ocean water to produce energy.

31. Which of the following possible sources of energy is NOT mentioned in the above passage?
- A. synthetics made from oil B. nuclear energy
C. biological waste products D. wind
32. Which alternative energy source was once quite widely used but much less so today?
- A. heat from the earth B. nuclear energy
C. hydroelectric power D. wind power
33. What is being burned in some places as an alternative fuel?
- A. wood B. coal C. oil D. garbage
34. What do we call power from heat under the ground?
- A. hydroelectric B. fossil C. geothermal D. nuclear
35. On which of the following substances are experiments being performed in the hope of turning them into synthetic fuels?
- A. shale B. water C. soil D. trees

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IV. WRITING

1. Choose the best answer A, B, C or D to make correct sentence.

36. *only / there / are / days / school / starts / a / few / before / left ./*
- A. There are only a few left days before school starts.
B. There starts only a school before few days are left.
C. There are only a few days left before school starts.
D. There are only a school left before few days starts.
37. *the / about / a / are / house / in / we / buying / countryside / thinking ./*
- A. We are thinking about buying in the countryside a house.
B. We are thinking about buying a house in the countryside.
C. We are thinking buying a house about in the countryside.
D. We are thinking buying about in the countryside a house.
38. *than / I / better / today / I / did / last / feel / much / week.*
- A. I feel much better today than I did last week.
B. I feel better last week much than I did today.

- C. I feel better today much than I did last week.
- D. I did feel much better today than I last week.

39. *The / is / intelligent / I / ever / have / most / she / met / . /*

- A. She is the most student intelligent I have ever met.
- B. She is the student most intelligent I have ever met.
- C. She is the most intelligent student I have ever met.
- D. She is the most intelligent I have ever met student.

40. *is / speech / to / Professor Jones's / Jim / tonight / going / ? /*

- A. Is Professor Jones's speech going to Jim tonight?
- B. Is Professor Jones's going to speech Jim tonight?
- C. Is tonight professor Jones's going to speech Jim?
- D. Is Jim going to Professor Jones's speech tonight?

2. **Choose the correct sentence A, B, C or D which has the same meaning as the given one.**

41. *Turn off all the switches before leaving the room.*

- A. All the switches must be turned off before leaving the room.
- B. All the switches must be turned off before you leave the room.
- C. You must leave the room before turning off all the switches.
- D. You must leave the room as soon as you turned off all the switches.

42. *They installed a new pump to supply water for the town.*

- A. To supply water for the town was installed a new pump.
- B. To supply water a new pump was installed to the town.
- C. A new pump was installed to supply water for the town.
- D. A new pump to supply water for the town was installed.

43. *John's brother used to let him drive his car at weekends.*

- A. John's brother never let him drive his car at weekends.
- B. John is no longer allowed to use his brother's car at weekends.
- C. John is allowed to use his brother's car at weekends.
- D. John is used to driving his brother's car at weekends.

44. *However hard you work, you will never be promoted here.*
- A. You will never be promoted here, however, you work hard.
 B. No matter what how you work, you will be promoted here.
 C. Although you work really hard, you will never be promoted here.
 D. If you didn't work hard, you would never be promoted here.

45. *"Please let me borrow your bike," he said to her.*
- A. He asked her if she could let him borrow her bike.
 B. He asked her to borrow your bike.
 C. He asked her whether she would let him borrow her bike.
 D. He asked her to let him borrow her bike.

46 – 55. *Rewrite each sentence using a phrasal verb from the box so that the meaning stays the same. You may have to change the form.*

<i>call off</i>	<i>draw up</i>	<i>give in</i>	<i>look up</i>	<i>put aside</i>
<i>turn down</i>	<i>turn up</i>	<i>wear off</i>	<i>work out</i>	<i>put up</i>

46. Jack always arrives late for work.

_____.

47. See if their number is in the phone directory.

_____.

48. I'm saving up to buy a new bike.

_____.

49. After a few days the pain in Dave's leg went away.

_____.

50. I'm afraid the match has been cancelled.

_____.

51. The government refused to yield to the demands of the terrorists.

_____.

52. We offered them \$ 25,000 for the house but they refused our offer.

_____.

53. You can stay with us if you come to Cambridge.

_____.

54. I can't calculate how much the whole trip will cost.

_____.

55. A large silver limousine stopped outside the house.

_____.

**56 – 60. Rewrite each sentence so that it contains the phrasal verb in brackets.
You may have to change the form.**

56. Sorry, but I haven't found time to fix your bike yet. (get round to)

_____.

57. Oh bother, we don't have any milk left. (run out of)

_____.

58. It took me a long time to recover from my illness. (get over)

_____.

59. Julie must be too old to bite her nails. (grow out of)

_____.

60. I think we've found an answer to the problem. (come up with)

_____.

Unit 8: CELEBRATIONS

I. PHONETICS

Pick out the word that has the stress pattern different from that of the other words.

- | | | | |
|-------------------|-----------------|---------------|--------------|
| 1. A. tradition | B. realize | C. hobby | D. failure |
| 2. A. favourite | B. figure | C. redundancy | D. function |
| 3. A. wander | B. increase | C. possession | D. influence |
| 4. A. interviewer | B. position | C. juicy | D. lecture |
| 5. A. compose | B. congratulate | C. predict | D. nominate |

II. VOCABULARY & GRAMMAR

Choose the best answer A, B, C or D to complete the sentence.

6. Did you enjoy yourself at the party? Yes, I had a good _____ there.
A. game B. dance C. time D. drink
7. He's not a professional violinist; he just plays for _____.
A. pleasure B. fun C. business D. money
8. Why didn't you buy that car? Because it was so expensive that I couldn't _____ it.
A. afford B. give C. have D. offer
9. I want to take my dogs with me. I need their _____.
A. relation B. relationship C. company D. companion
10. It was not a good football match. It was not _____.
A. exciting B. excited C. bored D. boring
11. After the campaign a special medal was _____ to all.
A. gained B. awarded C. earned D. deserved
12. We went to that new restaurant in the High Street, and we both enjoyed _____ very much.
A. ourself B. oneself C. ourselves D. myself and himself
13. This is the man _____ we saw yesterday.
A. whose B. which C. whom D. when

14. I will come with Mr. Martin _____ wants to see you.
A. whom B. who C. which D. whose
15. Bring me the book _____ is on the table.
A. which B. who C. whom D. whose
16. In addition to their homes, the Pomo Indians of California built dance houses _____ religious ceremonies.
A. of B. for C. in which D. were for
17. Sunday is a holiday _____ most people rest.
A. which B. that C. where D. when
18. The number of tourists _____ this year as a result of the good weather.
A. have doubled B. doubled C. has doubled D. doubles
19. During the festival _____ were hanging from every tree.
A. decorations B. decorative C. decorator D. decorativeness
20. The tiny bells on the Christmas tree were _____ in the draught.
A. clanging B. ringing C. tinkling D. gurgling

III. READING

1. Read the passage and choose the best answer A, B, C or D.

A HINDU FESTIVAL – DIWALI

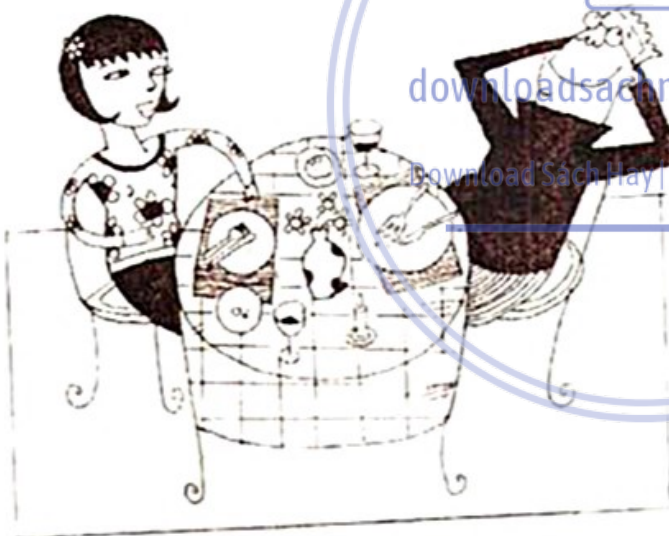
The festival of Diwali (21) _____ one of the most important religious festivals in India. It lasts (22) _____ five days around the end of October. It is the festival of Laxmi, the Goddess who, in the Hindu (23) _____, brings peace and prosperity.

Preparations for (24) _____ festival begin several weeks before the festival itself. People clean and decorate (25) _____ homes, (26) _____ special food and buy new clothes and jewellery to (27) _____ the Goddess into their homes. All over India, people light up their homes with oil (28) _____ and colourful lights.

The celebrations (29) _____ place on the darkest (30) _____ of the lunar month, Amavasya. In the evening, fireworks fill the sky to make Diwali a true 'Festival of Light'.

- | | | | |
|-----------------|------------|------------|--------------|
| 21. A. is | B. are | C. become | D. were |
| 22. A. from | B. to | C. under | D. for |
| 23. A. religion | B. history | C. law | D. geography |
| 24. A. a | B. the | C. some | D. its |
| 25. A. some | B. new | C. their | D. old |
| 26. A. take | B. mix | C. prepare | D. grow |
| 27. A. pray | B. meet | C. take | D. welcome |
| 28. A. bottles | B. flares | C. lamps | D. cans |
| 29. A. take | B. have | C. are | D. occur |
| 30. A. day | B. date | C. patch | D. night |

2. Read the passage and choose the best answer A, B, C or D to complete the sentences.



“The Moon Trap” is a new film made by a young Canadian director called Melvin Strang. The main parts in the film are played by Sid Cheung and Julie Plein who last appeared in “Music for Ever”. In this new film they starred as young married couple who bought an old house in the country. After living there for a few weeks strange things

began to happen. Some of the furniture in the house disappeared and couldn’t be found; windows broke and pictures fell off walls. At night they heard crying noise and when the moon was up, loud screams could be heard from the woods nearby.

As you might expect, the young couple tried to discover the reason for all these strange events and this led them into some very frightening situations. If you are easily scared, don’t go and see this film! But if you enjoy films with lots of adventure and murder then this is the film for you.

31. Julie Plein and Sid Cheung _____ .
 A. like films very much.
 B. are leading performers of the film.
 C. play pop music very well.
 D. are staying in the studio.
32. Strange things happened _____ .
 A. and last for a few weeks.
 B. in an old house.
 C. in a new house .
 D. in the forest.
33. Some of the furniture in the house _____ .
 A. is found easily.
 B. can be found everywhere.
 C. disappeared and couldn't be found
 D. appeared suddenly.
34. They hear loud screams _____ .
 A. in the morning.
 B. when the moon is down in the sky.
 C. from the woods that is not far from their house.
 D. from the woods that is far from their house.
35. The young couple try _____ .
 A. to find out the cause for all the strange events.
 B. to lead people into frightening situations.
 C. to be calm.
 D. to take no notice of the things that happen to them.

IV. WRITING

1. Choose the underlined word or phrase in each sentence that need correcting.

36. If you would like a cup of coffee, took some cream and sugar.

A

B

C

D

37. Scott listens to rock music, but his parents enjoy to listen to classical music.

A

B

C

D

38. The star to perform currently in this opera is a former dramatic actor.

A

B

C

D

39. We are not satisfied with our preparations for Christmas, even though we

A

B

had decorated our house and made plenty of cakes.

C

D

40. John is given a new watch on the occasion of his birthday last year.

A

B

C

D

2. Choose the sentence which has the same meaning as the given one.



41. *This is the finest picture that I have ever seen.*

A. Ever have I not seen a finer picture than this.

B. This is a fine picture. I have ever seen it.

C. I have never seen a finer picture than this.

D. I have always seen this finest picture.

42. *I will come with Mr. Martin who wants to see you.*

A. You want to see Mr. Martin. I'll come with him.

B. I'll come with Mr. Martin. You want to be seen by him.

C. I will come with Mr. Martin. He wants to see you.

D. Mr. Martin, who wants to see you, will be come with by me.

43. *Jack has read the book which I gave him.*

A. I gave Jack a book, and he has read it.

B. A book was given to me and it was read by Jack.

C. Jack was given a book I had read.

D. I read a book. Then I gave it to Jack.

44. *Do you know the man whose car is in front of my shop?*
- A. There is a car in front of my shop. Do you know the owner of this car?
- B. Do you know the car of the man in front of my shop?
- C. Do you know which man owns the car in front of my shop?
- D. Do you know about the man whose car is in front of my shop?

45. *Most people are on holiday at that time of the year.*
- A. It's the holiday at that time of the year.
- B. It's the time of the year when most people are on holiday.
- C. It's the year most people are on holiday at that time.
- D. It's the holiday most people are on at that time of the year.

46 – 50. Make one new sentence from each pair of sentences. Begin as shown, and use the word given in capitals.

46. Brenda is a friend. I went on holiday with her. **WHO**
 _____.
47. This is Mr Smith. His son Bill plays in our team. **WHOSE**
 _____.
48. Her book was published last year. It became a best seller. **WHICH**
 _____.
49. This is the bank. We borrowed the money from it. **WHICH**
 _____.
50. I told you about a person. She is at the door. **WHO**
 _____.

51 – 60. In Vietnam, we always celebrate a very special Vietnamese teachers' day on 20th November. Follow the outline below, write at least 10 sentences to Japanese friends to share your feeling.

Outline:

- Tell your friends the reason(s) for celebrating this special day,
- How to celebrate;
- When to celebrate;

- *What special gifts to give your teachers ;*
- *What special activities on this day ;*
- *How to express your emotion to your teachers ;*
- ...



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TEST YOURSELF 2

<ĐỀ THAM KHẢO>

ĐỀ TUYỂN SINH LỚP 10 THPT TẠI TP. HCM NĂM HỌC 2006 – 2007

Môn thi: Tiếng Anh

Thời gian làm bài: 90 phút

(1-5) Choose the word whose underlined part is pronounced differently from that of the others:

- | | | | |
|-----------------------|------------------|-------------------|-------------------|
| 1. A. <u>seat</u> | B. <u>head</u> | C. <u>meat</u> | D. <u>feed</u> |
| 2. A. <u>watches</u> | B. <u>washes</u> | C. <u>clauses</u> | D. <u>likes</u> |
| 3. A. <u>pleased</u> | B. <u>smoked</u> | C. <u>stopped</u> | D. <u>missed</u> |
| 4. A. <u>Southern</u> | B. <u>mouth</u> | C. <u>found</u> | D. <u>ground</u> |
| 5. A. <u>Third</u> | B. <u>Cloth</u> | C. <u>father</u> | D. <u>theatre</u> |

(6-22) Choose the word or phrase (A, B, C or D) that best fits the blank space in each sentence:

6. The final examination will be held _____ June 12th, 2006.
A. in B. on C. at D. to
7. How many languages are there _____ the world?
A. in B. on C. over D. through
8. Egypt is famous _____ ancient pyramid.
A. on B. to C. from D. for
9. The boy looks very proud _____ his success at school.
A. on B. of C. at D. in
10. When the trucks leave the police, the ground is covered _____ trash.
A. in B. by C. with D. of
11. You have read this article on the website, _____?
A. don't you B. aren't you C. didn't you D. haven't you
12. All the students are looking forward _____ their summer vacation in the countryside.
A. to spend B. spend C. to spending D. spending

13. Did your children enjoy _____ in the sea?
A. swimming B. swim C. to swim D. swam
14. "When is Mr Ba planning to retire? He _____ for the company for thirty years now".
A. works B. is working C. will work D. has been working
15. Flowers should _____ in warm places.
A. be keep B. kept C. be kept D. be keeping
16. They went on walking _____ it started to rain.
A. though B. because C. but D. despite
17. Study harder _____.
A. if you will fail the exam B. and you would fail the exam
C. unless you fail the exam D. or you will fail the exam
18. The girl wishes she _____ in Hue for the festival next week.
A. had stayed B. was staying C. stay D. could stay
19. Miss Lan stopped _____ her letter because she had to leave for the hospital.
A. to write B. write C. writing D. wrote
20. Do you know the man _____ car Jack is driving?
A. who B. whom C. which D. whose
21. "I suggest going to Vung Tau on the weekend." - "_____".
A. That's a fine day B. That's a good idea
C. That's a trip D. That's a reason
22. "_____ " - "Don't worry. I can fix it".
A. Are you worried? B. May I fix your TV?
C. The TV is out of order again. D. I want to fix your TV.

(23-30) Choose the word or phrase (A, B, C or D) that best fits the blank space in the following passage:

New Year is one of the most important (23) _____ in the United States. On New Year's Eve, most people go to the parties. At twelve o'clock (24) _____ night, everyone says "Happy New Year" and they (25) _____ their friends and relatives good luck. New Year's Eve is

usually a long night to this holiday children (26) _____ as witches, ghosts or orthers. Most children go from house to house asking for candy or fruit. (27) _____ the people at the house do not give (28) _____ candy, the children will (29) _____ a trick on them. But this (30) _____ ever happens. Many people give them candy or fruit.

- | | | | |
|------------------|-------------|-------------|-----------------|
| 23. A. festivals | B. meetings | C. contests | D. courses |
| 24. A. on | B. at | C. in | D. For |
| 25. A. dream | B. greet | C. wish | D. congratulate |
| 26. A. wear | B. dress | C. put on | D. take off |
| 27. A. Whether | B. So | C. Although | D. If |
| 28. A. they | B. them | C. their | D. theirs |
| 29. A. say | B. tell | C. play | D. speak |
| 30. A. hardly | B. hard | C. soon | D. always |

(31-34) Choose the underlined word or phrase (A, B, C or D) that needs correcting:

31. You're tired although you stayed up too late to watch TV last night.

A B C D

32. Tuan sighed sad when he heard that he failed the test.

A B C D

33. Don't speak English with him; he hardly not know any English.

A B C D

34. 90 percent of earthquakes occurs around the Pacific Rim.

A B C D

(35-38) Use the correct form of the word given in each sentence:

35. Fuel _____ can be cut down by having fewer cars on the roads. (CONSUME)

36. Many chemicals have a _____ effect on the environment. (DISASTER)

37. _____, the typhoon didn't cause any damage on the village. (LUCKY)

38. The next stage in the _____ of television is interactive TV. (DEVELOP)

(39-42) Read the passage and then decide whether the statements that follow are True or False. Write True or False in your answer sheet:

Daddy,

I am writing this to tell you how much you are missed and loved. I will always remember that day – my wedding day. You were standing there with tears in your eyes while I was walking towards my groom. You gave me a hug, and the feeling that you never wanted to let me go. But at last I had to leave you and start my new life... a moment in time that lasted forever. I now have children, Dad, but I will always be your little girl! Happy Father's Day.

39. This is a letter written by a daughter to her father.
40. The father in the letter is not loved much.
41. The man did not let his daughter go at last.
42. The writer of this letter hasn't got any children.

(43-46) Rewrite the sentences so that they are nearest in meaning to the sentence printed before them:

43. Ba said, "I am going to meet your sister in front of the station, Liz".

Ba told Liz that _____

44. The last time she went out with him was two years ago.

She hasn't _____

45. She is not on board now, so she can't experience these marvelous things.

If she _____

46. The show was interesting to the boys.

The boys felt _____

Unit 9: NATURAL DISASTERS

I. PHONETICS

Pick out the word that has the stress pattern different from that of the other words.

- | | | | |
|-------------------|---------------|----------------|-------------|
| 1. A. temperature | B. volcano | C. forecast | D. damage |
| 2. A. solid | B. regional | C. spontaneous | D. remedy |
| 3. A. suburban | B. carriage | C. bureau | D. battery |
| 4. A. sensitive | B. successful | C. separate | D. physical |
| 5. A. typhoon | B. destroy | C. earthquake | D. erupt |

II. VOCABULARY & GRAMMAR

Choose the best answer A, B, C or D to complete the sentence.

6. Tsunami is a very large ocean wave caused by underwater earthquake or _____ eruption.
- A. stormy B. dusty C. volcanic D. cloudy
7. Most of the lava was _____ during the first few hours of the eruption.
- A. emitted B. emission C. made D. created
8. Between two classes, we have a _____ that we can relax.
- A. time B. break C. interval D. rest
9. The earthquake made everybody worry and want _____ away.
- A. to move B. moving C. moved D. move
10. Where are you going? I'll give you _____.
- A. a ladder B. a lift C. an elevator D. a staircase
11. Many countries were _____ for the tsunami in 2004.
- A. expecting B. fighting C. ill-prepared D. overcome
12. Sorry I'm late. The car broke _____.
- A. into B. in C. out D. down
13. Look _____! There's a car coming.
- A. at B. for C. out D. after
14. A large number of people in earthquake disaster _____ when homes, high buildings collapsed.
- A. was killed B. were killed C. killed D. were killing

15. It was my first flight. I was very nervous as the plane took _____.
 A. away B. in C. on D. off
16. Dr. Clark, _____ I hadn't seen before, entered the room.
 A. whom B. which C. whose D. that
17. The subject, _____ we are going to discuss, is very important.
 A. who B. which C. that D. both B & C are correct
18. The woman _____ son we met last week is a doctor.
 A. that B. who C. whom D. whose
19. He showed me his car, _____ engine was very good.
 A. whose B. who C. that D. which
20. The woman _____ I was looking smiled.
 A. on whom B. in whom C. at whom D. with whom

III. READING

1. Read the passage and choose the best answer A, B, C or D.

Firemen had been fighting the forest (21) _____ for nearly three weeks before they could get it (22) _____ control. A short time before, great trees had covered the countryside for miles around. Now, (23) _____ still rose up from the warm ground over the desolate hills. Winter was coming on and the hills (24) _____ the surrounding villages with destruction, for heavy rain would not only wash away the soil but would cause serious floods as well. When the fire had at last been (25) _____ the forest authorities ordered several tons of a special type of grass-seed which would grow quickly. The (26) _____ was sprayed over the ground in huge (27) _____ by aeroplanes. The planes had been (28) _____ seed for nearly a month when it began to rain. By then, however, in many places the grass had already taken (29) _____. In place of the great trees which had been growing there for centuries, patches of green had begun to appear in the (30) _____ soil.

- | | | | |
|----------------------|-------------|---------------|---------------|
| 21. A. cold | B. fire | C. plant | D. heat |
| 22. A. under | B. above | C. in | D. on |
| 23. A. plants | B. heat | C. smoke | D. fire |
| 24. A. supplied | B. provided | C. threatened | D. persuaded |
| 25. A. put out | B. put away | C. put on | D. put off |
| 26. A. fertilizer | B. seed | C. plant | D. water |
| 27. A. amount | B. number | C. qualities | D. quantities |
| 28. A. transplanting | B. planting | C. watering | D. providing |
| 29. A. root | B. branch | C. trunk | D. tree |
| 30. A. fertilized | B. wet | C. good | D. blackened |

2. Read the passage and choose the best answer A, B, C or D for each question.

A dust storm usually lasts for days, blotting out the sun, launching banshee winds day and night. It is dangerous to stray far from shelter, because the sand and grit lodge in one's eyes, and a visibility often reduced to a few feet can make one completely disoriented. Animals which become exhausted and lie down are often sanded over and smothered. There is nothing anyone can do but stay inside, waiting for the calm after the storm. Inside, it is stifling. Every window must be closed against the dust, which seeps relentlessly through the slightest crack. Meals are gritty and sleep elusive. Rising in the morning, one sees a perfect outline of one's body, an afterimage of white where the dust had not been collected in the sheets.

As the winds seared our land, they took away the dry herbage, piled it against the fences, and then slowly began to silt over the debris. It had been three days before we could venture out, days of almost unendurable tension.

When we emerged, there were several feet of sand piled up against the windbreak to my mother's garden, the contours of new sand hills began to form in places where the dust eddied and collected. There was no question that there were many more bare patches where the remains of dry grass and herbage had been lifted and blown away.

It was always a miracle to me that animals could endure so much. As we checked the property, there were dead sheep in every paddock to be sure, but

fewer than I'd feared. My spirits began to rise and I kept telling my father the damage was not too bad. "That was only the first storm", he said bleakly. He had seen it all before and knew what was to come.

31. During a dust storm, people should not be too far from shelter because _____.
- A. the wind might carry them away
 - B. the wind might destroy everything
 - C. it's hard to see and they can get confused and lose their way
 - D. flying debris can hit and hurt them
32. During a dust storm, even animals should seek shelter because _____.
- A. they can lose their way
 - B. they need to be together in one place
 - C. they get frightened and run away
 - D. they get tired, lie down, and choke to death when the sand covers them
33. During a dust storm, staying inside the house is not very comfortable because _____.
- A. the dust gets into everything and makes eating and sleeping difficult
 - B. there is no light
 - C. there is no running water
 - D. there is nothing to do
34. After a dust storm, one could see _____.
- A. sand piles and bare patches of land where grass used to grow
 - B. new plants growing
 - C. clouds gathering in the sky
 - D. dead sheep in every paddock
35. Which of the following statements is **not true** according to the writer:
- A. A dust storm can block out daylight.
 - B. A dust storm can last for only one day.
 - C. A dust storm can rip up and blow away dry vegetation.
 - D. A dust storm can build hills of sands.

IV. WRITING

1. Choose the sentence A, B, C or D which has the same meaning as the given one.

36. *They said: "We are living in the house now."*

- A. They said that they were then living in a house.
- B. They said that we were then living in a house.
- C. They said that we are living in a house now.
- D. They said that they are living in a house now.

37. *People will forget the whole incident after a few weeks.*

- A. People will be forgotten by the whole incident after a few weeks.
- B. The whole incident will be forgotten after a few weeks.
- C. After a few weeks the people will forget the whole incident.
- D. A few weeks after will forget the people the whole incident.

38. *Bring me the book which is on the table.*

- A. The book is on the table which I want you to bring to me.
- B. There's a book on the table. Bring that book to me.
- C. Bring me the book what is on the table.
- D. Bring me to the table with the book.

39. *The rain began to fall during my walk in the country.*

- A. While I walked in the country, it had rained.
- B. While it was beginning to rain, I had walked in the country.
- C. While I was walking in the country, it began to rain.
- D. While it began to rain in the country, I was walking.

40. *I can't stand this weather. It's getting worse and worse.*

- A. The weather is making me worse.
- B. The weather is not better but I can stand it.
- C. I can't stand up in this bad weather.
- D. I can't bear this bad weather any more.

41 - 47. Decide whether the clause in *italics* is *Defining* or *Non-defining*. Write *D* or *N* next to each sentence.

41. The girl <i>who was waiting</i> was becoming impatient.	_____
42. The room, <i>which was enormous</i> , was filled with lines of chairs.	_____
43. The students, <i>who were late</i> , waited in the playground.	_____
44. The food <i>which was left</i> was eaten the following day.	_____
45. A tall girl, <i>who was wearing a hat</i> , came into the room.	_____
46. The dog, <i>which was lying on the sofa</i> , had long pointed ears.	_____
47. The train <i>which leaves at 8.00</i> doesn't stop at Bath.	_____

48–55. Rewrite each formal sentence as an informal one, ending with the word given.

48. These are the boys with whom I went on holiday.

– *These are the boys I went on holiday with.*

49. This is the letter for which I've been waiting.

– _____ for.

50. That is the shop from which Sue bought her bike.

– _____ from.

51. That is the hotel at which I stayed.

– _____ at.

52. Tim is someone to whom I hardly ever write.

– _____ to.

53. Do you know by whom this book was written?

– _____ by?

54. Ravenna was the most interesting town in which we stayed.

– _____ in.

55. United was the best team against which we played.

– _____ against.

56 – 60. Add a relative pronoun to each sentence.

56. Friday was the last time I saw Jim.

*Friday was the last time **that** I saw Jim.*

57. The island we visited was extremely beautiful.

_____.

58. The girl I met was a friend of Philip's.

_____.

59. The meal we ate wasn't very tasty.

_____.

60. Gina was the first person I asked.

_____.



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Unit 10: LIFE ON OTHER PLANETS

I. PHONETICS

Pick out the word that has the stress pattern different from that of the other words.

- | | | | |
|-----------------|------------|------------|------------|
| 1. A. pleasure | B. ceiling | C. village | D. compare |
| 2. A. measure | B. control | C. cottage | D. damage |
| 3. A. treasure | B. luggage | C. divide | D. message |
| 4. A. around | B. heavy | C. country | D. mother |
| 5. A. breakfast | B. brother | C. nothing | D. career |

II. VOCABULARY & GRAMMAR

Choose the best answer A, B, C or D to complete the sentence.

6. Airplanes _____ and land every minute.
 A. fly up B. take off C. get up D. get off
7. You would feel much healthier if you _____ a little more exercise.
 A. take B. would take C. took D. had taken
8. Jack has read the book, _____ I gave him.
 A. whose B. who C. which D. whom
9. Do you know the man _____ car is in front of my shop?
 A. whose B. which C. that D. who
10. This is the table, the leg of _____ is broken.
 A. that B. which C. whose D. whom
11. This is the finest picture _____ I have ever seen.
 A. which B. who C. that D. whose
12. _____ in space, a rocket has to be powerful enough to break out of the pull of the Earth's gravity.
 A. To travel B. It is travel C. That travel D. Travel
13. In 1987 a Canadian astronomer, Ian Shelton, spotted a supernova _____ looking at some photographs of the stars.
 A. was B. during C. as if D. while he was

14. Apart from Pluto, the outer planets _____ the inner planets and are made mainly of lighter materials such as hydrogen and helium.
A. are larger than B. are the largest C. larger than D. are larger
15. Artificial satellites provide data on atmospheric temperatures, solar radiation, and _____ the earth's surface.
A. reflect B. reflecting C. the reflection of D. can reflect
16. An eclipse of the sun _____ when the moon comes directly _____ the sun and the earth.
A. occurs / among B. occurs / between
C. is occurring / among D. is occurring / between
17. Jupiter is the largest planet in the solar system _____ eleven times the size of the earth.
A. is B. has C. being D. having
18. Asteroids are minor planets. Some are fairly large bodies, but _____ resemble mountains floating in space.
A. the most B. mostly C. almost D. most
19. Astronomers studied the 1987 Supernova to learn _____ when a star explodes.
A. what happens B. that happens
C. that is happen D. what does happen
20. On Jupiter the winds have created storms _____ big that astronomers on Earth can see them through their telescopes.
A. so B. such C. as D. how

III. READING

1. Read the passage and choose the best answer A, B, C or D.

Once a month, the moon travels in a complete circle (21) _____ the earth. And as it moves in its circle, it (22) _____ to change shape. This is because we on earth (23) _____ only that section of the moon that catches the sun's light.

When the sun, the (24)_____ and the earth are in a straight line with the moon in the middle, it is impossible for us to see the moon. At this point, the moon is said to be new. (25)_____ are unable to see it in this position because the side facing the (26)_____ is in shadow. As the new moon begins to circle the earth, however, we begin to see that part of its surface that catches the sun's (27)_____. After some days, when it reaches the position where the earth is (28)_____ the sun and the moon, we see the full moon. Later it again (29)_____ half moon, becoming smaller and smaller until it disappears again to become the new moon. This cycle takes 28 days or a (30)_____.

- | | | | |
|---------------|------------|------------|---------------|
| 21. A. around | B. under | C. between | D. through |
| 22. A. looks | B. wants | C. seems | D. always |
| 23. A. hear | B. know | C. see | D. understand |
| 24. A. stars | B. clouds | C. sky | D. moon |
| 25. A. one | B. they | C. we | D. others |
| 26. A. sun | B. earth | C. moon | D. sky |
| 27. A. light | B. energy | C. heat | D. movement |
| 28. A. across | B. between | C. over | D. after |
| 29. A. gets | B. goes | C. sees | D. becomes |
| 30. A. week | B. month | C. year | D. fortnight |

2. Read the passage and choose the best answer A, B, C or D for each question.

Visitors from space have been talked about for ages. Millions of normal people keep saying that they were caught and taken into UFOs.

The first case was in the 1950s when George Adamski said a UFO had taken him to the far side of the moon. Another case took place in 1961, when an American couple, Betty and Barly Hill, were chased by a UFO while they were driving home one night in New Hampshire. The couple stopped to observe the UFO through binoculars. To escape from it they took the back roads and arrived home two hours later. Fourteen years later, in 1975, one of the most shocking events happened in a small town in Arizona, when a

woodcutter called Travis Walton disappeared with a blue-green light from a flying saucer under his teammates' very eyes.

Five days later, the missing woodcutter returned home and said: "I woke up on the UFO and found myself among strangers with no hair and half-formed face. They put a mask over my face and I fell asleep again. I remembered nothing else until I awoke in the forest where I had been caught."

31. What do you think the acronym UFO stands for?
- A. Unidentified Flying Object
 - B. University Fellowship of Ontario
 - C. United Foresters' Organization
 - D. Unarmed Field Overseers
32. How long ago was it first claimed that someone had been taken away in a UFO?
- A. about 100 years ago
 - B. about 75 years ago
 - C. about 50 years ago
 - D. about 25 years ago
33. In what country did Betty and Barly Hill live?
- A. New Hampshire
 - B. England
 - C. America
 - D. Hampshire
34. Which of the persons named in the passage were NOT taken away in a UFO?
- A. George Adamski
 - B. the two Hills
 - C. Travis Walton
 - D. none of the above
35. Where was Travis Walton caught?
- A. on a playing field
 - B. at home
 - C. on the road
 - D. at the place where he worked

IV. WRITING

1. Choose the underlined word or phrase in each sentence that need correcting.

36. Many of the satellites of space carry telescopes and other instruments

A

B

used in astronomy to look at the stars.

C

D

37. The central core of the earth is made of both very hot or dense material.

A

B

C

D

38. The sun contains 99.9 percentage of the mass of the solar system.

A

B

C

D

39. The earth is the only planet with a large number of oxygen in its atmosphere.

A

B

C

D

40. Many meteorite falls go unnoticed because they either happen at night nor

A

B

C

D

they hit the earth in uninhabited areas.

2. Choose the correct sentence which has the same meaning as the given one.

41. *Tom would sooner do without a car than pay all that money for one.*

A. Tom is sooner going to buy car.

B. Tom thinks the price is right, but he can't afford it.

C. Tom would never buy a car that costs so much.

D. Tom thinks the price is too high, but he must have the car.

42. *"Who should I report to on my first day at work", he said to me.*

A. He asked me who he should report to on his first day at work.

B. He asked me who he should report on his first day at work.

C. He asked me to who he should report on his first day at work.

D. He asked me who he should have reported to on his first day at work.

43. *Come back when you've delivered the message.*

A. Don't come back until you have delivered the message.

B. Don't come back when you haven't delivered the message.

C. Come back if you have delivered the message.

D. Having delivered the message, you can come back.

44. *Why didn't you switch off the light before leaving the room?*

A. You should switch off the light before leaving the room.

B. You had switched off the light before leaving the room.

- C. You should have switched off the light before leaving the room.
- D. You could have switched off the light before leaving the room.

45. *Unless the presentation is ready soon, we'll have to back out of the project.*

- A. We'll get the project back if the proposal is ready soon.
- B. If we don't complete the presentation, we'll lose the project.
- C. The president is ready to back the project we presented.
- D. We'll have to start the project before the presentation is done.

46- 49. *Choose the most appropriate description for each picture.*



46.

- 1. If she falls, she'll land in the safety net.
- 2. If she fell, she'd land in the safety net.
- 3. If she had fallen, she would have landed in the safety net.



47.

- 1. It's worse if we order soup.
- 2. It would be worse if we ordered soup.
- 3. It would have been worse if we'd ordered soup.



48.

1. If I own a dog like that, I'll keep it on a lead.
2. If I owned a dog like that, I'd keep it on a lead.
3. If I had owned a dog like that, I'd have kept it on a lead.



49.

1. I like it more if it looks like someone I know.
2. I'd like it more if it looked like someone I knew.
3. I'd have liked it more if it had looked like someone I knew.

50 – 60. What would you like to carry if you were allowed to go to the outer space with only five things.

TEST YOURSELF 3

<ĐỀ THAM KHẢO>

Sở Giáo dục và Đào tạo Hà Nội

ĐỀ THI HỌC SINH GIỎI LỚP 9 (Đề số 1)

Thời gian làm bài: 120 phút

Tổng điểm : 20

I. Choose the best answer and fill in the blanks. (2 pts)

- “What’s in this pot?” – “It’s filled _____ sugar”
A. by B. in C. with D. of
- Our office is open Monday through Saturday _____ not on Sunday.
A. either B. or C. so D. but
- My relationship with Mr. Brown started as a business relationship and became a _____.
A. friends B. friendly C. friendship D. friendless
- John was said _____ the brightest boy in the class.
A. was B. he had been C. to be D. being
- _____ the long journey we had a wonderful holiday.
A. Except B. In spite C. Beside D. Although
- If you don’t know what the capital city is, look it _____ in your atlas.
A. up B. out C. over D. on
- In four years at the company he rose to the _____ of director.
A. rate B. standard C. quality D. level
- A person who speaks on the radio is a _____.
A. radiator B. loudspeaker C. newsman D. broadcaster

II. Give the correct form of the words in the brackets. (2,5 pts)

- The _____ she gave last night was marvelous. (PERFORM)
- She divorced him because of his _____ to the children. (KIND)
- A successful business needs good _____ (ORGANISE)
- There is no _____ on this cheque. (SIGN)
- People usually have hobbies for _____. (ENJOY)

6. He used all his _____ to force the door open. (STRONG)
7. People who eat a lot often become _____. (WEIGHT)
8. It was a complete _____ because of poor planning. (FAIL)
9. Please don't be so _____ I can't do all the work by myself. (REASON)
10. I'm afraid there was some delay in finding the information for you as the records have not yet been _____ (COMPUTER)

III. Give the correct tense of the verbs in brackets. (3,5 pts)

1. In the last hundred years, traveling (1- become) much easier and very comfortable. In the 19th century, it (2- take) two or three months to cross North America by covered wagon. The trip (3- be) very rough and often dangerous. Things (4- change) a great deal in the last hundred and fifty years. Now you can fly from New York to Los Angeles in a matter of hours.
2. When Jack (5- enter) the room, I (6- not recognize) him because he (7- lose) so much weight and (8- grow) a beard. He looked totally different!
3. I (9- never visit) Africa, but I (10- travel) to South America several times. The last time I (11- go) to South America, I (12- visit) Brazil and Peru. I (13- spend) two weeks in the Amazon, (14- hike) for a week near Machu Picchu, and flew over the Nazca Lines.

- | | | | |
|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|
| 1. _____ | 2. _____ | 3. _____ | 4. _____ |
| 5. _____ | 6. _____ | 7. _____ | 8. _____ |
| 9. _____ | 10. _____ | 11. _____ | 12. _____ |
| 13. _____ | 14. _____ | | |

IV. Fill in the blanks with suitable prepositions or adverb particles. (2 pts)

1. The study showed a deep fear (1) _____ the elderly (2) _____ being abandoned (3) _____ the cares (4) _____ strangers.
2. She blew her chances (5) _____ arriving late (6) _____ the interview.
3. I would strongly advise (7) _____ going out (8) _____ your own.

V. Fill in the blanks one missing word. (3 pts)

Nothing helps a young (1) _____ view of the world better than seeing some of it. In (2) _____ army, your son or daughter might get to (3) _____ Europe, Alaska, Hawaii, Korea, Danama, or (4) _____ any where in the continental United States. Starting (5) _____ has never been high month \$448 before deductions. (6) _____ are enlistment bonuses available up to \$3,000 (7) _____ earn 30 days, vacation a year. And, of course, (8) _____ room, board, medical and dental care. There's no military hardware to replace (9) _____ human heart, no computer to out - think the mind. (10) _____ need people. We are people. He want your son or daughter to (11) _____ the pride that comes (12) _____ serving our country.

VI. Rewrite these sentences in such a way that it means exactly the same as the sentence printed above it. (3pts)

- Are they good or bad?
Please tell me _____.
- I'm never going to visit them again.
That's _____.
- Why don't you buy them this picture as a wedding present, John?
Maria suggested _____.
- It started to rain at two o'clock.
It has _____.
- I can't get my feet into these shoes.
These shoes _____.
- Do not blame me if the tin opener's broken.
It is _____.

VII. Use the word in bold to complete the second sentence so that it has a similar meaning to the first. Do not alter these words in any way. (1,5 pts)

1. Dicken's last novel was unfinished when he died.
(without) _____.
2. Most people consider that stealing is wrong.
(everybody) _____.
3. Most doctors agree that smoking is bad for your health.
(harm) _____.

VIII. In this section you will find after the passage five questions, each with four suggested answers. You must choose ONE that you think fits best. (2,5 pts)

I'm interested in sport especially athletics, and I run seven or eight kilometres every day. I particularly enjoy cross-country running where you have to run across fields jump over streams and so on. While I'm running I think about all sorts of things and at the end of a run I'm sometimes surprised to find that I've managed to solve a problem that was on my mind.

Next year, I'm going to try the London Marathon. It's a long, hard race - 26 miles or 42 kilometres and you have to be tough to finish but I very much want to do it. I worry a bit about getting old and I'd like to prove to myself that I'm still almost as fit as I was twenty years old.

I'm interested in mountaineering as well as running. I'll never become an expert climber but I know what I'm doing in the mountains. I successfully completed a course in snow and ice climbing when I was younger and I've done a series of easy climbs in the Alps during the last few years. My wife doesn't share my interest in mountains. She agreed to go climbing with me once but she found that she felt ill as soon as she got above 1.000 metres.

1. *If you do cross country running you must _____.*
 - a. cross your country.
 - b. run along the coast.
 - c. cross your countryside.
 - d. cross fields, stream, etc...

2. *At the end of a run the writer sometimes finds that* _____.
 - a. he is able to get the answer to a problem.
 - b. he grows bigger.
 - c. he feels fitter.
 - d. he gets a surprise problem.
3. *The writer wants to take part in the London Marathon because* _____.
 - a. it helps to keep him fit.
 - b. he wants to do it before getting old.
 - c. the reward is great.
 - d. it helps him solve his problems.
4. *The writer takes up mountaineering because* _____.
 - a. he wants to become an expert climber.
 - b. he simply likes it.
 - c. his wife is interested in it.
 - d. it is easy to practise.
5. *The writer's wife is not interested in mountaineering for* _____.
 - a. it doesn't bring her any interest.
 - b. she almost always feels ill at the height of above 1.000 mettres.
 - c. she doesn't want to climb together with her husband.
 - d. the air is cold.

ĐỀ THI HỌC SINH GIỎI LỚP 9 (Đề số 2)

Môn thi: Tiếng Anh

Thời gian làm bài: 120 phút

Tổng điểm: 50

I. VOCABULARY – Find one word whose underlined part is pronounced differently from the others. (10 pts)

- | | | | |
|----------------------------------|-------------------------------|-------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| 1. A. <u>th</u> ird | B. <u>th</u> reat | C. <u>th</u> us | D. <u>th</u> under |
| 2. A. clo <u>th</u> es | B. g <u>o</u> ne | C. dr <u>o</u> ve | D. gh <u>o</u> st |
| 3. A. ple <u>a</u> s <u>u</u> re | B. s <u>o</u> und | C. s <u>a</u> me | D. b <u>e</u> st |
| 4. A. gr <u>o</u> wth | B. pr <u>o</u> w | C. b <u>o</u> rr <u>o</u> w | D. r <u>o</u> w |
| 5. A. b <u>ir</u> th | B. w <u>i</u> th | C. <u>t</u> hey | D. f <u>i</u> th |
| 6. A. w <u>a</u> ve | B. p <u>a</u> v <u>e</u> ment | C. e <u>n</u> g <u>a</u> ge | D. <u>a</u> verage |
| 7. A. l <u>e</u> af | B. o <u>f</u> | C. o <u>f</u> f | D. d <u>e</u> af |
| 8. A. s <u>u</u> re | B. s <u>i</u> gh | C. s <u>i</u> ng | D. s <u>a</u> me |
| 9. A. h <u>o</u> us <u>e</u> s | B. f <u>a</u> ces | C. h <u>o</u> rs <u>e</u> s | D. s <u>o</u> ur <u>c</u> es |
| 10. A. l <u>o</u> ud | B. m <u>o</u> uth | C. s <u>o</u> uth <u>e</u> rn | D. b <u>o</u> und <u>a</u> ry |

II. GRAMMAR – Choose the best option A, B, C or D to complete the following sentences. (10 pts)

- My grandparents have lived there _____ 1975.
A. in B. on C. since D. for
- He earns his living _____ singing.
A. by B. on C. in D. at
- I'm afraid I'm not very good _____ English.
A. in B. with C. at D. about
- Go _____ that road and you'll see a No. 57 bus stop.
A. between B. at C. across D. around
- Be careful or you'll fall _____ the stairs. They're still wet.
A. to B. down C. past D. opposite

6. When is she going to come back?
As soon as she _____ Uncle Ho's Mausoleum.
A. visited B. had visited C. to visit D. visits
7. Dennis Heal _____ an engineer for ten years.
A. was B. is C. has been D. been
8. Where will you stay if you _____ to Paris ?
A. go B. went C. gone D. to go
9. If all the forests did not exist , the Earth _____.
A. will be flooded B. would be flooded
C. will flood D. to flood
10. Last night when I _____ my homework, the lights _____ out.
A. was doing – go B. did – went
C. was doing – went D. did – was going



III. WRITING

a. Choose the best option A,B,C or D to complete each sentence. (10 pts)

1. I like watching cartoons because _____.
A. the drawings make me to laugh C. the drawings make me laughed
B. the drawings make me laughing D. the drawings make me laugh
2. I was having breakfast _____.
A. when the phone ring C. when the phone ringing
B. when the phone rang D. when the phone rings
3. I don't know _____.
A. where does he lives C. where he live
B. where does he live D. where he lives
4. Would you mind _____ ?
A. lend me your guidebook C. borrow me your guidebook
B. lending me your guidebook D. borrowing me your guidebook
5. If I were you, I _____.
A. will buy some special cakes for the party
B. bought some special cakes for the party

C. would bought some special cakes for the party

D. would buy some special cakes for the party

6. Lara didn't run _____.

A. enough fast to catch the bus

C. fastly enough to catch the bus

B. fast enough to catch the bus

D. enough fastly to catch the bus

7. He asked _____.

A. where is the post office

C. where was the post office

B. where the post office is

D. where the post office was

8. Although I like her, _____.

A. but I think she's rather lazy

C. so I think she's rather lazy

B. and I think she's rather lazy

D. I think she's rather lazy

9. Unless Isabelle runs, she _____.

A. will catch the bus

C. won't catch the bus

B. would catch the bus

D. wouldn't catch the bus

10. Get a loaf of bread for me, _____?

A. do you

C. have you

B. are you

D. will you

b. Put these words in order to complete the sentences. (10 pts)

1. People/ Internet/ purposes/ commerce/ use/ for/ education/ entertainment/ and/ the/ many/ communication./

2. I/ think/ trash/ to/ of/ we/ the/ should/ to/ environment/ burn/ garbage/ protect/ reduce/ produce/ we/ the/ amount./

3. The/ poet/ that/ is/ for/ from/ environment/ the/ wants/ everyone/ responsible/ keeping/ pollution/ us/ to/ learn./

4. If/ down/ in/ there/ will/ you/ forests/ be/ floods/ cut/ trees/ big/ the/ every year/ the./

5. Children/ a/ day/ their/ memories/ for/ parents/ will/ to/ feelings/ express/love/ have/ special/ and/ their./

V. READING – Choose the best option A, B, C or D to complete the passage.
(10 pts). (O) has been done as an example.

BIRTH OF THE COMPUTER

Most people think of computers as very modern inventions, products of our new technological (0) _____. But actually the idea for a computer (1) _____ worked out over two centuries ago by a man (2) _____ Charles Babbage.

Babbage was born (3) _____ 1791 and grew up to be a brilliant mathematician. He drew up plans for several calculating machines (4) _____ he called 'engines'. But despite the fact that he (5) _____ building some of these, he never finished any of them. Over the years people have argued (6) _____ his machines would ever work. Recently, however, the Science Museum in London has finished building (7) _____ engine based on one of Babbage's designs. (8) _____ has taken six years to complete and more (9) _____ four thousand parts have been specially made. Whether it works or not, the machine will be on show at a special exhibition in the Science Museum (10) _____ remind people of Babbage's work.

- | | | | |
|--------------|---------------|------------|-----------|
| 0. (A) age | B. year | C. time | D. days |
| 1. A. has | B. was | C. had | D. is |
| 2. A. known | B. recognized | C. written | D. called |
| 3. A. on | B. in | C. by | D. for |
| 4. A. whose | B. who | C. these | D. which |
| 5. A. wanted | B. made | C. started | D. missed |
| 6. A. until | B. whether | C. while | D. though |
| 7. A. some | B. the | C. an | D. that |
| 8. A. One | B. He | C. They | D. It |
| 9. A. than | B. therefore | C. when | D. then |
| 10. A. to | B. as | C. for | D. so |

B. ANSWER KEYS

Unit 1: A VISIT FROM A PEN PAL

1. B. compulsory
2. A. religion
3. D. Tamil
4. B. impress
5. D. comprise
6. C. chance
7. C. receipt
8. C. expensive
9. C. herself
10. C. hobby
11. A. from
12. B. is
13. A. have you
14. D. comes
15. A. were sleeping
16. B. are
17. C. by
18. A. could
19. C. enjoy
20. A. are
21. B. on
22. C. how
23. B. are staying
24. D. but
25. A. friendly
26. B. to have
27. C. sights
28. A. decided
29. A. around
30. D. was
31. C. He has a lot of pen friends.
32. A. She going to studyschool.
33. D. She wants to findbrother.
34. D. Six years
35. C. Kumuchi's brother were fine.
36. C. My boyfriend used to buy me chocolates but he doesn't any more.
37. C. We haven't seen Fred for a long time.
38. D. Three of my classmates picked some fruits from the garden.
39. B. Should we phone your mother to tell her we are going to be late?
40. C. I received a letter from my friend some days ago.

41. B. It starts tomorrow.
42. B. I'm going to my mother's.
43. C. us to smoke in the auditorium.
44. B. Oh, maybe several times a week.
45. C. second language in many countries
46. I'm sorry. I'm late.
47. We must have/ find somewhere to stay.
48. Thank you for your help.
49. Have you decided yet?
50. I think you will fail.
51. Write soon/ Please write (back) soon.

4. Complete the informal letter using the expressions from the box.

52. Never mind
53. Remember
54. By the way
55. Congratulations



56. What's the new office like
57. Any chance
58. If you like
59. or something
60. let me know

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Unit 2: CLOTHING

- | | |
|----------------------------|-------------------|
| 1. C. <u>plaid</u> | 10. A. pension |
| 2. C. <u>pear</u> | 11. B. a uniform |
| 3. B. <u>waste</u> | 12. B. leave |
| 4. D. <u>laugh</u> | 13. A. interrupt |
| 5. D. insp <u>i</u> ration | 14. D. mind |
| 6. C. leather | 15. D. suspected |
| 7. A. for | 16. C. persuaded |
| 8. C. for | 17. B. has taught |
| 9. C. was shown | 18. B. has been |

19. C. was
20. A. was /dreamed
21. B. asked
22. C. he
23. C. to
24. A. clothes
25. A. why
26. D variety
27. D. most
28. B. buy
29. B. colourful
30. A. money
31. A. Italian
32. A. 1978
33. D. someone killed him
34. A. because pictures of one of his dresses worn by a famous actress were widely published.
35. C. Versace's sister
36. A. wearing (to wear)
37. B. but (and)
38. D. also (and)
39. A. Vietnamese woman (~~Vietnamese women~~)
40. C. become (became)
41. C. Yes, there are several near the school
42. B. No, I've never seen anything like this
43. B. no one to look after him
44. D. is ages since I saw her
45. D. was not used to taking orders
46. I don't mind being given presents on my birthday.
47. Charlotte hates being treated like a baby.
48. He's used to his English being corrected.
49. I don't enjoy being made to do the washing-up.
50. I can't stand being ignored.



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51. He doesn't remember being punished at school.
52. I'm looking forward to being sent abroad by my company.
53. My dog simply loves being taken for a walk.
54. You'll never forget being taught by your very first teacher.
55. Yesterday I spent two hours being shown how to use the new computer.

4. Put the words into the correct order to make passive sentences.

56. The wedding invitations were sent before the Christmas.
57. I hope my passport will be stamped by the airport officers.
58. Weekly newspapers were delivered to everyone in the office.
59. The government's problem cannot be solved without the help of the people.
60. A lot of books and stories will be provided to the new school by the sponsors.



Unit 3: A TRIP TO THE COUNTRYSIDE

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- | | |
|----------------------|------------------|
| 1. D. father | 16. C. souvenir |
| 2. B. ghost | 17. D. didn't go |
| 3. B. hour | 18. D. comes |
| 4. A. flood | 19. D. will be |
| 5. C. bomb | 20. A. where |
| 6. B. of/ by | 21. B. He |
| 7. A. suburb | 22. C. garage |
| 8. D. take | 23. A. on |
| 9. C. was shown | 24. D. but |
| 10. C. was | 25. D. petrol |
| 11. B. will be cared | 26. B. slowly |
| 12. C. to | 27. B. see |
| 13. B. discussed | 28. A. round |
| 14. C. bakery | 29. C. broken |
| 15. D. answered | 30. D. Finally |

31. D. because the plane he was to travel on was on a charter flight not a scheduled one
 32. C. because the plane was already fully booked
 33. A. at a beach resort on the Caribbean
 34. B. relaxing on and near a beach
 35. B. after he had paid for it
 36. A. nothing you can do to make me change my mind.
 37. C. A better film about love has never been made.
 38. B. you study hard, you will surely fail the next exam.
 39. A. very interesting in the way he talks.
 40. D. play golf than tennis.
 41. B. Jennie studied very well.
 42. C. He enjoys taking photos and travelling in his free time.
 43. B. I am not used to having coffee for breakfast.
 44. D. The beautiful house in which we are living doesn't have a garden.
 45. B. I enjoyed the trip to the countryside this year so much.
- 46 – 60.**

When we were *on holiday* in the United States last year we decided to *go for the weekend* to the Grand Canyon. We *set off for* the airport early in the morning and checked in. Tim was *very excited* but I *had a feeling that* I wasn't going to enjoy it. When I saw the plane, I nearly died. It was very small and only *took six passengers* and there wasn't much room *to spare*. But we got into the plane, *fastened our seatbelts*, and took off. The first part of the flight was OK, but over the Canyon itself we flew into some *terrible turbulence*. The little plane rolled and *bounced* from side to side. Tim was *on the other side of* the aisle and he was *groaning*: 'How much longer?' We were both quite ill by the time we landed, but *we survived*. I just wanted *to forget* everything about the flight. Then the pilot said: 'OK, folks. See you tomorrow for the *flight home*'.

Unit 4: LEARNING A FOREIGN LANGUAGE

1. D. exchange
2. D. symbol
3. D. picnic
4. C. reach
5. C. experience
6. C. has studied
7. C. I've ever read
8. C. was working
9. C. understand
10. B. didn't he
11. A. is done
12. B. was broken
13. B. with
14. D. on
15. C. about
16. D. will be taught
17. B. qualified
18. A. was feeling
19. B. could not
20. D. intended
21. A. then
22. B. good
23. D. listening
24. A. on
25. C. before
26. D. stressful
27. B. what
28. C. Regular
29. A. well
30. C. need
31. C. The expansion of English as an international language
32. D. After 1600.
33. B. the Norman invasion.
34. A. communities
35. A. prospered
36. A. He said that he was going to town with his sister.
37. B. He told her that she had bought herself a new hat.
38. C. He told me that I might see the photos if I liked.
39. B. Mary asked John whether he felt well.
40. D. Margaret asked Ellen what she had said.

41. C. English is the most dominant in business.
42. C. I'd rather you didn't.
43. B. Well, you could help me study.
44. A. you were ready for the test.
45. B. Public transportation is very well.
46. Lillian asked Pat if/whether she could see her the next/the following day.
47. David asked John who he thought would win.
48. Peter asked Mr. Black how much he owed him.
49. Jane asked Elena when she had last seen Carlos.
50. Daniela asked Jonathan if she liked steak./ Daniela asked if /whether Jonathan liked steak.
51. Liz told the boy not to do that.
52. The manager asked the ladies / women to take a seat.
53. The air hostess asked the passengers not to smoke in those seats.
54. The teacher asked Tricia to open the window.
55. The old man told the driver to go up the road and take the first left.
- 56 – 60. Student's answer



TEST YOURSELF 1

(HƯỚNG DẪN CHẤM)

KỶ THI TUYỂN SINH VÀO LỚP 10

TRƯỜNG THPT CHU VĂN AN & HÀ NỘI – AMSTERDAM (2007 – 2008)

Môn: Tiếng Anh

(Tổng số câu toàn bài là $100 \times 0,1 = 10$ điểm)

Làm tròn điểm tổng đến 0,25

I. Phonetics (1 pt)

a. Which word has the underlined part pronounced differently from the others.

1. D. stage
2. D. striped
3. B. Christmas
4. A. advertise
5. D. gather



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b. Circle the word whose main stressed syllable is different from the rest.

6. C. satisfy
7. A. camera
8. C. agree
9. D. purpose
10. C. dormitory

II. Vocabulary and Grammar (4 pts)

a. Circle the best one A, B, C or D and write it in the blank to complete the sentence.

(Nếu khoanh tròn đúng đáp án nhưng không viết lại hoặc viết lại nhưng không khoanh tròn đáp án, trừ nửa số điểm)

- | | |
|-------------------|----------------|
| 11. C. individual | 13. B. in time |
| 12. A. empirical | 14. D. contact |

- | | |
|----------------------|--------------------|
| 15. A. certificate | 21. A. came round |
| 16. D. familiar | 22. A. is situated |
| 17. D. circumstances | 23. B. is given |
| 18. C. aside | 24. B. telling |
| 19. B. By all means | 25. C. to study |
| 20. C. need | 26. C. turned up |

b. Fill each gap in each sentence with the correct form of the word in capital letters.

- | | |
|-------------------|----------------------------|
| 27. citizen | 32. receipt |
| 28. inhabitants | 33. inhuman |
| 29. unemployed | 34. immobilise/ immobilize |
| 30. timetable | 35. troublesome |
| 31. uncomfortable | 36. Environmentalists |

c. Fill the gaps with prepositions or particles.

- | | | | |
|-------------|--------|-----------|----------|
| 37. against | 39. by | 41. into | 43. of |
| 38. of | 40. to | 42. under | 44. With |

d. Fill in each blank with the correct tense of the verb in the brackets.

- | | | |
|---------------------|--------------------------|---------------|
| 45. did not realize | 46. was playing | 47. asked |
| 48. warned | 49. would eventually end | 50. surprised |

III. Reading (2 pts)

a. Fill in each numbered blank with one suitable word.

- | | | | | |
|--------------|------------|----------|-----------|----------|
| 51. before | 53. doctor | 55. of | 57. orbit | 59. like |
| 52. physical | 54. world | 56. them | 58. cabin | 60. feel |

b. Read the text and circle the best answer A, B, C or D to complete the passage.

- | | | | |
|----------------|----------------|------------------|----------------|
| 61. D. wealthy | 63. A. to make | 65. B. promoting | 68. C. fuel |
| 62. D. early | 64. A. managed | 66. C. no | 69. C. stories |
| | | 67. B. off | 70. A. trace |

IV. Writing (3 pts)

a. Circle the incorrect part A, B, C or D in the following sentences and correct it.

(Nếu thí sinh tìm ra lỗi sai nhưng không sửa đúng hoặc sửa đúng nhưng không khoanh tròn lỗi sai, trừ nửa số điểm trong câu.)

71-72. A - was delayed

73-74. D - x

75-76. D - for

77-78. C - as

79-80. D - will be shipped out

b. Rewrite the following sentences using the words in bold, in such a way that it means the same as the one given. Do not alter these words in any way.

(Nếu thí sinh có cách viết khác đáp án nhưng đúng ngữ pháp, ngữ nghĩa, cho điểm tối đa. Nếu sai giới từ hoặc chính tả trừ nửa số điểm trong câu.)

Suggested answers:

81-82. **Against** everybody's expectation, she lost.

83-84. You must **apply** yourself to your work more.

85-86. She **stands** a good chance of being elected.

87-88. The boss **objected** to his secretary('s) coming to work late.

The boss objected to the fact that his secretary came to work late.

89-90. It was **such** a great demand for tickets that people queued day and night.

c. (91-100) Write not more than 120 words inside this space to tell your friends how to protect the school environment.

(Yêu cầu tối thiểu: viết đúng chủ đề bảo vệ môi trường trong trường học, câu văn logic, ngắn gọn, đúng ngữ pháp: 1 điểm.)

Unit 5: THE MEDIA

1. D. abroad
2. A. value
3. C. volcano
4. A. signature
5. C. technician
6. D. issue
7. C. money
8. D. code
9. B. I suppose
10. D. fond
11. C. around/ to
12. C. for
13. B. taking
14. B. wasn't it
15. D. in
16. C. programmes
17. D. computer
18. A. was invented
19. A. back
20. B. Having lost
21. A. into
22. C. written
23. A. divided
24. B. stations
25. D. to influence
26. D. origins
27. B. He continued to experiment
28. D. send
29. C. in Glasgow
30. C. He was obliged to use
31. A. a young boy
32. C. men
33. B. in his mid-thirties
34. B. he had to use the money he earned from his job as a salesman
35. A. Marconi's invention of radio transmission
36. B. is (are)
37. D. shall (should)
38. D. perfect (perfectly)
39. C. to me (for me)
40. A. most of my times (most of my time)
41. C. us from driving
42. A. for being late

43. B. told me to get on with my work.
44. B. six hours to drive from London to Edinburgh.
45. D. we haven't played for a long time.
46. to invite
47. to repair
48. painting
49. going
50. holding, drinking
51. to pay
52. Collecting
53. driving
54. being
55. to get
55. Pedro enjoys having...
56. These shoes need mending,
57. We encouraged him to apply
58. ✓
59. ✓
60. Would you consider working



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Unit 6: THE ENVIRONMENT

- | | |
|----------------------|-----------------------|
| 1. D. require | 10. B. play |
| 2. C. attraction | 11. B. took |
| 3. B. sacrifice | 12. D. for |
| 4. B. continent | 13. B. under |
| 5. A. specify | 14. B. flooding |
| 6. B. contaminated | 15. A. on account for |
| 7. A. equally | 16. D. get used to |
| 8. C. zebra crossing | 17. B. postpone |
| 9. D. never breaks | 18. A. from making |

19. C. stay
20. A. would be
21. C. hardly any
22. C. remember
23. D. endangered
24. B. seriously destroyed
25. D. environmental
26. C. blood
27. B. the ocean
28. D. fresh
29. A. system
30. B. salt
31. B. life on Earth began relatively recently.
32. D. ape-like men appeared before the last Ice Age.
33. B. what has happened since the Industrial Revolution.
34. A. man will destroy everything on Earth.
35. A. he has no right to be so destructive.
36. C. Most of the world's water is locked in glaciers and ice caps.
37. B. Ocean water is salty enough to be used for drinking, farming and manufacturing.
38. A. The amount of water on earth is always the same.
39. B. rain does not fall equally everywhere on earth.
40. D. produce
41. D. the temperature had fallen below zero last night, the crops would have been damaged.
42. B. the garbage collectors on his street, he decided he wanted to become one, too.
43. C. to be dreadful fogs in England.
44. A. will you find a school whose pupils get such good results.
45. D. putting my luggage under the seat.
46. A. That block of flats is being pulled down because it is unsafe.
47. C. This is the most delicious ice cream I have had for a long time.
48. B. He is taking that early train which runs at 6 a.m.
49. D. Do they have to pick the flowers early in the morning?
50. C. There is a great variety of flowers in my garden.
- 51-55. Student's answer
- 56-60. Student's answer

Unit 7: SAVING ENERGY

1. B. alternative
2. D. bear
3. C. flour
4. D. rule
5. C. give
6. D. conserve
7. B. development
8. B. alternative
9. A. disposal
10. D. collection
11. B. spare
12. B. is
13. C. broke
14. C. repaired
15. A. off
16. B. back
17. A. round
18. A. up
19. B. in
20. C. of / in
21. B. how
22. A. fuel
23. D. substances
24. D. until
25. A. instead
26. B. unable
27. D. declined
28. B. if
29. C. enough
30. C. would
31. B. nuclear energy
32. C. hydroelectric power
33. D. garbage
34. C. geothermal
35. A. shale
36. C. There are only a few days left before school starts.
37. B. We are thinking about buying a house in the countryside.
38. A. I feel much better today than I did last week.
39. C. She is the most intelligent student I have ever met.
40. D. Is Jim going to Professor Jones's speech tonight?
41. B. All the switches must be turned off before you leave the room.
42. C. A new pump was installed to supply water for the town.
43. B. John is no longer allowed to use his brother's car at weekends.

44. C. Although you work really hard, you will never be promoted here.
45. D. He asked her to let him borrow her bike.
46. Jack always turns up late for work.
47. Look up their number in the phone directory.
48. I'm putting money aside to buy a new bike.
49. After a few days the pain in Dave's leg wore off.
50. I'm afraid the match has been called off.
51. The government refused to give in to the demands of the terrorists.
52. We offered them \$ 250,000 for the house but they turned our offer/turned it down.
53. We can put you up if you come to Cambridge.
54. I can't work out how much the whole trip will cost.
55. A large silver limousine drew up outside the house.
56. Sorry, but I haven't got round to fixing your bike yet.
57. Oh bother, we have run out of milk.
58. It took me a long time to get over my illness.
59. Julie must have grown out of biting her nails.
60. I think we've come up with an answer to the problem.

Unit 8: CELEBRATIONS

- | | |
|------------------|------------------|
| 1. A. tradition | 9. C. company |
| 2. C. redundancy | 10. A. exciting |
| 3. C. possession | 11. B. awarded |
| 4. B. position | 12. D. ourselves |
| 5. D. nominate | 13. C. whom |
| 6. C. time | 14. B. who |
| 7. B. fun | 15. A. which |
| 8. A. afford | 16. B. for |

- | | |
|--------------------|----------------|
| 17. D. when | 24. B. the |
| 18. C. has doubled | 25. B. new |
| 19. A. decorations | 26. C. prepare |
| 20. C. tinkling | 27. D. welcome |
| 21. A. is | 28. C. lamps |
| 22. D. for | 29. A. take |
| 23. A. religion | 30. D. night |
31. A. like films very much.
32. B. in an old house.
33. C. disappeared and couldn't be found.
34. C. from the woods that is not far from their house.
35. A. to find out the cause for all the strange events.
36. C. took (take)
37. C. to listen (listening)
38. A. to perform (performing)
39. C. had decorated (have decorated)
40. A. is given (was given)
41. C. I have never seen a finer picture than this.
42. C. I will come with Mr. Martin. He wants to see you
43. A. I gave Jack a book, and he has read it.
44. A. There is a car in front of my shop. Do you know the owner of this car?
45. B. It's the time of the year when most people are on holiday.
46. Brenda is the friend who I went on holiday with.
47. This is Mr. Smith whose son Bill plays in our team.
48. Her book, which was published last year, became a best seller.
49. This is the bank from which we borrowed the money.
50. The person who I told you about is at the door.
- 51-60. Student's answer

TEST YOURSELF 2

<ĐỀ THAM KHẢO>

ĐÁP ÁN - HƯỚNG DẪN CHẤM ĐỀ THI TUYỂN SINH LỚP 10 TẠI TP. HỒ CHÍ MINH

Câu hỏi	Câu trả lời			
	A	B	C	D
1.		X		
2.				X
3.	X			
4.	X			
5.			X	
6.		X		
7.	X			
8.				X
9.			X	
10.			X	
11.				X
12.			X	
13.	X			
14.				X
15.			X	
16.	X			
17.				X
18.				X
19.			X	
20.				X
21.		X		

22.			X	
23.	X			
24.		X		
25.			X	
26.		X		
27.				X
28.		X		
29.			X	
30.	X			
31.		X		
32.		X		
33.			X	
34.			X	
35.	consumption			
36.	disastrous			
37.	Luckily			
38.	development			
39.	True			
40.	False			
41.	False			
42.	False			
43.	Ba told Liz that he/she was going to meet his /her sister in front of the station.			
44.	She hasn't gone out with him for two years.			
45.	If she were/was on board now, she would/could experience these marvelous things.			
46.	The boys felt interested in the show.			

Unit 9: NATURAL DISASTERS

- | | |
|---------------------|-------------------|
| 1. B. volcano | 16. A. whom |
| 2. C. spontaneous | 17. B. which |
| 3. A. suburban | 18. D. whose |
| 4. B. successful | 19. A. whose |
| 5. C. earthquake | 20. C. at whom |
| 6. C. volcanic | 21. B. fire |
| 7. A. emitted | 22. A. under |
| 8. B. break | 23. C. smoke |
| 9. A. to move | 24. C. threatened |
| 10. B. a lift | 25. A. put out |
| 11. C. ill-prepared | 26. B. seed |
| 12. D. down | 27. D. quantities |
| 13. C. out | 28. B. planting |
| 14. B. were killed | 29. A. root |
| 15. D. off | 30. D. blackened |
31. C. it's hard to see and they can get confused and lose their way.
32. D. they get tired, lie down, and choke to death when the sand covers them.
33. A. the dust gets into everything and makes eating and sleeping difficult.
34. A. sand piles and bare patches of land where grass used to grow.
35. B. A dust storm can last for only one day.
36. A. They said that they were then living in a house.
37. B. The whole incident will be forgotten after a few weeks.
38. B. There's a book on the table. Bring that book to me.
39. C. While I was walking in the country, it began to rain.
40. D. I can't bear this bad weather any more.

**41 - 47. Decide whether the clause in italics is Defining or Non-defining.
Write D or N next to each sentence.**

41. D. The girl *who was waiting* was becoming impatient.
42. N. The room, *which was enormous*, was filled with lines of chairs.
43. N. The students, *who were late*, waited in the playground.
44. D. The food *which was left* was eaten the following day.
45. N. A tall girl, *who was wearing a hat*, came into the room.
46. N. The dog, *which was lying on the sofa*, had long pointed ears.
47. D. The train *which leaves at 8.00* doesn't stop at Bath.
48. *These are the boys I went on holiday with.*
49. This is the letter I've been waiting for.
50. That's the shop Sue bought her bike from.
51. That's the hotel I stayed at.
52. Tim is someone I hardly ever write to.
53. Do you know whom this book was written by?
54. Ravenna was the most interesting town (that) we stayed in.
55. United was the best team (that) we played against.
57. The island that/which we visited was extremely beautiful.
58. The girl that/who/ whom I met was a friend of Philip's.
59. The meal that/which we ate wasn't very tasty.
60. Gina was the first person that/who/whom I asked.

Unit 10: LIFE ON OTHER PLANETS

1. D. compare
2. B. control
3. C. divide
4. A. around
5. D. career
6. B. take off
7. C. took
8. C. which
9. A. whose
10. B. which
11. C. that
12. A. To travel
13. D. while he was
14. A. are larger than
15. C. the reflection of
16. B. occurs / between
17. C. being
18. D. most
19. A. what happens
20. A. so
21. A. around
22. C. seems
23. C. see
24. D. moon
25. C. we
26. B. earth
27. A. light
28. B. between
29. D. becomes
30. B. month
31. A. Unidentified Flying Object
32. C. about 50 years ago
33. C. America
34. B. the two Hills
35. D. at the place where he worked
36. B. of space
37. C. or
38. B. percentage
39. B. number
40. D. nor
41. C. Tom would never buy a car that costs so much.
42. A. He asked me who he should report to on his first day at work.
43. A. Don't come back until you have delivered the message.
44. C. You should have switched off the light before leaving the room.
45. B. If we don't complete the presentation, we'll lose the project.
46. If she falls, she'll land in the safety net.
47. It would be worse if we ordered soup.
48. If I owned a dog like that, I'd keep it on a lead.
49. I'd like it more if it looked like someone I know.
- 50-60. Student's answer

TEST YOURSELF 3

<ĐỀ THAM KHẢO>

ĐÁP ÁN – HƯỚNG DẪN CHẤM

ĐỀ THI HỌC SINH GIỎI LỚP 9

Môn thi: Tiếng Anh

Thời gian: 120 phút

(Làm tròn điểm đến 0,25)

(Nếu thí sinh có cách viết khác đáp án nhưng đúng ngữ pháp, ngữ nghĩa, cho điểm tối đa)

I. Choose the best answer and fill in the blanks. (8 × 0,25 = 2 pts)

1. “What’s in this pot?” – “It’s filled with sugar”
2. Our office is open Monday through Saturday but not on Sunday.
3. My relationship with Mr. Brown started as a business relationship and became a friendship.
4. John was said to be the brightest boy in the class.
5. Except the long journey we had a wonderful holiday.
6. If you don’t know what the capital city is, look it up in your atlas.
7. In four years at the company he rose to the standard of director.
8. A person who speaks on the radio is a broadcaster.

II. Give the correct form of the words in brackets. (10 × 0,25 = 2,5 pts)

- | | |
|-----------------|------------------|
| 1. performance | 6. strength |
| 2. unkindness | 7. overweight |
| 3. organization | 8. failure |
| 4. signature | 9. unreasonable |
| 5. enjoyment | 10. computerized |

III. Give the correct tense of the verbs in brackets. (14 × 0,25 = 3,5pts)

- | | | |
|---------------|-----------------|---------------------|
| 1. has become | 3. was | 5. entered |
| 2. took | 4. have changed | 6. didn’t recognize |

- | | | |
|-------------|-----------------------------------|-------------|
| 7. had lost | 9. have never visited | 12. visited |
| 8. grown | 10. have travelled/ have traveled | 13. spent |
| | 11. went | 14. hiked |

IV. Fill in the blanks with suitable prepositions or adverb particles. ($8 \times 0,25 = 2$ pts)

- | | | | |
|----------|-------|--------|------------|
| 1. among | 3. to | 5. by | 7. against |
| 2. of | 4. of | 6. for | 8. on |

V. Fill in the blank one missing word. ($12 \times 0,25 = 3$ pts)

- | | | | |
|----------------|-----------|-------------|-----------|
| 1. person's | 4. almost | 7. soldiers | 10. We |
| 2. the | 5. salary | 8. there's | 11. share |
| 3. visit / see | 6. There | 9. the | 12. from |

VI. Rewrite these sentences in such a way that it means exactly the same as the sentence printed above it. (3pts)

- Please tell me whether they are good or bad.
- That's the last time I visited them.
- Maria suggested buying them this picture as a wedding present.
Maria suggested John that he should buy them this picture as a wedding present.
- It has rained since 2 o'clock.
- These shoes are too small for my feet.
- It is not my fault if the tin opener's broken.

VII. Use the word in bold to complete the second sentence so that it has a similar meaning to the first. Do not alter these words in any way. (1,5 pts)

- Dicken died **without** finishing his last novel.
- Almost **everybody** considered stealing to be wrong.
- Most doctors agree that smoking can **harm** your health.

VIII. Reading ($5 \times 0,5 = 2,5$ pts)

- | | | | | |
|------|------|------|------|------|
| 1. d | 2. a | 3. a | 4. b | 5. b |
|------|------|------|------|------|

ĐỀ THI HỌC SINH GIỎI LỚP 9 (ĐỀ SỐ 2)

Môn thi: Tiếng Anh

Thời gian: 120 phút

Tổng điểm: 50 (Làm tròn điểm đến 0,2)

(Nếu thí sinh có cách viết khác đáp án nhưng đúng ngữ pháp, ngữ nghĩa, cho điểm tối đa)

I. Vocabulary

Find one word whose underlined part is pronounced differently from the others (10 pts)

1. C 2. B 3. A 4. B 5. C 6. D 7. B 8. A 9. A 10. C

II. Grammar

Choose the best answer to complete these sentences. (10 pts)

1. C 2. A 3. C 4. C 5. B 6. D 7. C 8. A 9. B 10. C

III. Writing

a. Choose the best option to complete each sentence. (10 pts)

1. D 2. B 3. D 4. B 5. D 6. B 7. D 8. D 9. C 10. D

b. Put these words in order to complete the sentences. (10pts)

Suggested answers:

1. People use the Internet for many purposes: education, entertainment, communication and commerce.
2. I think we should burn trash to reduce the amount of garbage we produce to protect the environment.
3. The poet wants us to learn that everyone is responsible for keeping the environment from pollution.
4. If you cut down the trees in the forests, there will be big floods every year.
5. Children will have a special day to express their feelings, memories and love for their parents.

IV. Reading

Choose the best option A, B, C or D to complete the passage. (10 pts)

- | | | | | | |
|------|------|------|------|-------|------|
| 0. A | 1. B | 2. D | 3. B | 4. D | 5. C |
| 6. B | 7. C | 8. D | 9. A | 10. A | |

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