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ĐỀ CƯƠNG ÔN TẬP HÈ

MÔN ANH VĂN LỚP 10

Thời gian: 04 tuần (16 tiết)

Hè 2014

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LESSON 1 : PRONOUNS

A. Definition

1. Personal pronouns
 - a. Subjective pronouns: I, you, he, she, it, we, they
 - b. objective pronouns: me, you, him, her, us, it, them
2. Possessive pronouns : mine, yours, his, hers, its, ours, theirs
- # possessive adjectives : my, your, his, her, its, our, their
3. Reflexive pronouns: myself, yourself, himself, herself, itself, ourselves, yourselves, themselves
4. Demonstrative pronouns (đại từ chỉ định) : this, that, these, those, such.....
5. Indefinite pronouns (đại từ bất định) : somebody, someone, something, anybody, anyone, anything, noone, nobody, nothing
6. Relative Pronouns (đại từ quan hệ): who, whom, which, that

B. Usage and examples

C. Exercises

I. Choose the correct form of the pronoun in each of the following sentences

1. Richard is expecting (our/us) to go to class tomorrow.
2. You shouldn't rely on (him/his) calling you in the morning.
3. They don't approve of (us/our) learning early.
4. George asked (me/my) to call him last night.
5. We understand (him/his) having to leave early.
6. John resented (George/George's) losing the paper.
7. We object to (the defense attorney/ the defense attorney's) calling the extra witness.
8. We are expecting (Henry/ Henry's) to call us.
9. They are looking forward to (us/our) visiting them.
10. Susan regrets (John/ John's) being in trouble.
11. (We/us) all went with (them/they).
12. They know all about my friends and (I/me).
13. Mr.Nam and (he/him) came last night.
14. There are some letters for you and (me/I).
15. What would you do if you were (he/ him) ?
16. It was (him/he) I was talking about.

II. Complete the sentences using reflexive pronouns

1. Sue's children are two young to look after
2. An elephant hurt when it tried to get out of the zoo yesterday
3. I couldn't borrow my mother's car last night because she was using it
4. I don't need any help. I can take care of
5. Mr Woods fell over and hurt when he was running for a bus
6. Would you all like to help to sandwiches and cakes?
7. Sarah and I didn't really enjoy at the disco last night
8. They need some help, they can't manage by

10. Did someone help you move the furniture, or did you do it all
11. It was pleasant to warm before a good fire.
12. There was so much noise that he couldn't hear speak.
13. She was angry with for breaking her doll.
14. They look at in the looking-glass.
15. Ba goes and hides behind the curtain.
16. I want to see Mrs. Linh not her husband.
17. Youtold me the story.
18. I hope you will enjoy at the party.
19. You must learn your lesson nobody can do it for you.

III. Complete the following sentences with "somebody, something, anybody, anything"

1. Quick, let's go! There's coming and I don't want to see us.
2. Sally was upset about and refused to talk to
3. This machine is very easy to use.can learn to use it in very short time.
4. I am going to go out now. If phones when I am out, can you tell them I will be back at 11.30?
5. who saw the accident should contact the police
6. I was to surprised to say
7. There's at the door. Can you go and see who it is ?
8. Does mind if I open the window?
9. I wasn't feeling hungry, so I didn't eat
10. You must be hungry. Would you like to eat?

IV. Fill in blank with a suitable relative pronoun:

1. There are eighteen different kinds of penguins live south of the equator.
2. The biologist went to the South Pole is studying emperor penguins.
3. Emperor penguins survive winds blow at speeds of up to ninety five miles an hour in winter.
4. He is the man.....car was stolen last night.
5. The book.....I read every day is interesting.
6. The car.....is new is Toyota.
7. The dog and the man.....injured in the accident were old and dirty.
8. The picture.....was hung on the wall over there was valuable.
9. The person.....studies language is called a linguist.
10. I don't like the new – coming studentis living next door to us.

V. Complete the text with given word

anyone anywhere him himself it me myself one ours she that

My mum and I got a guard dog because (1).....sometimes has to go away on business trips and didn't want to leave (2).....at home by (3)..... We called (4)..... Rufus. When Rufus was about four months old, he started barking if (5).....came near the cottage, especially the postman. When friends of (6).....came to visit, Rufus would go to the front door and growl even before we knew they were outside. We didn't train him to do (7)....., he just seemed to train (8).....to be our watchdog. However, when he was about

near our car in a car park. It has become really embarrassing and now we can't take him (10)....with us. We like (11)....that he's protective but now he's very dangerous.

LESSON 2 + 3: NOUNS

A. Definition

- a/ singular and plural nouns
- b/ countable and uncountable nouns
- c/ compound nouns

B. Notes

a/ Many nouns are used: countable or uncountable

eg: Noise, pager, room, time, experience
+ Coffee, tea, juice (drinks)

- are normally uncountable
- can be countable

eg: two coffees and a tea, please

b/ singular and plural nouns

Countable nouns can be singular or plural nouns

Uncountable nouns can only be in singular form

c/ compound nouns: are two nouns that are used together to make one word or idea.

E.g: brain cell, computer scientists...

d/ The functions of nouns in the sentences

- as a Subject: The book is interesting
- as an object: I like to read this book

d/ Formation of the plural

- Take "s": boys, hats

- ending with "s, sh, ch, x, z": take "es": misses, washes, churches, boxes

- ending with "y": lady → ladies, story → stories

- ending with "f" or "fe" → "ves": wife, thief

- irregular plurals

man → men child → children

tooth → teeth woman → women

foot → feet

mouse → mice

C. Exercises

I. Some of these sentences need "a/ an". Correct the sentences which are wrong. If the sentence is already correct, put "RIGHT".

1. Jim goes everywhere by bike. He hasn't got car
2. Ann was listening to music when I arrived.....
3. We went to very nice restaurant last weekend.....
4. I clean my teeth with toothpaste

6. Can you tell me if there's a bank near here?.....
7. My brother works for insurance company in London.....
8. I don't like violence.....
9. Can you smell paint?.....
10. We need petrol. I hope we come to petrol station soon.....
11. I wonder if you can help me. I have problem.....
12. John has got interview for job tomorrow.....
13. Liz doesn't usually wear jewelry but yesterday she was wearing necklace.....
14. I think volleyball is very good game.....

II. Complete the sentences using one of the following words. Use "a/ an" where necessary.

accident biscuit blood coat decision key
question letter moment music sugar electricity

1. It wasn't your fault. It was an accident.
2. Listen! Can you hear music?
3. I couldn't get into the house because I didn't have.....
4. It's very warm today. Why are you wearing.....?
5. Do you take..... in your coffee?
6. Are you hungry? Would you like with your coffee?
7. Our lives would be very difficult without
8. I didn't phone them. I wrote instead.
9. The heart pumps through the body.
10. Excuse me, but can I ask you please?
11. I'm not ready yet. Can you wait?
12. We can't delay much longer. We have to make soon.

III. Complete the sentences using one of the following words. Sometimes the word needs to be plural (-s)

air country day friend meat language
letter patience people queue space photograph

1. I had my camera but I didn't take many photograph.
2. There are seven in a week.
3. A vegetarian is a person who doesn't eat
4. Outside the cinema there was of people waiting to see the film.
5. I'm not very good at writing
6. Last night I went out with some of mine.
7. There were very few in the shop today. They were almost empty.
8. I'm going out for a walk. I need some fresh.....

10. Do you speak any foreign.....
11. Jane travels a lot. She has been to many.....
12. Our flat is very small. We haven't got much.....

IV. Choose the best answer

1. If you want to hear the news, you can read paper/ a paper.
2. I want to write some letters but I haven't got a paper/ any paper to write on.
3. I thought there was somebody in the house because there was light/a light on inside.
4. Light/a light comes from the sun.
5. I was in a hurry this morning. I didn't have time/ a time for breakfast.
6. "Did you enjoy your holiday?" – "Yes, we had wonderful time/ a wonderful time."
7. Sue was very helpful. She gives us some very useful advice/advices.
8. We had very bad weather/a very bad weather while we were on holiday.
9. We were very unfortunate. We had bad luck/a bad luck.
10. It's very difficult to find a work/ job at the moment.
11. I had to buy a/some bread because I wanted to make some sandwiches.
12. Bad news don't/doesn't make people happy.
13. Your hair is/ your hairs are too long. You should have it/them cut.
14. Nobody was hurt in the accident but the damage /the damages to the car was/were quite bad.

V. Choose the right correct form of the verb.

1. The pictures of the soldiers (bring/brings) back many memories
 2. Anything (is/are) better than going to the play tonight
 3. A number of reporters (was/were) at the conference yesterday
 4. There (was/ were) some people at the meeting last night.
 5. The number of students who have withdrawn from class this quarter (is/are) appalling.
 6. Gymnastics (is/are) a favourite sport.
 7. The trousers you bought for me (doesn't/don't) fit me
 8. Where (do/does) your family live?
 9. Three days (isn't/aren't) long enough for a good holiday.
 10. Wheat (is/are) used to make flour.
- VI. Choose the best answer among a, b, c, d**
1. The two..... are all his.....
a. menservant/ son-in-laws b. menservants/ sons-in-laws

2. Do you believe that there are two..... in my class?
a. Maries b. Marys c. Marys' d. Mary's
3. are going to Europe for a holiday.
a. The Brown b. The Brown's c. The Browns' d. The Browns
4. Knowledge without..... makes but half an artist.
a. practices b. a practice c. practice d. any practice
5. Place-names are..... to study, besides, they teach us something about history.
a. a fun b. funs c. one fun d. fun
6. they've made recently!
a. How great progress b. How great a progress
c. What a great progress d. What great progress
7. There is really..... for improvement.
a. a room b. much room c. many rooms d. lots of rooms
8. Oh, John. you gave us!
a. How a pleasant price b. How pleasant price
c. What a pleasant price d. What pleasant price
9. This is..... I can do.
a. most b. the most c. mostly d. almost
10. This is..... to an end.
a. means b. a mean c. a means d. some mean
11. Some..... and..... were talking in a restaurant.
a. Germans/ Frenches b. Germans/ an English
c. Germans/ Frenchmen d. German/ Englishmen
12. I said it was a secret but he's told.....
a. dozens of peoples b. dozens of people
c. scores of peoples d. dozens people
13. I'd like.....
a. two coffees b. two cup of coffee
c. two cups of coffees d. two cup of coffees
14. He left..... with my secretary that he would call again in the afternoon. He said he would keep.....
a. words/ his words b. word/ his word
c. word/ word d. the word/ his word
15. This is an old photo of my aunt's when she had..... and now she has..... though in her fifties.
a. short hair/ grey hairs b. short hairs/ grey hair
c. short hair/ grey hair d. short hairs/ grey hairs
16. You should do more..... Don't always sit at the desk busy doing you.....
a. exercise/ exercises b. exercises/ exercise
c. exercise/ exercises d. exercise/ exercise
17. It took..... half an hour to do their.....
a. Mr Smith/ housework b. Smiths/ houseworks
c. the Smith/ houseworks d. the smiths/ housework

19. They are all
 a. work b. works c. homework d. housework
 a. America b. Britishers c. Canada d. Japanese
 20. "The Johnsons have just moved into a large house." - "Have they bought for it?"
 a. many new furniture b. much new furniture
 c. many new furnitures d. much new furniture

LESSON 4 + 5 : ADJECTIVES

A. Definition

- a/ Fact adjs: new, large, wooden...
 b/ Opinion adjs: nice, beautiful...

B. Adj order

- a/ Opinion adjs often go before fact adjs
 b/ Fact adjs are often put on this order
 How big → How old → what colour → where... from → what is it made of + Noun
 or OpSACOMP: opinion – shape/size – age – color – origin – material – purpose
 c/ Adjs of length and size (big/ small/ long).
 Usually go before adjs of shape and width (round, wide...)
 d/ When there are two colour adjs, we used "and"

C. Adjs after verb

- a/ After be/ get/ become/ seem
 b/ After look/ seem/ taste/ smell/ round

D. Adjectives ending with -ing or -ed

D. Exercises

I. Put the adjectives in brackets in the correct position.

- a beautiful table (wooden/ round) →
- an unusual ring (gold) →
- a new pullover (nice) →
- a new pullover (green) →
- an old house (beautiful) →
- black gloves (leather) →
- an American film (old) →
- a long face (thin) →
- big clouds (black) →
- a sunny day (lovely) →
- a wide avenue (long) →

- a big cat (fat/ black) →
- a little village (old/ lovely) →
- long hair (black/ beautiful) →
- an old painting (interesting/ French) →
- an enormous umbrella (red/ yellow) →
- Bring me something to drink (cool) →
- The leaves turn in Autumn (yellow) →
- Woollen clothes keep our bodies (warm) →
- Shelly is a poet (famous) →
- I have nothing to give you (interesting) →
- The corn waved in the wind (ripe, golden) →
- Vietnam is a country (rich and beautiful) →
- I found him still in his bed (asleep) →
- Aren't these oranges (delicious)? →
- Is she a girl (pretty)? →

II. Complete each sentence with a verb (in the correct form) and an adjective from the boxes.

feel	look	seem	awful	fine	interesting
smell	sound	taste	nice	upset	wet

- Ann seem upset this morning. Do you know that was wrong?
- I can't eat this. I've just tried it and it
- I wasn't very well yesterday but I today.
- What beautiful flowers! They too.
- You Have you been out in the rain? quite much better than his old job.

III. Choose the correct word.

- This tea tastes a bit strange. (strange/ strangely).
- I always feel when the sun is shining. (happy/ happily).
- The children were playing in the garden. (happy/ happily).
- The man became... when the manager of the restaurant asked him to leave. (violent/ violently)
- You look! Are you all right? (terrible/ terribly)
- There's no point on doing a job if you don't do it. (proper/ properly).
- We were all (horrifying/horried) when we heard about the disaster.
- It's sometimes (embarrassing/embarrassed) when you have to ask people for money.
- Are you (interesting/interested) in football?

11. It was a really (terrifying/terrified) experience. Afterwards everybody was very (shocking/shocked).
12. I had never expected to be offered the job. I was really (amazing/amazed) when I was offered it.
13. The kitchen hadn't been cleaned for ages. It was really (disgusting/disgusted).
14. Do you easily get (embarrassing/embarrassed)?

IV. Read the conversation between Alice and her friend, Jake. Complete it with the correct form of the words in parentheses. Choose between -ed and -ing participial adjectives.

Alice : That was a very (1) (interest)..... movie. What did you think?

Jake : To be honest. I found it kind of (2) (bore) I'm not that (3) (interest) in science fiction.

Alice : Really? I find it (4) (fascinate) What kind of movie do you enjoy?

Jake: Mostly comedies. Have you seen Home. Again?

Alice: Yes, but I wasn't (5) (amuse) at all. In fact I thought it was (6) (horrify) The story line was (7) (confuse) and I couldn't find any humor in the characters' problem. When Hell the theater, I felt kind of (8) (depress)
 Jake : I'm (9) (amaze)that you felt that way! I thought it was very (10) (amuse)

Alice : Well, I guess it's a matter of taste.

Jake : Speaking of taste, would you like to get a bite to eat?

Alice : Thanks, but it's late and I'm (11) (exhaust)

V. Choose the correct answer.

1. 'Do you think Margaret will take the job you offered her?' 'I don't know. She seemed in it, however.'
- A. interest B. interesting C. interested D. interestingly
2. 'The students all went to the circus yesterday.' 'I heard it was really'
- A. amused B. amusing C. amuse D. amusingly
3. He was that Jan couldn't come to the party.' 'Her boss made her work overtime.'
- A. disappointing B. disappointedly C. disappoint D. disappointed
4. 'What a terrible football game!' 'I thought it was ...'
- A. delightful B. delighting C. delight D. delighted
5. 'How we are to hear that you got the scholarship!' 'Thank you. It was really a surprise.'
- A. pleasing B. pleased C. pleasingly D. please
6. 'Professor Allen's class is the best I have ever been to.' 'I think it's'
- A. the most boring B. the most boringly C. the most bored D. most bored
7. 'I can't believe that Jim is marrying the vice-president's daughter.' 'That they would get married is
- A. surprised B. surprisingly C. surprising D. surprise

9. 'This handmade cloth is beautiful. To see such quality is...'
- A. pleasing B. please C. pleased D. so pleasantly
10. 'You look nervous.' 'This thunder makes me.....'
- A. scary B. scare C. scaring D. scared
11. 'The cabaret was amusing.' 'Claire was certainly She couldn't stop laughing.'
- A. amuse B. amused C. amusing D. abusive
12. I think the way Jessica behaved was quite 'Yes, I think so.'
- A. shock B. shocked C. shocking D. shockingly

A. Definition

B. Classification of adverbs

- Adverbs of manner : He works carefully
- Adverbs of time : then, yesterday, tomorrow, soon, immediately,
- Adverbs of place : along, around, here, somewhere, ...
- Adverbs of frequency : often, sometimes, never, always
- Adverbs of degree : too, absolutely, extremely, nearly, ...

C. How to form adverbs

- Adj + ly = adv
- soon(adj, adv), hard (adj, adv), late(adj, adv), fast(adj, adv), early(adj, adv)
- special cases : good → well,

D. Functions of adverbs

E. Exercises

I. Choose the correct words

1. Rita plays the violin (good/well)
2. That is an (intense/ intensely) novel
3. The sun is shining (bright/ brightly)
4. The boy speaks Spanish (fluent/ fluently)
5. The table has a (smooth/ smoothly) surface
6. We must figure our income tax returns (accurate/ accurately)
7. We don't like to drink (bitter/ bitterly) tea
8. The plane will arrive (soon/ soonly)
9. He had an accident because he was driving too (fast/ fastly)
10. Your cold sounds (terrible/ terribly)
11. They became (sick/ sickly) after eating the contaminated food.
12. I always feel (happy/ happily) when the sun is shining
13. You look (terrible/ terribly) ! Are you all right?
14. There is no point in doing a job if you don't do it (proper/ properly)
15. Please keep (quiet/ quietly) ! I am learning my lessons
16. We didn't go out because it was raining (heavy/ heavily)
17. You should make your clothes (clean/ cleanly) when you go out
18. Rose is (terrible/ terribly) upset about losing her job
19. Linda likes wearing (colourful/ colourfully) clothes
20. I think you behaved very (selfish/ selfishly)

II. Complete the sentences using adjectives or adverbs

1. Tom is (slow) He works (slow)

3. The dog is (angry) It barks (angry)

4. He acted (excellent) He's an (excellent) actor.

5. They learn English (easy) They think English is an language.

6. Max is a (good) singer. He sings (good)

7. It's (awful) cold today. The cold wind is (awful)

8. Dogs rely on their noses as they can smell (extreme / good) If that is true, why does dog food smell so (terrible)

9. The little boy looked (sad) I went over to comfort him and he looked at me... (sad)

10. I tasted the soup (careful) but it tasted (wonderful)

11. He reads a book (quick)

12. Mandy is a (pretty) ... girl.

13. The class is (terrible) ... loud today.

14. Max is a (well) ... singer.

15. You can (easy) ... open this tin.

16. It's a (terrible) ... day today.

17. She sings the song ... (good)

18. He is a (careful) ... driver.

19. He drives the car (careful) ...

20. The dog barks ... (loud)

III. Fill the blanks with the words below

careful(ly) complete(ly) continuous(ly)

happy(ly) nervous(ly) perfect(ly)

financial(ly) fluent(ly)

quick(ly) special(ly)

1. Our holiday was too short. The time passed very

2. Tom doesn't take risks when he's driving. He's always

3. Sue works She never seems to stop

4. Alice and Stan are very married.

6. I cooked this meal for you, so I hope you like it.
7. Everything was very quiet. There was silence.
8. I tried on the shoes and they fitted me
9. Do you usually feel before examinations?
10. I'd like to buy a car but it is impossible for me at the moment.

IV. Insert the adverbs in the appropriate position.

1. He listens to the radio. (often)
 2. They read a book. (sometimes)
 3. Pete gets angry. (never)
 4. Tom is very friendly. (usually)
 5. I take sugar in my coffee. (sometimes)
 6. Ramon and Frank are hungry. (often)
 7. My grandmother goes for a walk in the evening. (always)
 8. Walter helps his father in the kitchen. (usually)
 9. They watch TV in the afternoon. (never)
- V. Choose the most suitable adverb in bold to fill each blank**

angrily, enough, never, outside, yesterday, down, last week, often, quickly, rarely

1. She left for the university where she is doing a degree course
2. We are standing his house waiting for him
3. He told us not to walk on the grass
4. I am not strong to help him carry that box
5. She will be happy in that job
6., I saw him walking to the church
7. My father is late for work
8. He drove to avoid being late
9. I play badminton with my sister
10. This is the place where he fell

VI. Choose the correct item

1. He (correct, correctly) defined the terms. The answer sounded (correctly, correct).
2. She (quickly, quick) adjusted the fees. She adapted (quick, quickly) to any situation.

- exactly) measurements.
4. The stillness of the tomb was (awfully, awful). The tomb was (awfully, awful) still.
 5. It was a (dangerously, dangerous) lake to swim in. The man was (dangerous, dangerously) drunk. The gas smelled (dangerously, dangerous).
 6. She performed (magnificent, magnificently). It was a (magnificent, magnificently) beautiful performance.
 7. Her voice sounds (beautifully, beautiful). She sang the song (exact, exactly) as it was written. We heard it (perfectly, perfect).
 8. He was a very (sensibly, sensible) person. He acted very (sensible, sensibly).
 9. Mike wrote too (slow, slowly) on the exam. He always writes (slow, slowly).
 10. Talk (softly, soft) or don't talk at all. The music played (softly, soft).
 11. Andrea knows the material very (good, well). She always treats us (good, well).
 12. You must send payments (regular, regularly). We deal on a (strictly, strict) cash basis.
 13. The mechanic's tools were (well, good). The foreman said that his work was (good, well) done.
 14. She worked (careful, carefully) with the sick child. She was a very (careful, carefully) worker.
 15. He did not pass the course as (easy, easily) as he thought he would.
 16. I find this novel very (interesting, interestingly). It was (interesting, interestingly) written.

VII. Are the adverbs in the right position or not? If they are correct, put a tick. If they are not, write the correct answer.

1. He sings always when he's having a shower.
2. I just have bought a new car.
3. Normally, we don't worry if the children are late home from school.
4. He speaks fluently five languages.
5. Jenny has been appointed recently Professor of Nursing.
6. I was totally unprepared for the news.
7. The traffic isn't usually as bad as it was this morning.
8. He had been to London never before.

10. John frequently was away from home in his new job.....
 11. They are at home these days hardly ever.
 12. I could never understand why he got so annoyed.
 13. We had been already given three leaving presents.
 14. Being alone brought her usually a sense of peace.
 15. Jim never phones me. I have always to phone him.

LESSON 8 + 9 : ARTICLES

A. Definition

a/ a - an

b/ the

B. Notes

a/ a-an: what kind of sb/ sth is

eg: She is an intelligent girl

What a lovely dress!

b/ a-an: what sb's job is

c/ the-sky, ground, sea, environment

- Radio, piano

+ adj: the old, the disable

+ Nationality: the French

C. Exercises

I. Put in "the" or "a/an" where necessary. If no word is necessary, leave the space empty (-).

1. A: Where did you have --- lunch?
B: We went to a restaurant.
2. A: Did you have nice holiday?
B: Yes, it was..... best holiday I've ever had.
3. A: Where's nearest shop?
B: There's one at..... end of this street.
4. A: Do you often listen to..... radio?
B: No, in fact I haven't got..... radio.
5. A: Would you like to travel in..... space?
B: Yes, I'd love to go to..... Moon.
6. A: Do you go to..... cinema very often?
B: No, not very often. But I watch a lot of films on..... television.
7. A: It was..... nice day yesterday, wasn't it?
B: Yes, it was beautiful. We went for a walk by..... sea.
8. A: What did you have for..... breakfast this morning?

9. A: Can you tell me where..... room 25 is, please?
B: It's on..... second floor.
10. A: We spent all our money because we stayed at... most expensive hotel in town.
B: Why didn't you stay at..... cheaper hotel?

II. Put in "the" where necessary. If you don't need "the", leave the space empty (-).

1. I haven't been to the cinema for ages.
2. I lay down on ground and looked up at..... sky.
3. Sheila spends most of her free time watching..... television.
4. television was on but nobody was watching it.
5. Have you had..... dinner yet?
6. Mary and I arrived at..... same time.
7. You'll find..... information you need at..... top of..... page 15.
8. Peru is..... country in South America. capital is Lima.

III. Put in "the" or "a/an" where necessary. If the sentence is already correct, put "RIGHT".

1. Sun is star.
→ The sun is a star.
2. Time lives in small village in country.
→
3. Moon goes round earth every 27 days.
→
4. What is highest mountain in world?
→
5. I'm fed up with doing same thing every day.
→
6. It was very hot day. It was hottest day of year.
→ The day was very hot. It was the hottest day of the year.
7. I don't usually have lunch but I always eat good breakfast.
→ I usually have lunch but I always eat a good breakfast.
8. If you live in foreign country, you should try and learn language.
→ If you live in a foreign country, you should try and learn a language.
9. We missed our train because we were waiting on wrong platform. We were on platform 3 instead of platform 8.
→ We missed our train because we were waiting on the wrong platform. We were on platform 3 instead of platform 8.

IV. Complete the sentences using one of the following. Use "the" if necessary.

breakfast	cinema	dinner	gate
gate 21	question 8	sea	

2. I'm going to this evening. Are you? What film are you going to see?
3. There was no wind, so was very calm.
4. Are you going out this evening? Yes, after.....?
5. The examination paper wasn't too difficult but I couldn't answer.....
6. Oh, is open. I must have forgotten to shut it.
7. (airport announcement) Flight BA 123 to Vienna is now boarding at.....

V. Choose the best answer among a, b, c, d

1. I saw..... man in..... armchair at..... window. He was reading..... newspaper.
a. a/ the/ the/ a b. the/ the/ the/ a
c. a/ the/ a/ the d. a/ an/ the/ a
2. Someone who saw..... robbery called the police.
a. a b. the c. an d. -
3. "Is there anybody else in..... waiting-room?" - "Yes, man wants to speak to you"
a. a/ the b. the/ the c. the/ a d. a/ a
4. Where is..... brief-case" I put it on..... table.
a. a/ a b. a/ the c. the/ a d. the/ the
5. Is there..... enquiry office at this airport?
a. a b. an c. the d. -
6. Could you open..... door, please? I see..... girl knocking.
a. the/ a b. a/ the c. the/ the d. a/ a
7. Let's make..... speech at..... reception.
a. the/ the b. the/ a c. a/ the d. a/ a
8. advice you gave me helped..... lot.
a. The/ the b. The/ a c. A/ a d. A/ the
9. I like to be in..... centre of everything.
a. the b. an c. a d. -
10. At..... night I had..... terrible headache after I had drunk..... lot of..... wine in..... evening.
a. -/a/ a/ -/ the b. -/ -/ a/ -/ the
c. the/ a/ a/ -/ the d. -/ a/ -/ -/ the
11. Can you play..... guitar?
a. the b. a c. an d. -
12. Mrs. Patsy is..... last person I'd like to meet.
a. a b. an c. - d. the
13. Tom's planning to take..... boat to go fishing on..... Sunday.
a. -/ the b. a/ the c. a/ - d. the/ the
14. Could you phone later, please? Kate's having..... bath.
a. a b. an c. the d. -
15. The rent is 150\$. month.

16. We often go to theatre and to cinema, but very rarely, to circus.
a. the/ the/ the b. the/ a/ the
c. a/ the/ the d. the/ the/ a
17. When..... father came home, they had..... dinner and then watched..... TV. They went to..... bed at 11 p.m.
a. the/ a/ -/ - b. the/ -/ -/ -
c. a/ the/ -/ - d. the/ -/ -/ the
18. What..... pity they haven't seen this performance!
a. a b. an c. the d. -
19. She can't find..... telegram which she received this morning.
a. a b. an c. the d. -
20. Are you going to..... country for..... weekend?
a. the/ the b. the/ a c. a/ the d. a/ a

VI. Put in "the" or "a/ an" where necessary.

1. I have just had great idea.
2. Columbus was one of first people to cross Atlantic.
3. British drink too much tea.
4. Thames flows into North Sea.
5. Judith earns € 2000 month.
6. Dancing is more interesting activity than reading.
7. As - captain of ship I have - complete authority.
8. people we met on - holiday in north of England came from USA.
9. What's on - TV today?
10. He was doing eighty miles hour on motorway.
11. How many hours do you work on - average?
12. You are first to reach the top.

14. The burglar hit me on back of my neck.
15. - Football is his whole life.
16. I try to go for run four times week.
17. Did you read book I gave you?
18. Sally went to prison to visit her husband.
19. This is only cinema in the area.
20. - People who live in glass houses shouldn't throw - stones.
21. Do you go to - church on Sundays?
22. This is man I told you about.
23. This is exactly job I was looking for.
24. - Trafalgar Square is near - Charing Cross Station.
25. little knowledge is dangerous thing.
26. Philosophers seem to think that life is mystery.
27. I need time to think about offer you made.
28. I can't play piano but I can play guitar.

VII. Complete this news item with *a, an, the* or not article (---)

Tortoise

There's (1).....giant tortoise in (2).....Galapagos Islands nicknamed (3).....Lonesome George who has never found (4).....mate. Recent studies by scientists suggest that (5).....lonely tortoise, now living on (6).....Pinto

(9).....Espalona. (10).....scientists plan to bring (11).....female from Espanola to see if (12).....George will become interested in mating.

Charlie Chaplin

Charlie Chaplin was (1).....English film actor. He was also (2).....director. he did most of his work in (3).....USA. Many people consider him (4).....greatest comic actor of (5).....silent cinema. He appeared in many films as (6).....poor man with (7).....small round hat, (8).....small moustache and (9).....trousers and (10).....shoes that were too big for him, causing him to walk in (11).....funny way.

LESSON 10 + 11: PRESENT TENSE

(Present simple & Present continuous & Present Perfect)

- A. Form
- B. Usage
- C. Exercises

I. Are the underlined verbs right or wrong? Correct the verbs that are wrong.

1. Water boils at 100 degrees Celsius.
→ Right
2. The water boils. Can you turn it off?
→ Wrong: is boiling
3. Look! That man tries to open the door of your car.
→
4. Can you hear those people? What do they talk about?
→
5. The moon goes round the earth.
→
6. I must go now. It gets late.
→
7. I usually go to work by car.
→
8. "Hurry up! It's time to leave". "OK. I come".
→
9. I hear you've got a new job. How do you get on?
→

II. Write the full sentence in present continuous tense

1. He / swim. →
2. Nam / jog. →
3. Thu and Lan / play badminton. →
4. They / play soccer. →
5. The children / play volleyball. →
6. Tan and Ba / play tennis. →
7. She / do aerobics. →
8. Linh / skip rope. →
9. The boy / read a book. →
10. Quang / write a letter. →

III. Put the verbs in the correct form, present continuous or present simple.

1. Let's go out. It isn't raining (not/ rain) now.
2. Julia is very good at languages. She speaks (speak) four languages very well.
3. Hurry up! Everybody..... (wait) for you.
4. "..... (you/ listen) to the radio?" - "No, you can turn it off."
5. (you/ listen) to the radio every day?
No, just occasionally.
6. The river Nile..... (flow) into the Mediterranean.
7. Look at the river. It..... (flow) very fast today - much faster than usual.
8. We usually..... (grow) vegetables in our garden but this year we..... (not/ grow) any.
9. "How is your English?" "Not bad. It..... (improve) slowly."
10. Ron is in London at the moment. He..... (stay) at the Park Hotel. He.....
..... (always/ stay) there when he's in London.
11. Can we stop walking soon? I..... (start) to feel tired.
12. "Can you drive?" I..... (learn). My father (teach) me.
13. Normally I..... (finish) work at 5.00, but this week I..... (work) until 6.00 to earn a bit more money.
14. My parents..... (live) in Bristol. They were born there and have never lived anywhere else. Where..... (your parents/ live)?
15. Sonia..... (look) for a place to live. She (stay) with her sister until she finds somewhere.
16. "What..... your father/ do?" "He's an architect but he..... (not/ work) at the moment."
17. (at a party) Usually I..... (enjoy) parties but I ... (not/ enjoy) this one very much.

19. Jim is very untidy. He.... (always/ leave) his things all over the place.

IV. Finish B's sentences. Use always –ing.

1. A: I'm afraid I've lost my key again.
B: Not again! You've always losing your key.
2. A: The car has broken down again.
B: That car is useless!
3. A: Look! You've made the same mistake again
B: Oh no, not again!
4. A: Oh, I've left the lights on again.
B: Typical!

V. Complete the second sentence so that it follows on from the first. Use the present perfect.

1. My hair is tidy now. I've brushed my hair.
2. The door is open. Someone the door.
3. This is Oliver's drawing. Look: Oliver a picture.
4. The calculator is broken. Someone the calculator.
5. United are the winners. United the game.
6. There's no more wine in the bottle. We all the Wine.
7. The floor is clean now. I the floor.
8. I know my number now. I number by heart.
9. The guests are here now. The guests
10. Fin still working on the computer. I with the computer yet.

VI. Supply the correct form

1. Jack (look) no trouble with my English lesson up to now
2. The weather generally (get) quite hot in July and August.
3. That brown briefcase (belong) to Dr. Rice.
4. Yes, I (remember) that older fellow's name now.
5. Micheal (work) thirty hours a week.
6. I (be) sorry. I (forget) that girl's name already
7. How many times you (see) him since he went to England
8. Fred's brother just (graduate) from Oxford University

10. Up to the present, we (write)almost every lesson in the book.
 11. Please be quiet I (work)
 12. I (not see)him since last Monday
 13. Some animals (not eat)during winter
 14. How long you (wait) for me? Just a few minutes
 15. People (speak)English in most Canada
 16. I always (buy) tickets but I never (win) anything
 17. I (work) for him for ten years and he never once (say) "Good morning" to me
 18. I (lose) my keys. (Can)you help me look for it?
 19. How long Bob and Mary (be) married?
 20. You (receive)any letter from your parents yet?
- VII. Choose the best answer among a, b, c, d.**
1. Be quiet, please. We at the translation and you..... a lot of noise.
a. are working/ are making b. work/ are making
c. are working/ make d. work/ make
 2. He always for a walk in the evening.
a. go b. is going c. goes d. going
 3. "Where is Jack?" - "He His girlfriend at the station. She at 12 o'clock."
a. meets/ is coming b. is meeting/ comes
c. meets/ comes d. is meeting/ is coming
 4. She Is something wrong?
a. cries b. is crying c. cry d. crying
 5. In the morning I little time, so I a shower in the evening.
a. have/ take b. am having/ am talking
c. have/ am taking d. am having/ take
 6. A decade a period of ten years.
a. describes b. is describing c. describe d. describing
 7. Her brother in Canada at present.
a. working b. works c. is working d. work
 8. She always but nothing to realize her dreams.
a. dreams/ does b. is dreaming/ does
c. dreams/ is doing d. is dreaming/ is doing
 9. He so suspicious to me at the moment. I wonder why.
a. be b. will be c. was d. is being
 10. Hurry up, Janel! We all for you.
a. wait b. are waiting c. waiting d. are waited

- a. boil b. boils c. is boiling d. boiled
12. The children are still ill but they better gradually.
a. get b. getting c. are get d. are getting
13. Don't bother her. She her French lesson, she always it in the morning.
a. takes/ is taking b. is taking/ takes c. takes/ takes d. is taking/ is taking
14. The living standards Every month things more expensive.
a. are changing/ are getting b. are changing/ get
c. change/ are getting d. change/ get
15. Tom and Mary for the Netherlands tomorrow.
a. leave b. are leaving c. leaving d. are left
16. I have just started English courses. I English grammar
a. study b. studying c. am studying d. studied
17. Mercury at 357.23 degrees Centigrade.
a. boils b. is boiling c. boiling d. boiled
18. "We must buy new plates". - "It's useless. You always plates."
a. break b. are breaking c. breaking d. broke
19. It me that they can't sell their flat.
a. surprises b. is surprising c. surprising d. surprised
20. A woman who after other people's children is nanny.
a. looks b. is looking c. looking d. looked

LESSON 12 + 13 : PAST TENSE

(Past simple + Past continuous + Past perfect)

I. What were you doing at the following times? Write one sentence as in the examples. The past continuous is not always necessary.

1. (at 8 o'clock yesterday evening) I was having dinner with some friends.
2. (at 5 o'clock last Saturday) I was on a train on my way to London.
3. (at 10.15 yesterday morning)
4. (at 4.30 this morning)
5. (at 7.45 yesterday evening)
6. (half an hour ago)

II. Use your own ideas to complete these sentences. Use the past continuous.

1. Tom burned his hand while he was cooking the dinner.
2. The doorbell rang while I
3. We saw an accident while we
4. Mary fell asleep while she

III. Put the verbs into the correct form, past continuous or past simple

1. I saw (see) Sue in town yesterday, but she..... (not/ see) me. She..... (look) the other way.
2. I..... (meet) Tom and Ann at the airport a few weeks ago. They..... (go) to Berlin and I..... (go) to Madrid. We (have) a chat while we (wait) for our flights.
3. I..... (cycle) home yesterday when suddenly a man..... (step) out into the road in front of me. I..... (go) quite fast but luckily I..... (manage) to stop in time and... .. (not/ hit) him.

IV. Put the verbs into the correct form, past continuous or past simple

1. Jane was waiting (wait) for me when I arrived (arrive).
2. What..... (you/ do) this time yesterday? I was asleep.
- 3..... (you/ go) out last night? No, I was too tired.
4. Was Carol at the party last night? Yes, she ... (wear) a really nice dress.
5. How fast..... (you/ drive) when the accident (happen)?
6. John..... (take) a photograph of me while I..... (not/ look)
7. We were in a very difficult position. We..... (not/ know) what to do.

V. Choose the correct form of the verbs.

A young man walked into a supermarket in Southampton and (1) put/ had put a few items of food in a basket. He (2) chosen/ had chosen a time when not many people (3) shopped/ were shopping in the store. He (4) found/ had found a checkout where no one else (5) had waited/ was waiting. When the cashier (6) checked/ had checked the goods, the man (7) gave/ was giving her a £10 note. When she (8) was opening/ opened the till, the man quickly (9) snatched/ had snatched all the money from it and (10) ran/ had run, out of the store. before she (11) had realized/ realized what (12) was happening/ happened. At the time the security guard (13) stood/ was standing at the Other end of the store. When staff (14) checked/ had checked the records in the till, they (15) had found/ found that the thief (16) took / had taken only £4.37. As he (17) left/ had left the £10 note behind, the operation (18) cost/ had cost him £5.63.

VI. Put the verbs in the past perfect or past simple.

1. I went to the box office at lunch time, but they..... (already/ sell) all the tickets.
2. I felt very tired when I got home, so I (go) straight to bed.
3. I felt better by the summer, but the doctor warned me not to do too much. I (be) very ill.
4. At last the committee were ready to announce their decision. They..... (make) up their mind.
5. 'Was Tom at the party when you arrived?' 'No, he (go) home.

7. I (take) the book back to the library when I (read) it.
8. The house was very quiet when I..... (get) home. Everybody..... (go) out for dinner.
9. After she (fill) the basket..... (go) to the check out.
10. Yesterday morning I..... (remember) the answer t the question. Bob..... (ask) me the night before, so I (phone) him.
11. Last night, I..... (go) to Jim's room and (knock) on the door but there (be) no answer. Either he (go) out or he (not want) to see anyone.
12. Angel asked me how to use the photocopier. She (never/ use) it before, so she..... (not/ know)
14. Karen (not want) to come to the cinema with us because she..... (already/ see) the film. When the students..... (do) the experiment, they what to do.
13. Two days ago I..... (meet) an old friend who I (not see) for years (write) a report on it.

VI. Indicate one mistake in each of the following sentences

1. While I had a bath, someone knocked on the door.
A B C D
2. We're you eating spaghetti everyday when you lived in Paris?
A B C D
3. Although it rained a lot, I was enjoying my holiday last year.
A B C D
4. When I came in, my father was talking to anyone so I went out.
A B C D

LESSON 14 : FUTURE TENSE

(Simple future & Near future)

I. Complete the sentences with will + one of these verbs: be (2), get, like, play, meet, pass, travel, win, come

1. Keep calm! I think Manchester the game.
2. Don't worry about your exam. I'm sure you
3. Why don't you try on this dress? It nice on
4. You must meet George sometime. I think you ...
5. It's raining. Don't go out. You .. wet.
6. They've invited me to their house. They offended if I do
7. Good bye. I expect we again before long.
8. I've invited Sue to the party but I don't think she
9. It now seems unlikely that Webb in the match against

II. Complete the conversations. Put in will or be going to with the verbs.

1. A: Are you two going out?
B: Yes, why?
A: It just said on the radio that (it/ snow).
B: Oh, did it? (I/ take) my big coat then.
D: Good idea. So I).
2. A: We've run out of biscuits.
B: Yeah, I know. ... (I/ get) some this afternoon. I've got them on my list.
3. A: Jenny's had her baby.
B: Really? That's wonderful! ..I'll..... (I/ send) her some flowers. (I/ visit) her this afternoon. (I/ give) them to her for you if you want.
4. A: *Casablanca* is on at the Arts Cinema this week.
A: Yes..... (I/ see) it with Roger.
A: Oh
5. A: I haven't got a clean shirt..... (you/ wash) one for me?
B: No, (I/ not). You can do Your own washing.
6. A: I haven't got enough money to get home.
B: OK. (I/ lend) you some if you like. How much do you want?
7. A: Two pounds is enough. Thanks a lot. (I/ give) it back tomorrow
B: A: What..... (you/ buy) Jill for her birthday?
B: A CD.
A: She hasn't got a CD player.
B: Oh.... (I/ buy) her a record, then.
8. A: Hello. Where are you going?
B: To my evening class. I'm learning Swedish. And next week (I/ have) a chance to speak it for real. (I/ go) to Sweden for three weeks.

III. Choose the correct answer.

1. 'Excuse me, waiter! This isn't what I ordered. I ordered a chicken 'Sorry, sir. I this back and get your salad.'
A. am taking B. will take C. am going to take D. take
2. 'Robert famous someday. He has appeared in three movies ready.' 'I'm sure he a star.'
A. will be/ will be. B. will be/ is going to be
C. is/ will be D. is going to be/ will be
3. The Taylors on a cruise around the Mediterranean to celebrate 50th wedding anniversary.
A. are going to go B. will go C. are going D. go
4. If coastal erosion continues to take place at the present rate, in another years this beach anymore.
A. doesn't exist B. isn't going to exist
C. isn't existing D. won't be exist

- A. Will affect B. is affecting C. is going to affect D. is to affect.
6. iCould someone help me lift the lawnmower into the pickup truck-. 'I'm not busy. I you.'
A. help B. will help C. am going to help D. am
7. 'Can I borrow your car?' 'Sure. You can borrow the car provided that you it back be o'clock.'
A. bring B. is bringing C. will bring D. is to
8. anything tomorrow evening?' 'No, I'm free. Why?'
A. Will you do B. Are you doing C. Do you do D. Won't you do
9. 'Would you like tea or coffee?' 'Oh, I coffee, please.'
A. am going to have B. have C. will have D. am having
10. " you have a piece of cake?" 'Thank you.'
A. Do B. Would C. Can D. Will
11. 'Well, I'd better hurry. My lesson at half past seven, and it's twenty five past now.' 'OK. Let's go.'
A. starts B. will start C. is starting D. is going to start
12. 'Why did you buy so many tomatoes?' 'I a lot of spaghetti sauce.'
A. will make B. am going to make C. make D. am making
13. Although it is a problem only in Britain at the moment, I think it... the rest of the Europe soon;
A. affects B. will affect C. is going to affect D. is to affect
14. The firework display, part of the city's centenary celebrations, place on the 21st August in Cannon Park.
A. will take B. is taking C. takes D. is going to take
15. 'Wow! This suitcase is heavy.' 'I it for you. Give it to me.'
A. will carry B. am carrying C. am going to carry D. carry

LESSON 15: PASSIVE VOICE

I. Rewrite these sentences beginning with the words provided.

1. The manager always welcomes new employees.
New employees
2. Janet's colleagues gave her a present when she retired.
Janet
3. Thomas Edison invented the phonograph in 1877.
The phonograph
4. Stephen Court has just invented an armchair
An armchair
5. Where will your company send you next year?

6. During the recession, the firm was making people redundant
During the recession people
7. Had a special messenger delivered the package before you.
Had the package
8. The students usually hold the concerts at the university.
The concerts
9. The scientists are studying the problem carefully.
The problem
10. The police found two children in the forest.
Two children

II. Choose the correct form of the verbs.

The world's oceans are so vast that they (1) can cope/ can be coped with the present levels of population. However, little (2) is knowing/ is known about the long-term effects of such slow poisoning. The most serious problem modern times is that man (3) is destroying/ is being destroyed the earth's natural resources and transforming huge areas into wasteland. As a result, (4) is becoming/ is become extremely difficult to grow enough to feed the world's rapidly increasing population. A way of protecting all the wildlife the earth must also (5) being found/ be found as many species (6) have been/ are in 'danger of disappearing completely from the face of the earth. The dangers, ever (7) do not confine/ are not confined solely to the land and sea. The smoke in the atmosphere, for example, (8) is increasing/ has been increased so much that the amount of sunlight (9) has reduced/ has been reduced in many cities. Man's whole environment (10) is changing/ is being changed in a serious way.

III. Choose the best answer among a, b, c, d.

- I. He broke my watch.
 - a. My watch was broken.
 - b. My watch be broken.
 - c. My watch is broken.
 - d. My watch was broken.
2. The teacher explained the rule to the students.
 - a. The rule was explained to the students.
 - b. The students were explained the rules.
 - c. The students were explained to the rules.
 - d. a and b are correct.
3. He often asks me to help them.
 - a. He is often asked to help them.
 - b. They are often asked to help me.
 - c. I am often asked to help them.
 - d. I am often asked him to help them.

- a. Written exercises are usually do in class.
- b. Written exercises are usually done in class.
- c. Written exercises are usually being done in class.
- d. Written exercises were usually done in class.
5. She will make a new discovery soon.
 - a. A new discovery will made soon.
 - b. A new discovery will be made soon.
 - c. A new discovery will be making soon.
 - d. A new discovery will be being made soon.
6. Steve will make a report at the conference.
 - a. A report will make at the conference by Steve.
 - b. A report will be make at the conference by Steve.
 - c. A report will be made at the conference by Steve.
 - d. A report won't be made at the conference by Steve.
7. They play tennis all year round.
 - a. Tennis is played all year round.
 - b. Tennis played all year round.
 - c. Tennis was played all year round.
 - d. Tennis plays all year round.
8. His friends never forgave his betrayal.
 - a. His betrayal were never forgiven by his friends.
 - b. His betrayal was never forgiven by his friends.
 - c. His betrayal was never forgave by his friends.
 - d. His betrayal never forgave by his friends.
9. The manager offers me several jobs.
 - a. I was offered several jobs.
 - b. I am offered several jobs.
 - c. Several jobs are offered to me.
 - d. b and c are correct.
10. They will promise you much, but don't imagine they will give you everything.
 - a. Much will be promised, but don't imagine you will be given everything.
 - b. Much will be promised, but don't imagine everything will be given to you.
 - c. Much will be promised, but don't imagine everything will be give you.
 - d. a and b are correct.
11. His parents regularly sent him parcels with fruit from their garden.
 - a. Parcels with fruit from his parents' garden was regularly sent to him.
 - b. Parcels with fruit from his parents' garden were regularly sent to him.
 - c. He was regularly sent parcels with fruit from his parents' garden.
 - d. b and c are correct.
12. They will give me a leave in July if there is no urgent work.
 - a. A leave in July will be given to me if there is no urgent work.
 - b. I'll be given a leave in July if there is no urgent work.
 - c. A leave in July will give to me if there is no urgent work.
 - d. a and b are correct.
13. The Spanish government offered Columbus three ships.

- b. Columbus was offered three ships by the Spanish government.
c. Columbus offered three ships by the Spanish government.
d. a and b are correct.
14. They usually send their children to camp for summer.
a. Their children are usually sent to camp for summer.
b. Their children usually sent to camp for summer.
c. Their children are usually sent to be camped for summer.
d. Their children is usually sent to camp for summer.
15. The officer charged him with a very important mission.
a. A very important mission was charged him with.
b. He was charged with a very important mission.
c. A very important mission was charged him.
d. a and b are correct.
16. I'm sure we'll settle the matter easily.
a. I'm sure the matter will settle easily.
b. I'm sure the matter will be settled easily.
c. I'm sure the matter will settled easily.
d. I'm sure the matter won't be settle easily.
17. The policeman fined the driver for exceeding the speed limit.
a. The driver is fined for exceeding the speed limit by the policeman.
b. The driver was fine for exceeding the speed limit by the policeman.
c. The driver was fined for exceeding the speed limit by the policeman.
d. The driver had fined for exceeding the speed limit by the policeman.
18. Somebody calls her every day.
a. She is called every day.
b. She called every day.
c. She was called every day.
d. She has called every day.
19. We request the passengers leaving for London to register.
a. The passengers leaving for London requested to register.
b. The passengers leaving for London are requested to register.
c. The passengers leaving for London are requested registering.
d. The passengers are leaving for London are requested to register.
20. The manager will sign contracts tomorrow.
a. Contracts will be signed by the manager tomorrow.
b. Contracts will sign by the manager tomorrow.
c. Contracts will be signing by the manager tomorrow.
d. The manager will be signed contracts tomorrow.

FINAL TEST

I--Choose the best answer:

1. Every year thousands of people _____ in their homes.
A. kill B. is killed C. will be killed D. are killed
2. Coming into the room, he saw Mary where he _____ her.
A. leaves B. left C. was leaving D. had left

- A. loosed B. lost C. lose D. losed
4. While I was walking to school, I _____ an accident.
A. was seeing B. see C. seen D. saw
5. David ... the TV set at the moment.
A. was repairing B. has repaired C. is repairing D. has been repairing
6. He _____ his homework for 2 hours
A. have did B. has do C. has done D. did
7. He _____ for London two years ago and I _____ him since.
A. leaved/ haven't seen B. left/ didn't see C. leave/ haven't seen D. left/ haven't seen
8. When the teacher came in, we stopped _____.
A. to talk B. at talking C. talking D. talk
9. How long ago _____?
A. has this house built B. was this house built C. this house built D. this house was built
10. I want you _____ me alone
A. leave B. leaving C. left D. to leave
11. People in New Zealand speak _____.
A. French B. Spanish C. England D. English
12. He is trying to give up _____.
A. smoking B. smoke C. smokes D. smoked
13. We are tired of _____ for the weather to clear.
A. wait B. waiting C. to wait D. to waiting
14. My father is fond of _____.
A. finishing B. fished C. fishes D. to fish
15. My brother hates _____ early.
A. to get up B. getting C. to get D. getting up
16. She'd love _____ to the party with me.
A. going B. to going C. goes D. to go
17. It is likely that life _____ better in the future.
A. to be B. is C. will be D. must
18. I'd rather _____ to the cinema tonight.
A. don't go B. not to go C. not going D. not go
19. Are you ready _____ the exam?
A. for B. on C. to D. with
20. Elephants in this zoo _____ twice a day.
A. are feed B. are feeding C. are fed D. is fed
21. That church _____ by a fire in 1950.
A. destroyed B. was destroyed C. was destroying D. has been destroyed
22. He _____ since we left school.
A. wasn't seen B. didn't see C. hasn't been seen D. haven't been seen
23. A new school _____ in the city at present.
A. is built B. is building C. is being built D. be built

- A. I bought last month B. that I bought last month
C. which I bought it last month D. which I bought last month
25. My father bought a motorbike _____ costs two thousand dollars.
A. which B. of which C. who D. whose
26. Ann _____ children learn very well, is our math teacher.
A. who B. whose C. which D. that
27. This is the shop _____ I often buy my books.
A. which B. that C. where D. when
28. Dat, _____ every visitor would like to spend their holiday, is a famous resort.
A. where B. which C. that D. whose
29. The story is very _____.
A. interest B. interesting C. interested D. interests
30. Children will need _____ education
A. well B. better C. kind D. quickly
31. He used to drive _____ than he does now.
A. careful B. more careful C. more carefully D. carefully
32. Isaac Newton, _____ theory of gravitation is well-known throughout the world, is a great English scientist.
A. who B. which C. that D. whose
33. A man whose _____ is in physics is a physicist.
A. interest B. interesting C. interested D. fame
34. A man will be different _____ he is today.
A. to B. in C. from D. as
35. English is by far the most widely _____.
A. using B. used C. to use D. use
36. James Watt, whose _____ of the steam engine made him famous, was a Scottish scientist.
A. invent B. inventor C. invention D. inventing
37. Ann speaks good English but Nam speaks it _____.
A. well B. good C. better D. worse
38. Mary opened her book _____.
A. care B. careful C. carefully D. careless
39. Would you like to go _____ with us this afternoon?
A. to swim B. swimming C. a swim D. to swimming
40. I always wanted to be a great _____.
A. science B. scientific C. scientist D. invention

II- Read the following passage and choose A, B, C, or D to fill in the gaps:

Alice is 18 years old and she comes (41)..... England. She is now in Hanoi and (42) Vietnamese. She came to Hanoi (43) July so she (44)there for six months. Alice (45)she likes Hanoi very much. She likes (46)shopping and cycling around the town. (47) month she will go to Ho Chi Minh city (48) a friend of (49) Alice hopes she (50) many letters from England.

41. A. from B. in C. to D. back
42. A. studies B. studying C. will be studying D. is studying
43. A. on B. at C. in D. for
44. A. is B. has been C. will D. was
45. A. says B. tells C. speaks D. shouts
46. A. to go B. going C. go D. went

48. A. meet B. meeting C. to meet D. will meet
49. A. she B. hers C. her D. me
50. A. receive B. would receive C. is received D. will receive

III. Choose the correct sentence which has the same meaning as the given one.

51. Mary phoned me because she wanted to invite me to her party.
A. She invited me to her party.
B. She invites me to her party.
C. She phoned me to invite me to her party.
D. She phoned me to her party.
52. The taxi driver was friendly. He took me to the airport.
A. The taxi driver was friendly who took me to the airport.
B. The taxi driver was friendly whom he took me to the airport.
C. The taxi driver who was friendly had taken me to the airport.
D. The taxi driver who took me to the airport was friendly.
53. John isn't intelligent. He can't solve that math test.
A. If John is intelligent, he can solve that math test.
B. If John isn't intelligent, he can solve that math test.
C. If John were intelligent, he could solve that math test.
D. If John wasn't intelligent, he could solve that math test.
54. The football match didn't start until the lights went on.
A. It is not until the lights go on that the football match starts.
B. It was not until the lights went on that the football match had started.
C. It was not until the lights went on that the football match started.
D. It was until the lights went on that the football match started.
55. I didn't have an umbrella with me, so I got wet.
A. If I had had an umbrella, I wouldn't get wet.
B. If I had had an umbrella, I wouldn't have got wet.
C. If I had an umbrella, I wouldn't get wet.
D. If I have an umbrella, I won't get wet.

Choose the underlined part among A, B, C or D that needs correcting.

56. He wouldn't have begun to learn Russian if he knows the difficulties.
A B C D
57. Although the heavy rain, they continued their work.
A B C D
58. Nguyen Du, that wrote Kieu Story, was one of the greatest Vietnamese poets
A B C D
59. It was not until 1915 that the cinema really become an industry.
A B C D
60. "Why are you saving money for?" - "To buy a computer."
A B C D