

Name:..... Class:

ĐỀ CƯƠNG ÔN TẬP MÔN TIẾNG ANH LỚP 9

HỌC KÌ I NĂM HỌC 2023-2024

I. Vocabulary: Words learned from Unit 4 to Unit 6

II. Pronunciation and stress:

1. Stress on the verb “be” in sentences
2. Stress on auxiliary verbs in sentences
3. Stress in short words in sentences

III. Grammar:

1. Tenses: Simple present, present continuous, simple future, near future, past simple, past continuous, present perfect, past perfect...
2. Phrasal verbs
3. Complex sentences
4. Comparison
5. Reported speech
6. Used to
7. Wish
8. Passive voice
9. Gerund and Infinitive
10. Suggest + V-ing / clause with should
11. Adj + to V / Adj + that + S + V

IV. Skills

1. **Reading:** Read for specific information, read for main idea, skimming, scanning
2. **Speaking:** Exchange opinions, talk about some specific topics.
3. **Listening:** Listen for specific information, Listen for main idea
4. **Writing:** Write a short paragraph, write to ask for or provide advice, write biographies, write an application letter, make an outline before writing a short paragraph

V. Test exercises: Multiple choice

- ✓ Pronunciation
- ✓ Stress
- ✓ Grammar
- ✓ Vocabulary
- ✓ Mistake
- ✓ Closest meaning
- ✓ Opposite meaning
- ✓ Communication.
- ✓ Sentence rewriting

PRACTICE

PRACTICE TEST 1

A. PHONETICS AND PHONOLOGY

I. Choose a word in each line that has different stress pattern.

- | | | | |
|-------------------|----------------|------------------|----------------|
| 1. A. damage | B. event | C. behave | D. surprise |
| 2. A. develop | B. understand | C. imagine | D. consider |
| 3. A. illiterate | B. communicate | C. entertainment | D. traditional |
| 4. A. programme | B. custom | C. postman | D. personality |
| 5. A. grandparent | B. violence | C. buffalo | D. importance |

II. Find the word which has a different sound in the underlined part.

- | | | | |
|---------------|------------|--------------|-------------|
| 1. A. shifts | B. thinks | C. joins | D. soups |
| 2. A. busy | B. basic | C. person | D. answer |
| 3. A. shoot | B. mood | C. poor | D. smooth |
| 4. A. dosage | B. massage | C. voyage | D. carriage |
| 5. A. maximum | B. jump | C. summarize | D. abrupt |

B. VOCABULARY AND GRAMMAR

I. Choose the word or phrase (a, b, c or d) that fits the blank space in each sentence.

- Last night I came home, cooked dinner, and _____ TV.
A. watch B. watched C. was watching D. would watch
- I rarely eat ice cream now but I _____ it when I was a child.
A. eat B. used to eat C. would eat D. didn't use to eat
- I wish I _____ you some money for your rent, but I'm broke myself.
A. can lend B. would lend C. could lend D. will lend
- Would you like _____ and visit me next summer?
A. come B. coming C. to come D. came
- Rick left class early because he _____ a headache.
A. had B. used to have C. was having D. has
- Sara didn't hear the phone. She _____.
A. sleeps B. slept C. used to sleep D. was sleeping
- The Marconi family _____ to the United States thirty years ago.
A. comes B. came C. has come D. was coming
- I've been feeling better since _____.
A. the doctor has come B. the doctor comes
C. the doctor coming D. the doctor came
- The country now known as Myanmar _____ Burma.
A. used to be called B. be called
C. called D. has called
- "Monica is such a nice person." "Yes. I wish I _____ her more often."
A. see B. will see C. saw D. have seen

II. Choose the best option A, B, C or D to complete the sentences.

- I wish I _____ people with the same interests.
A. meet B. can meet C. could D. will meet
- My mother says she used to _____ a diary when she was young.
A. keep B. use C. write D. preserve
- The _____ between generations seems to be bigger and bigger than ever.
A. blank B. space C. gap D. distance
- Our teacher's _____ is that we set up a project on preservation of our traditional games.
A. offer B. suggestion C. scheme D. order
- I found the letter in my bag. – I _____ to post it.
A. forgot B. would forget C. was forgetting D. had forgotten
- Does he tell you how he is getting _____ his new colleagues?

- | | | | |
|--------------|---------------|-----------|--------------|
| 5. A. action | B. method | C. change | D. process |
| 6. A. ends | B. disappears | C. leaves | D. removes |
| 7. A. loses | B. succeeds | C. fails | D. wins |
| 8. A. gone | B. made | C. handed | D. rewarded |
| 9. A. starts | B. pauses | C. stops | D. continues |
| 10. A. held | B. taken | C. moved | D. accepted |

II. Read the reading passage and choose the correct answer.

Cardamom is not as widely used as a spice in the United States as it is in other parts of the world. This fruit of the ringer plant provides oil that basically has been used **solely** as a stimulant in American and English medicines. Other cultures organized the **multipurpose** benefits of this aromatic fruit. In Asia it is used to **season** sauces such as **curry**, in Middle Eastern countries it is **steeped** to prepare a flavorful golden-colored tea; in parts of Northern Europe it is used as a spice in various types of pastry.

- The word **"solely"** in the passage could best be placed by _____.
A. initially B. only C. reportedly D. healthfully
- The word **"multipurpose"** in the passage is closest in meaning to _____.
A. health B. singular C. recognized D. varied
- Which of the following is closest in meaning to the word **"season"** in line 5 _____.
A. divided B. forecast C. spice D. put a time limit
- "curry"** in the passage is _____.
A. the fruit of the ringer plant B. a spicy type of sauce
C. a culture in the area of the Middle East D. a type of golden-colored tea
- The word **"steeped"** in the passage is closest in meaning to _____.
A. soaked B. dried C. stored D. grown

III. Choose the word or phrase among A, B, C or D that best fits the blank space in the following passage.

It is just simple and ordinary as its (1) _____. No noisy sound from engines, no obscure smoke and no spending too much for commuting. From a long time ago, Vietnamese people have thought of the rickshaw as a (2) _____ means of transportation when going out. It is not only close-knit to Vietnamese but also connected strongly with the foreigners (3) _____ all of them were attracted by this unique means at the first time visiting Viet Nam.

The rickshaw has existed for a long time in Vietnamese life, and become quite necessary as the (4) _____ in a body. Not only the Vietnamese feel (5) _____ to rickshaw, foreigners are also impressed by this unique vehicle. They will be fond of sitting on the rickshaw for a (6) _____ tour around Sword Lake or a round on the streets to (7) _____ dreamy and peaceful photos in the ancient citadel.

Traveling in a rickshaw is the time for peacefully (8) _____ windy sunset and bright sunrises on the beach of Nha Trang or Da Nang or elsewhere. How pleasant it is for you to enjoy a relaxing feeling on the short (9) _____ trip.

Viet Nam is becoming more and more modern; however, rickshaw still (10) _____ through the time and has a stand in the minds of the residents.

- | | | | |
|----------------|---------------|----------------|-------------------|
| 1. A. presence | B. appearance | C. judgment | D. performance |
| 2. A. shared | B. recognized | C. friendly | D. familiar |
| 3. A. although | B. as | C. but | D. while |
| 4. A. breath | B. air | C. rest | D. recovery |
| 5. A. close | B. closed | C. closest | D. closing |
| 6. A. sight | B. sighting | C. sightseeing | D. sightseer |
| 7. A. catch | B. take | C. bring | D. keep |
| 8. A. welcome | B. welcoming | C. welcomed | D. being welcomed |
| 9. A. city | B. town | C. urban | D. field |
| 10. A. keeps | B. continues | C. lives | D. survives |

IV. Read the passage below carefully and choose the correct answer A, B, C or D

Although no one knows for certain who the original Saint Valentine was, once a year, on February 14, there is a day in his honor. Some historians believe that the original Saint Valentine was a priest who lived in the city of Rome about 300 years after the birth of Christ. The emperor of Rome was not a Christian and refused to allow people to be married in a Christian ceremony. Saint Valentine didn't obey the emperor and performed many

Christian marriages, in spite of the emperor's order. When the Romans found out, they sent Saint Valentine to prison and later killed him. While his romantic efforts to help many Christians in love cost him his life, he was honored in his own days. But his story has been mostly forgotten after people have come to celebrate Valentine's Day as a special time for sweethearts. On Valentine's Day people express their affections by sending Valentine cards to friends, families, and boyfriends and girlfriends.

1. This writing is mostly about _____.
A. Christian marriages B. why we celebrate Valentine's Day
C. different kind of Valentine cards D. the history of Rome
2. Long ago, February 14 was made a special day _____.
A. to honor Saint Valentine
B. just for sweethearts
C. for everyone to go out and express love
D. to honor the Roman emperor
3. The emperor of Rome _____.
A. was a good Christian and made Valentine a saint
B. established Saint Valentine's Day in his Honor
C. refused to allow people to be married in a Christian ceremony
D. didn't believe in marriages
4. St. Valentine was killed because he _____.
A. was a Christian priest
B. was not a follower of Christ
C. had a secret sweetheart, which was illegal
D. continued to perform Christian wedding ceremonies against the emperor's wishes
5. All the above story of Saint Valentine _____.
A. really happened long ago B. is just a guess from some historians
C. is only an invented story D. cannot be believed at all

D. WRITING

I. Write sentences beginning *I wish...*

1. I don't know many people in the town.
I wish I knew many people in the town.
2. It would be nice to be able to fly a plane.

3. It's a shame I don't have a key.

4. Ann isn't here and I need to see her.

5. I don't like being so short.

6. Unfortunately, I have to work tomorrow.

7. Don't shout all the time. It's so annoying.

8. I'm sorry I can't go to the party.

9. I'd like to get access to the Internet, but I don't have a computer.

10. It's a pity the weather isn't better today.

II. Write the second sentence so that it has a similar meaning to the first. Use the word in brackets.

1. No one told me about the change of the plan. (**know**)

2. When I was a child, we lived in Bristol. (**used**)

3. My friend was the winner of the competition. (**won**)

4. Is it a fact that the Romans built this wall? (**did**)

5. She's sorry she can't play the piano. (**wishes**)

6. Our trip to Africa was in October. (**We**)

7. It was breakfast-time when Susan rang. (**I**)

8. There were lights on the spacecraft. (**had**)

9. I had my old coat on. (**wearing**)

10. It isn't true that I made a mistake. (**didn't**)

III. Finish each of the following sentences in such a way that it is as similar as possible in meaning to the original sentences. Use the word given and other words as necessary.

1. Did you always eat sweets when you were small? **USE**

2. She dreams to spend her vacation in Ho Chi Minh City. **WISHES**

3. They didn't use to drink coffee when we lived in America. **NEVER**

4. He had a lot of money, but now he doesn't. **USED**

5. The boys want to win the football match. **WISH**

6. Latin was an international language. **USED**

PRACTICE TEST 2

A. PHONETICS AND PHONOLOGY

I. Find the word which has a different sound in the underlined part.

- | | | | |
|-----------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|
| 1. A. raise | B. blocks | C. museum | D. pyramids |
| 2. A. ancient | B. enclose | C. block | D. rank |
| 3. A. chamber | B. belongings | C. tomb | D. block |
| 4. A. technique | B. architect | C. dedicate | D. chamber |
| 5. A. consist | B. treasure | C. suggest | D. surpass |
| 6. A. island | B. pilgrim | C. surprising | D. shrine |
| 7. A. sculpture | B. structure | C. future | D. culture |
| 8. A. complex | B. citadel | C. cavern | D. contestant |
| 9. A. pleasure | B. measure | C. treasure | D. great |
| 10. A. aging | B. cavern | C. cave | D. ancient |

II. Choose a word in each line that has different stress pattern.

- | | | | |
|-------------------|-------------------|----------------|---------------|
| 1. A. security | B. rickshaw | C. citadel | D. landscape |
| 2. A. contestant | B. cavern | C. astounding | D. connect |
| 3. A. picturesque | B. souvenir | C. recommend | D. paradise |
| 4. A. preserve | B. position | C. heritage | D. impress |
| 5. A. collect | B. institution | C. spectacular | D. administer |
| 6. A. historical | B. fascinating | C. valuable | D. memorable |
| 7. A. archaeology | B. administrative | C. geological | D. ecological |
| 8. A. design | B. occasion | C. depend | D. puppet |

9. A. committee B. astounding C. picturesque D. contestant
 10. A. spectacular B. imperial C. recognition D. historical

B. VOCABULARY & GRAMMAR

I. Choose the best one (A, B, C or D) to complete the sentence.

- Tomatoes _____ before they are completely ripe.
 A. can be picked B. can pick C. needn't pick D. should be picking
- It _____ that the road through the national park will not affect the environment and living habitat of wild animals there.
 A. has thought B. had been thought C. is thought D. thinks
- The refreshments _____ By Karen.
 A. are going to be prepared B. are going to prepare
 C. are preparing D. are to prepare
- Trang An Landscape Complex is renowned for its diverse ecosystem, unique natural beauty _____ and characteristics.
 A. environmental B. ecological C. geology D. geological
- It that _____ 70 tons of dead fish washed ashore along more than 200 kilometres of Viet Nam's central coastline in early April.
 A. was reported B. had reported
 C. had been reported D. were reported
- The keys _____ somewhere.
 A. must have been leaving B. must have left
 C. must be leaving D. must have been left
- The Ho Dynasty Citadel has a palace _____ with marble roads that connect each palace.
 A. complex B. building C. area D. setting
- It _____ that the Perfume Pagoda is located in the interior of a cave to the top of the Huong Tich mountains.
 A. is spoken B. is told C. says D. is said
- Japanese _____ at the meeting.
 A. will speak B. will spoken C. will be spoken D. will be speaking
- The towers of the My Son sanctuary are the most significant _____ of the My Son civilization.
 A. apartments B. plans C. structures D. arrangements
- Ha Noi's four sacred temples, the _____ of Ha Noi were built to defend the four directions (East, West, South, North) of the ancient Thang Long capital city.
 A. communication B. feelings C. energy D. spirits
- Portuguese _____ as an official language in this city since three hundred years ago.
 A. has always been spoken B. has been spoken always
 C. has always spoken D. had always spoken
- The Thang Long Imperial Citadel was the _____ of political power for nearly seven centuries without interruption.
 A. system B. centre C. middle D. point
- _____ in simpler words?
 A. Has this issue expressed C. Cannot issue express
 C. Can this issue express D. Could not this issue be expressed
- All traffic laws _____.
 A. is observed B. must be observed
 C. must have observed D. had better observe

II. Choose the word which has a different stress pattern from the others.

- The expert explained that the upper _____ of the bridge was in very bad condition.
 A. building B. structure C. foundation D. roof
- Something _____ immediately to prevent teenagers from _____ in factories and mines.
 A. should be done – being exploited B. we should do – exploiting
 C. should be – be exploited D. should have been – exploited
- In 1978, the south and north Cat Tien parks were put _____ the State's protection.
 A. above B. with C. of D. under

4. Architect Kasik is honoured with his statue in Hoi An in _____ for his restoration work done at the My Son Sanctuary.
A. recognition B. admiration C. agreement D. knowledge
5. This car _____.
A. was manufactured in Japan by Toyota last year.
B. was manufactured by Toyota last year in Japan.
C. was manufactured last year in Japan by Toyota.
D. last year was manufactured in Japan by Toyota.
6. It _____ that China dug up the ocean floor to build artificial islands.
A. would be said B. is said C. says D. said
7. The Thang Long Imperial Citadel was built on the location of a Chinese _____ dating from the 7th century.
A. border B. soldier C. battle D. fortress
8. The situation _____ to continue.
A. cannot allow B. cannot be allowed
C. cannot have allowed D. cannot be allowing
9. The public suggested that the factories _____ with waste treatment system.
A. would equip B. would be equipped
C. should equip D. should be equipped
10. Talking about Tay Phuong Pagoda means talking about a treasure of _____, an invaluable cultural and historical heritage.
A. items B. stone C. sculpture D. objects
11. The machine _____ on by pressing this switch.
A. can turn B. can be turned C. must turn D. should be turning
12. The local government suggested _____ a road through the Nam Cat Tien National Park.
A. build B. to build C. building D. being built
13. India will provide technical experts, supporting equipment and materials necessary for the restoration of _____ in My Son.
A. churches B. pagodas C. mosques D. towers
14. Everybody agrees that no more staff _____.
A. should employ B. should not be employed
C. will not be employed D. will be employed
15. It _____ that some foreigners had collected rubbish on Cat Ba Beach.
A. could report B. had been reported
C. reported D. was reported
16. The most important thing is that we _____ foreign tourists come back to Viet Nam again.
A. will make B. should make C. cause D. should cause
17. The next meeting _____ in May.
A. will hold B. will be held C. will be holding D. will have held
18. Things _____ clear to them so that they can do the work in the way that you have told them.
A. are making B. ought to be made C. have made D. needn't be made
19. Cigarettes _____ at a bakery.
A. must buy B. cannot buy C. cannot be bought D. should not buy
20. Hundreds of thousands of _____ travel to Perfume Pagoda to pray for happiness prosperity in the coming year.
A. pilgrimages B. pilgrims C. passengers D. holiday-makers

III. Choose the word or phrase A, B, C or D that needs correcting.

1. The children were frightening by the thunder and lightning.
A B C D
2. Two people got hurt in the accident and were took to the hospital by an ambulance.
A B C D
3. The students helped by the clear explanation that the teacher gave.
A B C D

4. That alloy is composing by iron and tin.
A B C D
5. The winter of the race hasn't been announcing yet.
A B C D
6. Progress is been made every day in all parts of the world.
A B C D
7. When, where and by whom has the automobile invented?
A B C D
8. Each assembly kit is accompany by detailed instruction.
A B C D
9. Arthur was giving an award by the city for all of his efforts in crime prevention.
A B C D
10. It was late and I was getting very worry about my son.
A B C D

C. READING

I. Read the passage, and choose the correct answer A, B, C or D for each question.

The Complex of Hue Monuments is a UNESCO World Heritage Site and is located in the city of Hue in central Vietnam. Hue was founded as the Viet Nam capital city by Gia Long, the first king of the Nguyen Dynasty in 1802. It held this position for thirteen Nguyen kings until 1945.

The massive complex features hundreds of monuments and mins, such as the Forbidden Purple City, once the residence of the royal family and badly damaged during the Vietnam War. the Imperial City, royal tombs, the flag tower, pagodas, temples, a library and museum.

Hue, located on the banks of the Huong River, (also known as the Perfume River) is about a hundred kilometres north of Da Nang. Among the most impressive monuments in this former grand imperial capital are the Ngo Mon Gate of the Imperial City which once was exclusively used by the royal family and their servants and soldiers, the tomb of Emperor Minh Mang as well as the tomb of Emperor Tu DuC. In fact, many of the monuments surrounding the royal buildings were constructed in the early 19th century and were modeled after Beijing's Forbidden City. The wall that surroundings the citadel is six metres high and two and a half kilometres long.

The historical complex is known not only for its rich architecture but also for its beautiful landscape setting. Overall, the site is quite spectacular. Avoid Hue between October and December as it gets most of its rain from the northeast monsoon during that period. This small city is also famous for its Imperial-style cuisine.

1. The Hue Citadel needs the work of restoration because of _____.
A. the period from 1802 to 1945 B. the damage during the war
C. the northeast monsoon D. its rich architecture
2. All of the following are mentioned as features of the Hue Citadel EXCEPT _____.
A. a library and museum B. the flag tower
C. the Temple of Literature D. the royal tombs
3. All of the following are advantages of Hue EXCEPT _____.
A. the last three months of the year B. its beauty of natural setting
C. the waterway of the Perfume River D. the art of cooking
4. The Complex of Hue Monuments _____.
A. was built by thirteen Nguyen kings from 1802 to 1945
B. is located on the left bank of the Perfume River
C. has its buildings built during the region of King Gia Long
D. is recognized as a UNESCO World Heritage Site

D. WRITING

I. Change to the passive voice.

1. People know that he is armed.
→ _____
2. They reported that the man was killed by terrorists.
→ _____

3. People think that the company is planning a new advertising campaign.
→ _____
4. They reported that the President had suffered a heart attack.
→ _____
5. People alleged that the man was driving at 110 miles an hour.
→ _____
6. People know that the expedition reached the South Pole in May.
→ _____
7. People said that there was a secret tunnel between them.
→ _____
8. People considered that she was the best singer that Australia has ever produced.
→ _____
9. They expect that the weather will be good tomorrow.
→ _____
10. A lot of people believe that the Prime Minister and his wife have separated.
→ _____

PRACTICE TEST 3

A. PHONETICS AND PHONOLOGY

I. Choose the word which has a different stress pattern from the others.

- | | | | |
|-------------------|----------------|----------------|-----------------|
| 1. A. elevated | B. facility | C. significant | D. initially |
| 2. A. cooperative | B. anniversary | C. illiteracy | D. considerable |
| 3. A. complete | B. complain | C. company | D. computer |
| 4. A. economic | B. electric | C. engineer | D. entertain |
| 5. A. technology | B. opportunity | C. curiosity | D. information |

II. Choose the word whose underlined part is pronounced differently from that of the others.

- | | | | |
|------------------------|---------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|
| 1. A. y <u>a</u> cht | B. ch <u>a</u> pter | C. m <u>a</u> nage | D. p <u>a</u> nel |
| 2. A. e <u>x</u> ample | B. f <u>e</u> ed | C. <u>i</u> nk | D. <u>i</u> nhumane |
| 3. A. <u>j</u> unior | B. h <u>u</u> mour | C. s <u>t</u> ew | D. f <u>e</u> w |
| 4. A. h <u>a</u> ll | B. d <u>o</u> ll | C. ch <u>a</u> lk | D. f <u>o</u> recast |
| 5. A. r <u>e</u> make | B. r <u>e</u> fund | C. r <u>e</u> concile | D. r <u>e</u> produce |

B. VOCABULARY AND GRAMMAR

I. Rewrite the following sentences using "It + be + adjective + (of/ for + noun/ pronoun)".

1. The students were unreasonable to complain about the exam results.

2. The shelves are simple to put up.

3. Hung was confident to present his ideas in front of the committee.

4. We were surprised to get the scholarships.

5. She was impolite to criticize him in front of his friends.

6. Anna was brave to spend the night in the old house alone.

7. Such a wonderful performance was interesting to hear.

8. You were very kind to give presents to street children before the new school year.

9. English is necessary to learn now.

10. Our living environment is so important to preserve.

II. Choose the correct answers A, B, C or D to complete the sentences.

- Survey findings _____ that the current family remains an important production unit of society.
A. express B. show C. explain D. record
- Before 1975 in South Viet Nam, there _____ 3 state universities built in cities of Hue, Saigon, Can Tho.
A. were B. would be C. was D. used to be
- Many workers wish that they _____ labour contracts with the companies.
A. were signing B. sign C. signed D. were signed
- On arrival at home I (find) _____ that she just (leave) _____ just a few minutes before.
A. had found – left B. have found – have just left
C. found – had just left D. found – left
- We wish that smart boards _____ in our school.
A. was installed B. would install C. had installed D. were installed
- The photos by a British diplomat capture the _____ of old bicycles crowded electric trams, the queue to buy goods and lines of barrels waiting to collect water in the 1980s.
A. minds B. thinking C. ideas D. images
- After people had asked for scholars' handwriting, they _____ them up during the Tet festival.
A. had hung B. hang C. hung D. hanged
- The life at that time was very difficult _____ every family tried to buy a branch of peach blossoms to display on the Lunar New Year Festival.
A. despite B. although C. but D. so
- We suggest that the authorities _____ street children from following foreign tourists in the downtown.
A. should stop B. will stop C. stopped D. would stop
- After they _____ their breakfast, they _____ shopping, yesterday.
A. have – go B. had had – go C. had – had gone D. had had – went

III. Find a mistake in the four underlined parts of each sentences and correct it.

- My sister had worked in the bank for five years before she had been sent to Da Nang.
A B C D
- Tom said that he had been very excited visiting Ha Long Bay for the first time in 2005.
A B C D
- The country has significant changed since we came here in 2007.
A B C D
- All of us are astonished that life in the countryside to improve a lot.
A B C D
- By the time she left the shop, she spent all of her money on clothes.
A B C D

C. READING

I. Choose the word or phrase among A, B, C or D that best fits the blank space in the following passage.

Seventy percent of people in Viet Nam live in rural areas. Most of these people (1) _____ their living by caring for farm animals like pigs. Other common jobs are crop farming and fishing. For many of these farmers and fishermen, animal and plant waste is still a problem.

Many women and children cook meals using traditional cooking fuels. They also spend many hours (2) _____ wood and other materials to burn. This process takes time and also uses a lot of natural resources. Moreover, they suffer the same health (3) _____. Cooking was a difficult and dangerous job. The kitchen was smoky, and the black ash would make people cough, and (4) _____ pain in the eyes.

But a biogas system can (5) _____ all of these problems! It can turn animal or plant waste (6) _____ valuable resources – such as cooking fuel, electricity and plant fertilizer. First, an expert must build a system of pipes and tanks. This biogas system contains and manages the decaying process of animal or plant waste. To use the biogas system, a farmer must move animal waste into a pipe with water. These pipes bring the waste to a tank (7) _____ in the ground. This tank is called a bio-digester. Air cannot enter this tank. In this contained environment, natural bacteria decays the waste material. (8) _____ the waste decays in the bio-digester, it (9) _____ two things – biogas and slurry. The biogas rises to the top of the tank. The

pressure from the gas pushes the liquid slurry into (10)_____. Now people can use both the biogas and the slurry.

- | | | | |
|-----------------|---------------|------------------|-----------------|
| 1. A. do | B. look for | C. earn | D. take |
| 2. A. looking | B. collecting | C. keeping | D. controlling |
| 3. A. concerns | B. importance | C. businesses | D. involvements |
| 4. A. bring | B. hurt | C. make | D. cause |
| 5. A. solve | B. deal | C. match | D. delete |
| 6. A. to | B. into | C. at | D. in |
| 7. A. bury | B. burying | C. buried | D. being buried |
| 8. A. Because | B. Moreover | C. Although | D. As |
| 9. A. produces | B. brings | C. gets | D. makes |
| 10. A. the tank | B. no tank | C. the same tank | D. another tank |

II. Choose the word or phrase among A, B, C or D that best fits the blank space in the following passage.

During the war, children wore straw hats to (1)_____ themselves from debris. Houses and schools were bombed and destroyed. Many children were made (2)_____ and their schools had to be moved around or lessons sometimes had to (3)_____ after dark to avoid being targeted by heavy bombing. Many schools had its roof (4)_____ with several layers of straw to withstand the (5)_____ of the bombs. Life for children was very hard in both the North and South of Viet Nam during the war.

Young people were (6)_____ of their duty to serve their country. Even young girls took part in the war efforts by digging bomb shelters. Children took first-aid courses after school so that they could (7)_____ injured people.

Childhood years of children born in the 1960s are (8)_____. As innocent children, they went to school (9)_____ straw hats in the sounds of American jet fighters in the sky and the shots from Vietnamese anti-aircraft guns.

Nowadays, they are proud that they came through those hardships. They had their heads held (10)_____ walking out of the war.

- | | | | |
|-------------------|------------------|--------------------|------------------|
| 1. A. protect | B. keep | C. save | D. help |
| 2. A. homemade | B. homeless | C. homelessness | D. homesick |
| 3. A. place | B. take place | C. be happened | D. exist |
| 4. A. cover | B. covering | C. covered | D. being covered |
| 5. A. reasons | B. causes | C. actions | D. impacts |
| 6. A. known | B. afraid | C. capable | D. aware |
| 7. A. care for | B. take after | C. take care about | D. deal |
| 8. A. unfortunate | B. unforgettable | C. forgettable | D. memorably |
| 9. A. wear | B. to wear | C. wearing | D. that wear |
| 10. A. high | B. highly | C. height | D. above |

III. Read the passage, and choose the correct answer A, B, C or D for each question.

Street Food Shoulder Poles on Saigon streets

Street food shoulder pole is familiar with Saigon people throughout many years. Nowadays it has become a special thing that makes travelers curious. In small areas of District 1 and District 3, we could count more than 100 vendors who earned money using shoulder poles. A shoulder pole, also called a carrying pole, is a **yoke** of wood or bamboo, used by people to carry a load. The vendors put their goods in two baskets from each end of the yoke.

In the downtown, we can meet young women with their shoulder poles. The baskets are covered with plastic wrap carefully to protect the foods from the street dust. In a tight space of one basket, she could mix the ingredients and bake the cake on a small charcoal which was defended by carton. The ready cakes were put in other basket.

In the morning or evening, on rainy or sunny day, Saigon streets are marked by shoulder poles of people from different regions of the country, which has become a unique part of Saigon. It has been said that it isn't hard to live in Saigon if you work hard. With the carrying pole on shoulders, the vendor has turned it into a "store". The reason is very simple, they don't have enough money to open a real store. Every day these women continue their journey through Saigon streets under the sun and the rain, selling cheap things or street foods to earn money and feed their children.

1. A shoulder pole _____.
 - A. is the connection between wood and bamboo
 - B. used to be called a carrying pole
 - C. is a bar made of wood or bamboo
 - D. is used to put goods on street vendor's shoulders
2. Street food shoulder pole is _____.
 - A. used by street vendors to carry things
 - B. a characteristic of District 1 and 3
 - C. used to make foreign travelers curious
 - D. a way for passer-by to have food
3. All of the following are true about shoulder poles EXCEPT that _____.
 - A. street vendors can bake cakes there
 - B. the two baskets have the same function
 - C. they can contain enough things to serve some customers
 - D. they can be protected from dust
4. All of the following are benefits of shoulder poles EXCEPT that _____.
 - A. they can help street vendors to sell many things without a store
 - B. street vendors can support their families with the help of shoulder poles
 - C. it is a way for street vendors to carry goods around the streets
 - D. women are marked by unique shoulder poles from different regions
5. The word **"yoke"** in paragraph 1 is closest in meaning to _____.
 - A. a piece of wood that is shaped to fit across a person's shoulders to carry two equal loads
 - B. a wooden bar that is connected to the vehicles or loads so that they can be pulled away
 - C. something that connects two things or people, usually in a way that limits freedom
 - D. a long piece of wood that is fastened across the necks to pull heavy loads

D. WRITING

I. Finish each of the following sentences in such a way that it is as similar as possible in meaning to the original sentences. Use the word given and other words as necessary.

1. Supporting the victims after the disaster was kind of them.
=> _____
2. Valuing the improved living conditions we have today is necessary.
=> _____
3. Crossing the road without looking left and right was stupid of you.
=> _____
4. Going into the lift alone is afraid.
=> _____
5. Following the instructions carefully is important for all of us.
=> _____
6. Being able to build the country into a powerful one is certain.
=> _____
7. Speaking English with the foreigners is confident.
=> _____
8. Showing us the way to train station was kind of them.
=> _____
9. Using a long stick to get some fruits was very clever of him.
=> _____
10. Finding a parking space in the city centre is not easy for you.
=> _____

II. Write complete sentences, using the words/ phrases given in their correct forms. You can add some more necessary words, but you have to use all the words given.

1. The conversation/ take/ place/ the school's 60th anniversary.
=> _____
2. Our grandparents/ use/ live in an extended family.
=> _____

=> _____

3. Because/ it explain/ a lot about how the school/ in the past.

=> _____

4. The roof/ made of tiles/ some tiles were broken./ The window frames/ made of wood/ some of them were missing.

=> _____

5. They/ learn that they/ lucky/ have/ such great learning facilities/ nowadays.

=> _____

6. My mother/ a sympathetic woman./ She always care/ how/ we feel.

=> _____

7. The boys/ willing to do/ what you want/ to./ They/ really obedient.

=> _____

8. Having students/ work/ groups,/ she hoped/ they could learn/ be cooperative.

=> _____

9. She/ tolerant with/ children even when/ they/ misbehave.

=> _____

10. Nowadays/ the nuclear family/ becoming more common/ the cities.

=> _____

III. Complete the second sentence so that it has a similar meaning to the first.

1. It's not a good idea to travel during the rush hour.

➔ It's better to avoid _____

2. Michael laughed when I told him the joke.

➔ The joke _____

3. Don't stop him doing what he wants.

➔ Let _____

4. We like to lie on the beach all day.

➔ We enjoy _____

5. Do you fancy going for a walk?

➔ Would you like _____

6. I wish I hadn't taken your advice.

➔ I regret _____

7. Seeing Nelson Mandela will always stay in my memory.

➔ I'll never forget _____

8. It was difficult for me to stop laughing at Wendy's letter.

➔ I couldn't help _____

9. Shall I phone you this evening?

➔ Do you want _____

10. It will be good to see them again.

➔ I'm looking _____

11. I'd prefer not to go out tonight.

➔ I'd rather _____

12. You'd better put your money in the bank, Jack.

➔ I advised _____

13. I can do what I want and you can't stop me.

➔ You can't _____

14. Please don't interrupt me all the time.

➔ Would you mind _____

15. My father said I could use his car.

➔ My father allowed _____